

1220

LXXII.
A.
20.

The Music of

PIZARRO,

A PLAY,

As now Performing at the

THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE,

— with unbounded Applause, —

The Music Composed & Selected

By

MICHAEL KELLY.

Sent at Stationers Hall

Pr. 6^s

Published for M^r. Kelly, No 9,

New Bridge Street, & to be had at

all the Music Shops.

1798

20000525401
rema 15412
D1401/1

GRAND MARCH.

1

in the Temple of the Sun.

Kelly.

Allegro
con
Spirito

The musical score is written for piano and violin in 2/4 time. It consists of seven systems of two staves each. The tempo is marked 'Allegro con Spirito'. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and chords. There are repeat signs and first/second endings indicated at the end of the piece. The first ending is marked '1st' and the second ending is marked '2d'.

A handwritten musical score on six systems of grand staves (treble and bass clefs). The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system includes a treble staff with complex chordal and melodic patterns and a bass staff with a more rhythmic line. The second system continues this texture. The third system features a treble staff with a prominent melodic line and a bass staff with a steady accompaniment. The fourth system shows a treble staff with a series of chords and a bass staff with a rhythmic pattern. The fifth system has a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a rhythmic pattern. The sixth system concludes the piece with a treble staff ending in a double bar line and a bass staff with a final melodic line.

The musical score is written on six systems of grand staves. Each system consists of a treble staff and a bass staff. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system includes a treble staff with complex chordal and melodic patterns and a bass staff with a more rhythmic line. The second system continues this texture. The third system features a treble staff with a prominent melodic line and a bass staff with a steady accompaniment. The fourth system shows a treble staff with a series of chords and a bass staff with a rhythmic pattern. The fifth system has a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a rhythmic pattern. The sixth system concludes the piece with a treble staff ending in a double bar line and a bass staff with a final melodic line.

MARCH

Of Priests and Priestesses in the Temple of the Sun.

Gluck.

Maestoso

The musical score is written for a piano or orchestra, featuring a march tempo marked 'Maestoso'. It is in G major (one sharp) and common time (C). The score consists of six systems of two staves each. The first system is bracketed together. The music features a variety of note values including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests and dynamic markings like 'f' (forte). The score ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

4 SOLO & SEMI CHORUS. Sung by Mr Sedgwick, Kelly, Dignum)
 Mrs Crouch, Miss Decamp, Stephens, Dufour & Leak. } Kelly

Piano
Forte

Largo

Mr Sedgwick Solo

Oh pow'r Su -

preme In mer - cy smile with fa - vor on thy

Servants toil our hearts from guile - ful pas - sions

free which here we ren - der un - to thee

Oh pow'r Su - preme in mer - cy smile with fa - vor on thy Servants toil our

Oh pow'r Su - preme in mer - cy smile with fa - vor on thy Servants toil our

Oh pow'r Su - preme in mercy smile with fa - vor on thy Servants toil our

hearts from guileful pas - sions free which here we render un - to thee

hearts from guileful pas - sions free which here we render un - to thee

hearts from guileful pas - sions free which here we render un - to thee

which here we render un - to thee

which here we render un - to thee

which here we render un - to thee

Trombone

Timp

CHORUS OF PRIESTS AND PRIESTESSES
in the Temple of the Sun.

Sacchini

Piano
Forte

Largo

Thou Pa-rent Light! but deign to hear but deign to

Thou Pa-rent Light! but deign to hear but deign to

Thou Pa-rent Light! but deign to hear but deign to

hear the voi-ces of our fee-ble Choir and this our

hear the voi-ces of our fee-ble Choir and this our

hear the voi-ces of our fee-ble Choir and this our

facrifice our facrifice of fear confume with thine own hal-low'd

facrifice our facrifice of fear confume with thine own hal-low'd

facrifice our facrifice of fear confume with thine own hal-low'd

fire and this our sacrifice our sacrifice of fear consume with

fire and this our sacrifice our sacrifice of fear consume with

fire and this our sacrifice our sacrifice of fear consume with

thine own hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd

thine own hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd

thine own hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd fire thine hal-low'd

fire.

fire.

fire.

Chorus

Allegro
Maestoso

Piano
Forte

Give praise give praise give praise give

Give praise give praise give praise give

Give praise give praise give praise give

praise give praise The God has heard Give praise give praise give praise give praise The

praise give praise The God has heard Give praise give praise give praise give praise The

praise give praise The God has heard Give praise give praise give praise give praise The

God has heard Our God most Aw - - - ful . .

God has heard Our God most Aw - - - ful . .

God has heard Our God most Aw - - - ful . .

ly re-ver'd The Al-tar his own flames en-

ly re-ver'd The Al-tar his own flames en-

ly re-ver'd The Al-tar his own flames en-

f wreath'd Then be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd then

wreath'd Then be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd then

wreath'd Then be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd then

be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd and *p*

be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd and

be the con-quer-ing Sword un-fleath'd and

vic - - to - - ry fit on Rol - - - la's Brow our

vic - - to - - ry fit on Rol - - - la's Brow our

vic - - to - - ry fit on Rol - - - la's Brow our

Foes to crush to o - - - ver - - throw Give *f*

Foes to crush to o - - - ver - - throw Give

Foes to crush to o - - - ver - - throw Give

praise give praise The God has heard Give

praise give praise The God has heard Give

praise give praise The God has heard Give

praise give praise the God has heard our

praise give praise the God has heard our

praise give praise the God has heard our

God has heard our God has heard

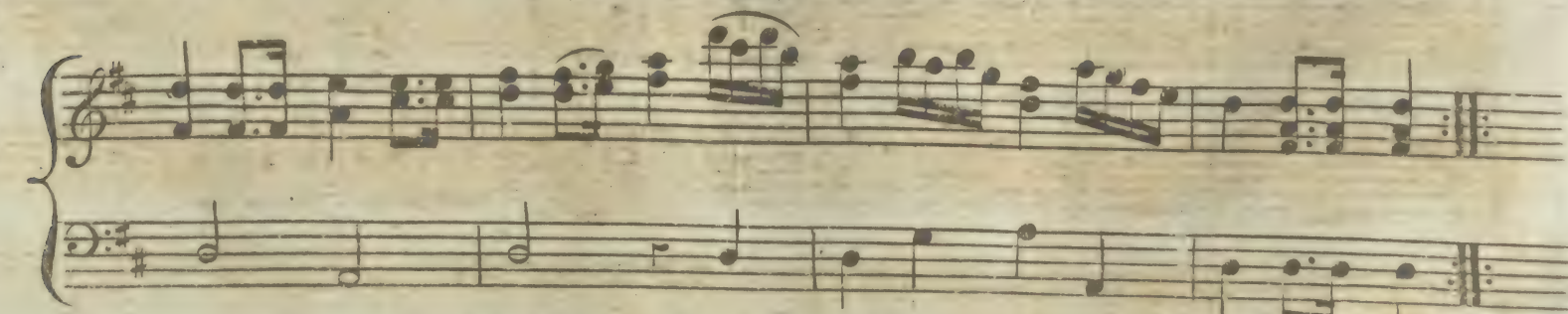
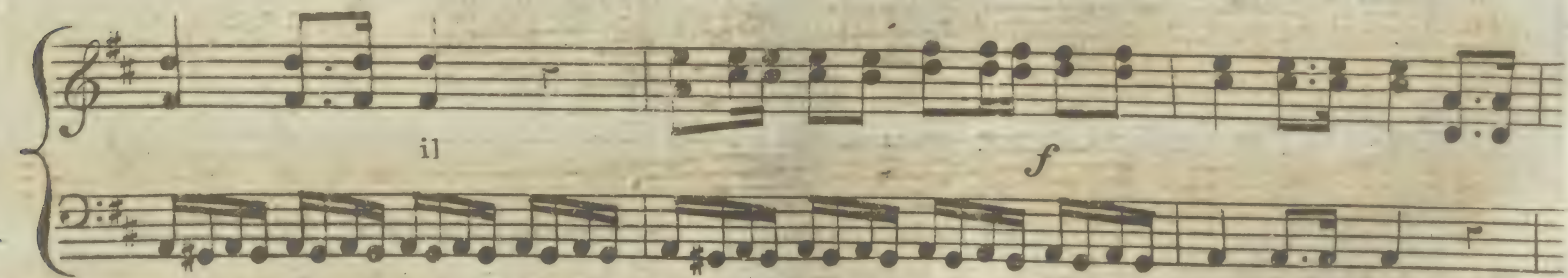
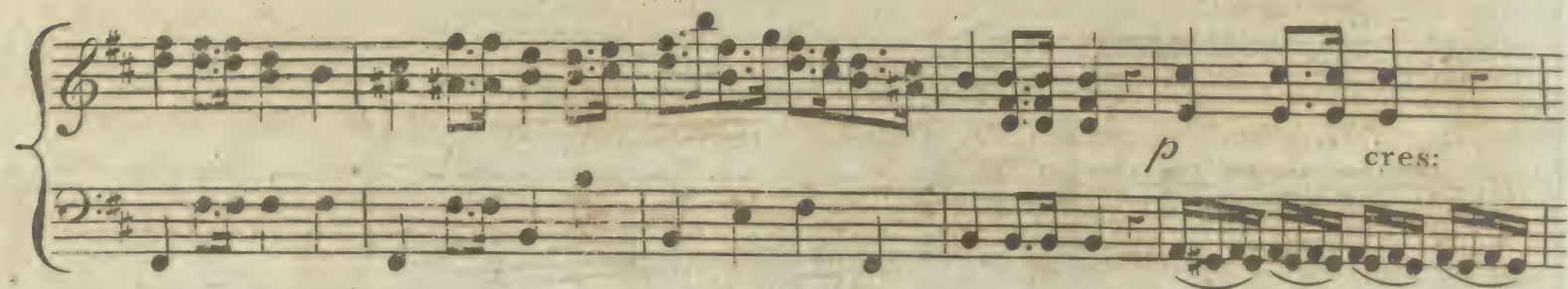
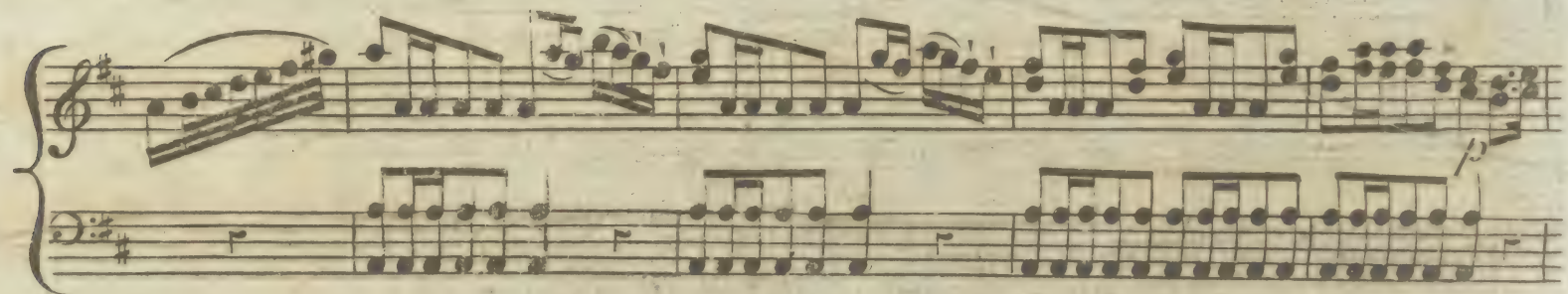
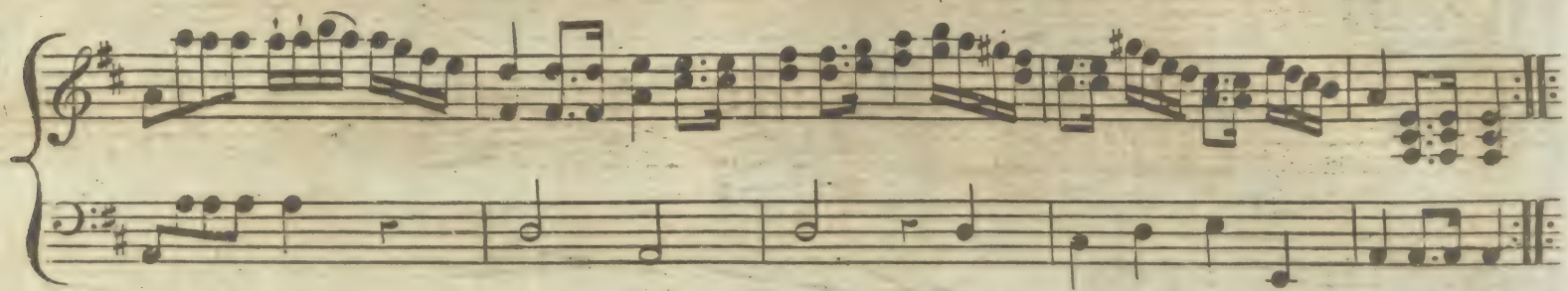
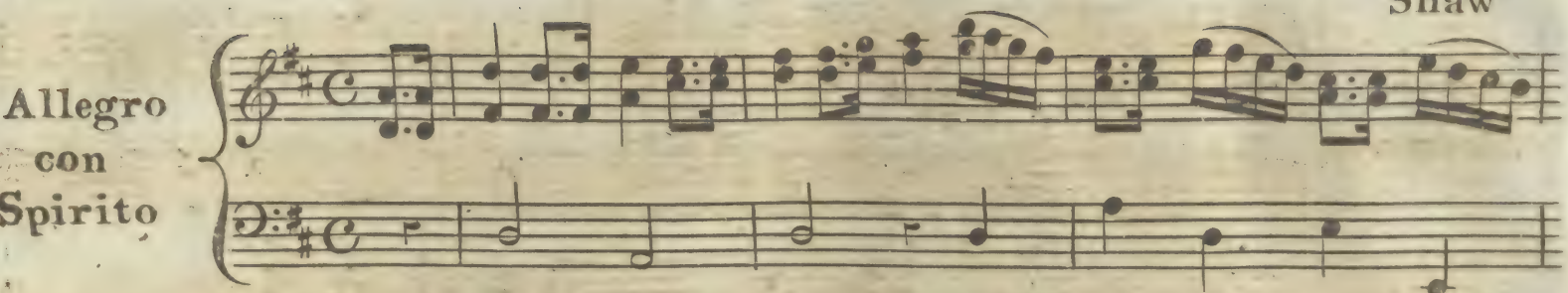
God has heard our God has heard

God has heard our God has heard

MARCH

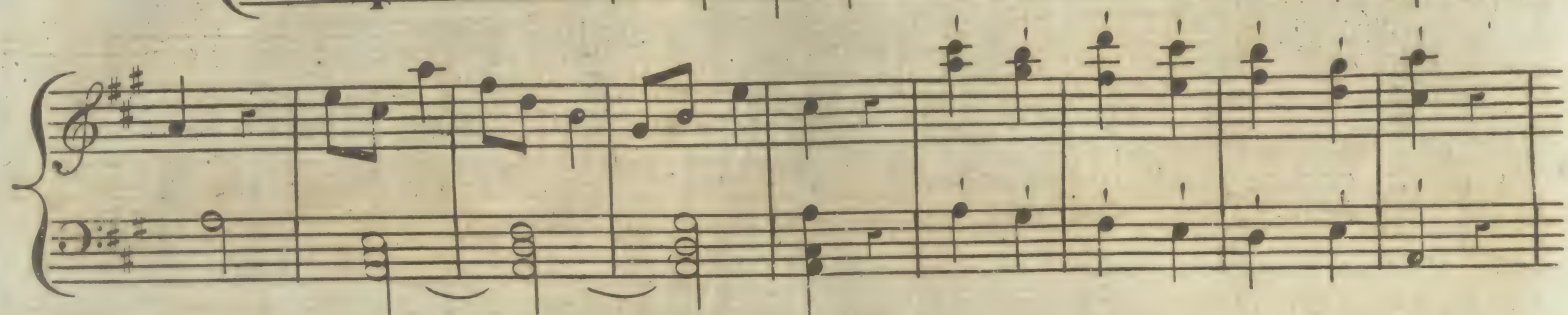
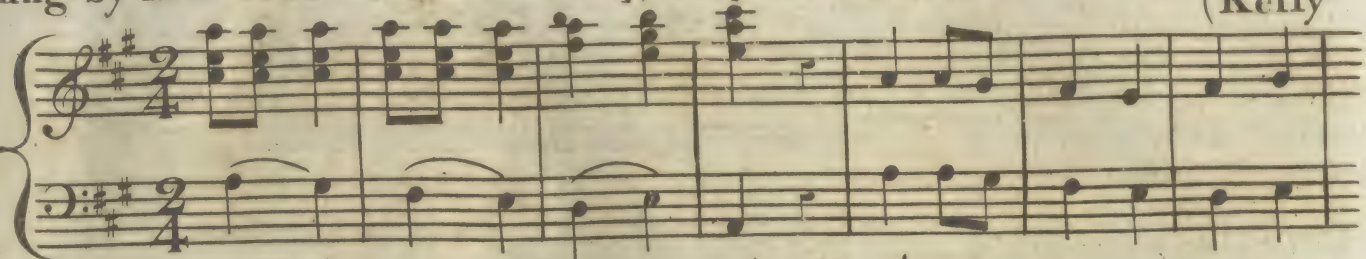
Shaw

Allegro
con
Spirito



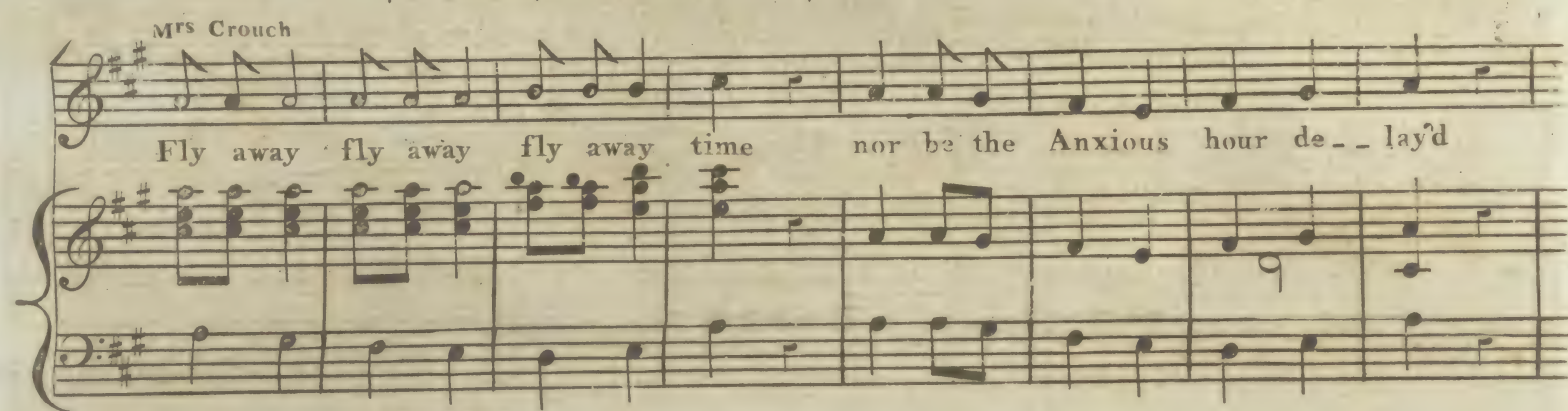
GLEE FLY AWAY TIME Price 1^s 6^d 13
Sung by Mrs Crouch, Miss Decamp, Stephens, Dufour, & Leak. (Kelly

Andante
con moto



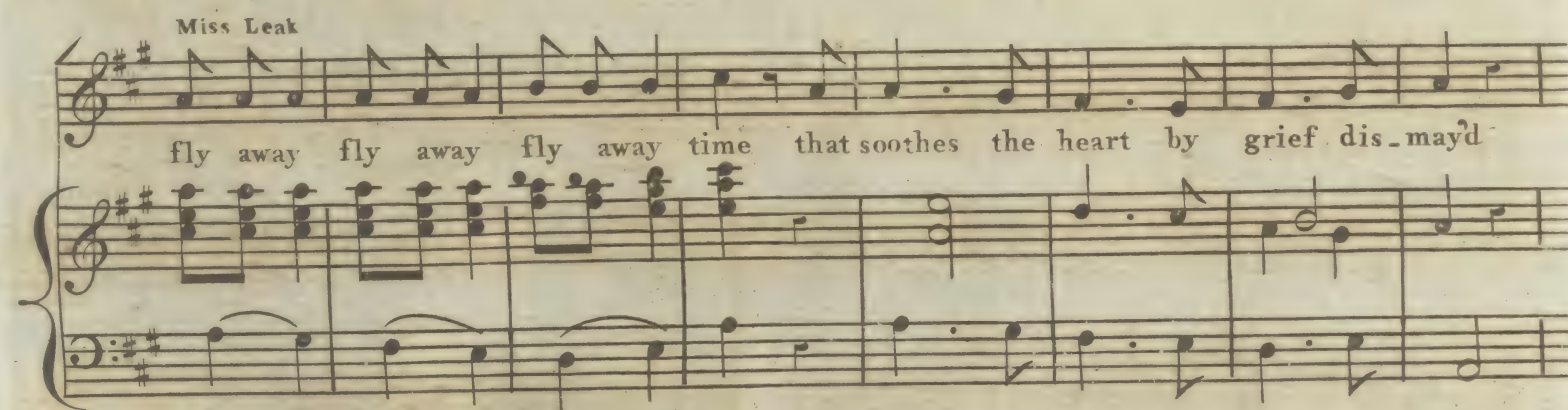
Mrs Crouch

Fly away fly away fly away time nor be the Anxious hour de--lay'd



Miss Leak

fly away fly away fly away time that soothes the heart by grief dis-may'd

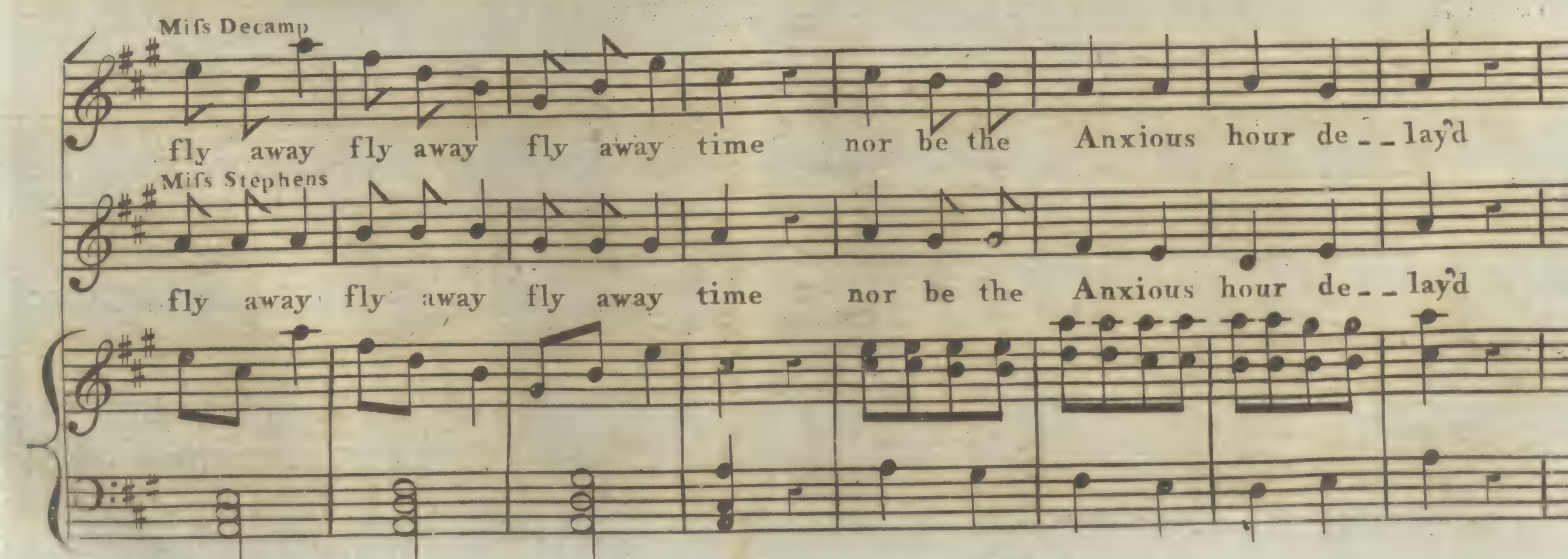


Miss Decamp

fly away fly away fly away time nor be the Anxious hour de--lay'd

Miss Stephens

fly away fly away fly away time nor be the Anxious hour de--lay'd



fly away fly away fly away time that soothes the heart by

grief dis-may'd should grieve - - - ley Death

grief dis-may'd Oh - - -

Ap-pear in view we can dare it

with friends we love, So brave fo

with friends we love, So brave fo

Oh ————— So brave fo

true, we will share it; fly away, fly away, fly away time:

true, we will share it; fly away, fly away, fly away time:

true, fly away, fly away, fly away time:

Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away, fly away, fly away

Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away, fly away, fly away

Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away, fly away, fly away

time. That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd: fly away, fly away,

time. That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd: fly away, fly away,

time. That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd: fly away, fly away,

fly away time, Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away

fly away time, Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away

fly away time, Nor be the anxious hour delay'd: fly away

fly away, fly away time: That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd.

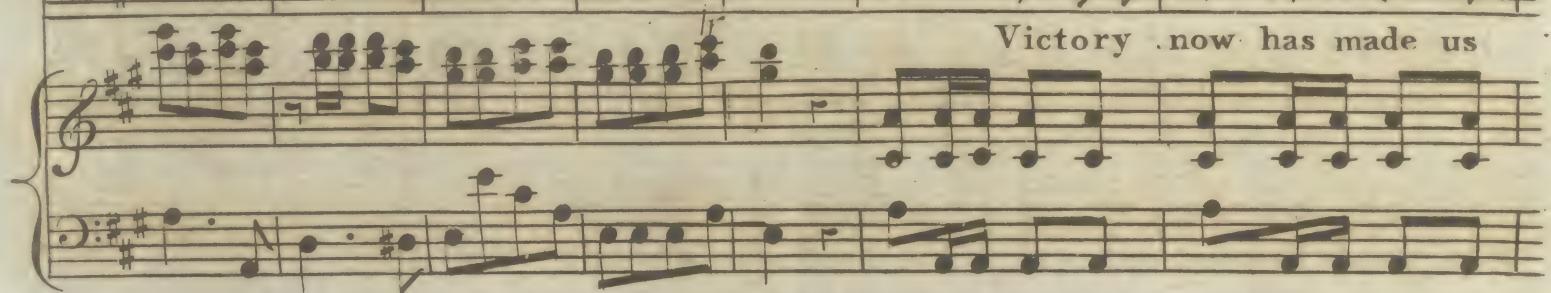
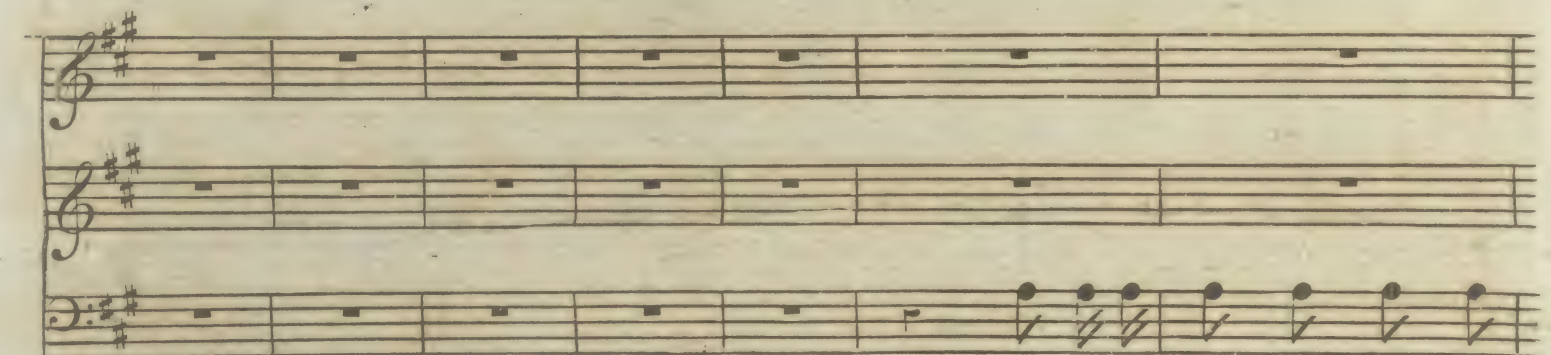
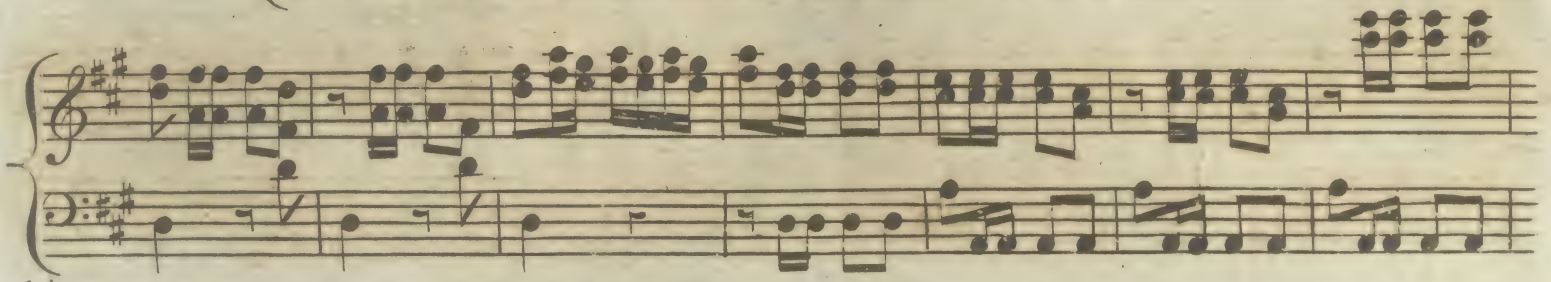
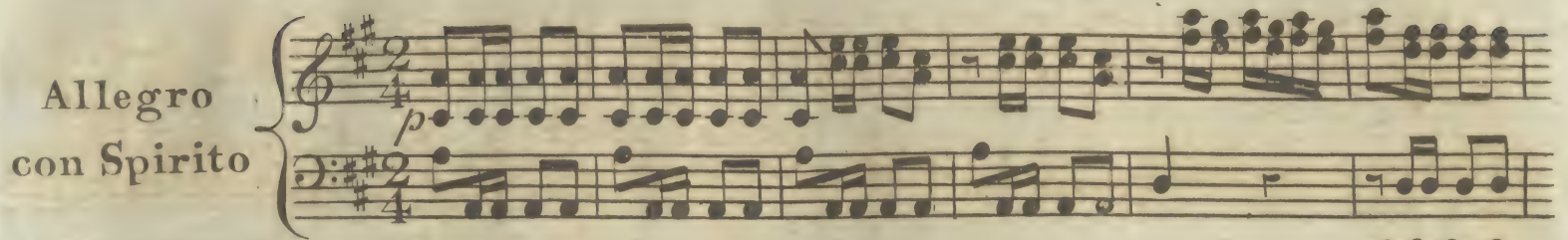
fly away, fly away time: That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd.

fly away, fly away time: That sooths the heart by grief dismay'd.

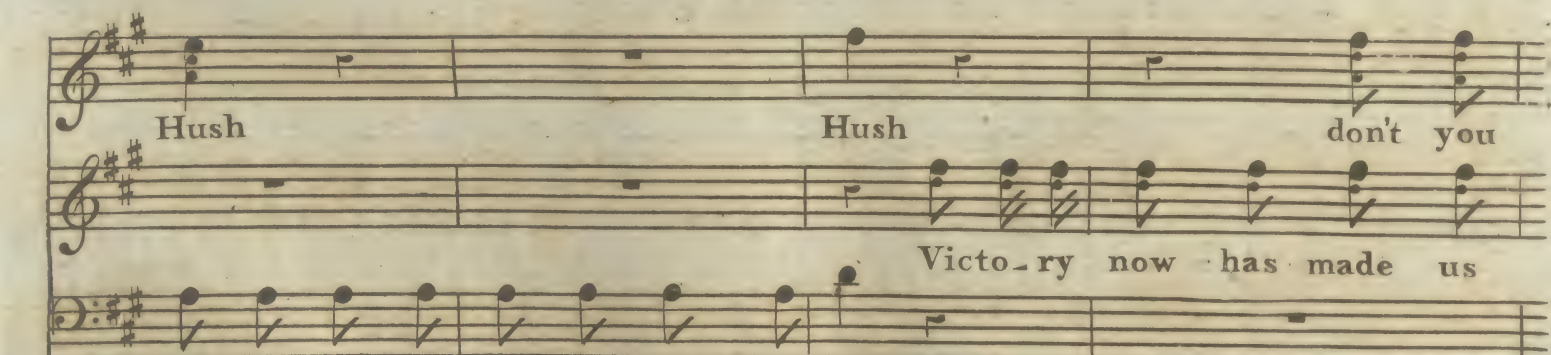
ad Libitum.

DISTANT MILITARY MARCH and CHORUS
OF PERUVIANS.

Allegro
con Spirito

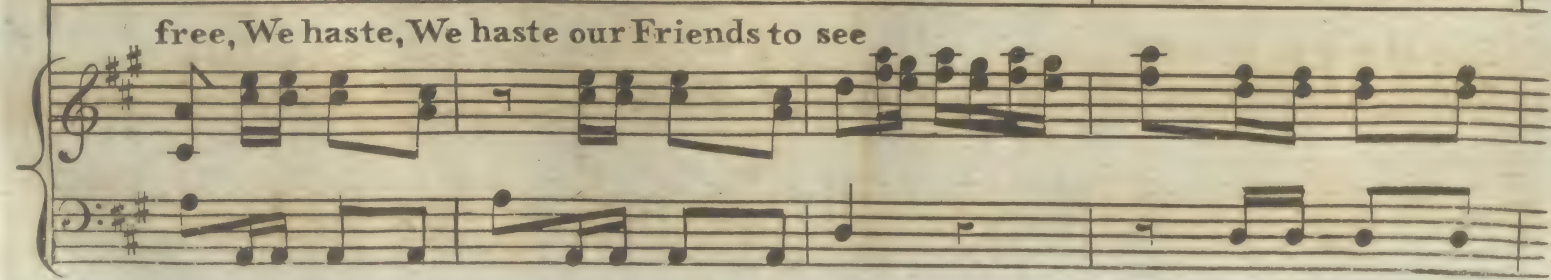


Victory now has made us



Hush Hush don't you

Victo-ry now has made us



free, We haste, We haste our Friends to see

hear some footsteps near

free we haste we haste our friends to fee Vic-to-ry

we haste we haste our friends to fee

A dis-tant march affails the Ear affails the

now has made us free we haste we haste our friends to fee we haste we

Vic-to-ry now has made us free we haste we

Ear affails the Ear Hark

haste our friends to fee Vic--to--ry now has

haste our friends to fee Vic--to--ry

louder still from yon-der Hill en-creasing founds with terror fill with terror

made us free has made us made us free we haste we

now has made us free has made us free we haste we

fill with terror fill

haste our friends to fee Victory

haste our friends to fee Victory now has made us free

f

Hark louder still

now has made us free we haste we

we haste we haste our friends to fee

from yon-der Hill

haste our friends to fee Vic-to-ry

we haste we haste our friends to fee

Encreasing founds with terror fill with

now has made us free we haste we haste our friends to fee we haste we

Victory now has made Vic-tory now has made us free we haste we

ter- - -ror fill with ter- - -ror fill

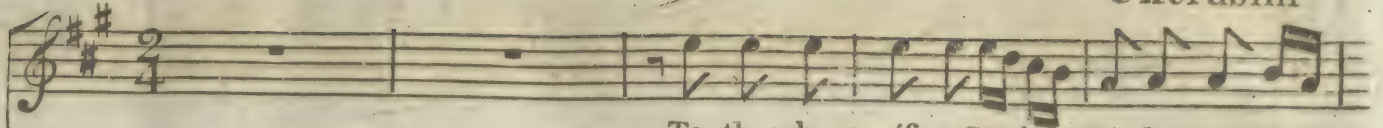
haste our friends to fee our frinds to fee - - -

haste our friends to fee we haste we haste our friends to fee - - -

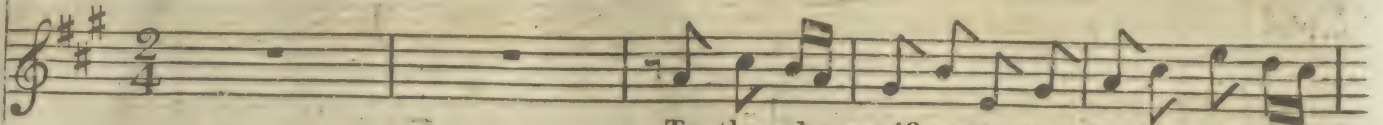
Chorus

Cherubini

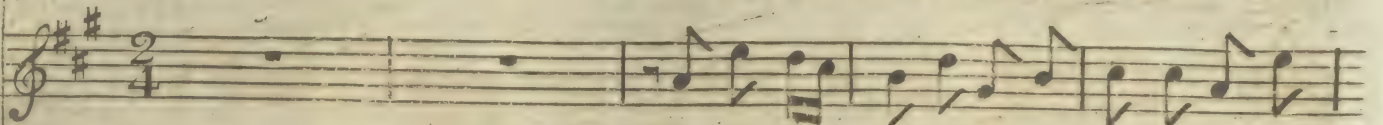
Allegro



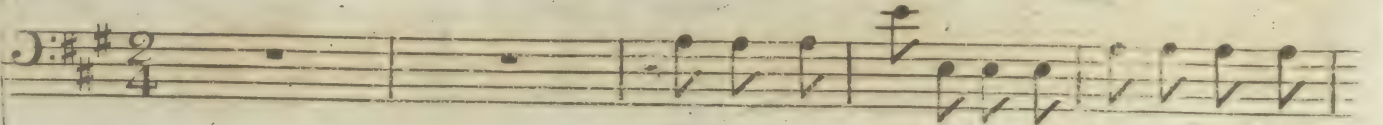
To thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose



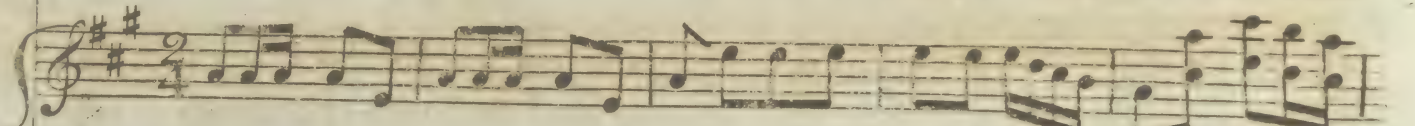
To thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose



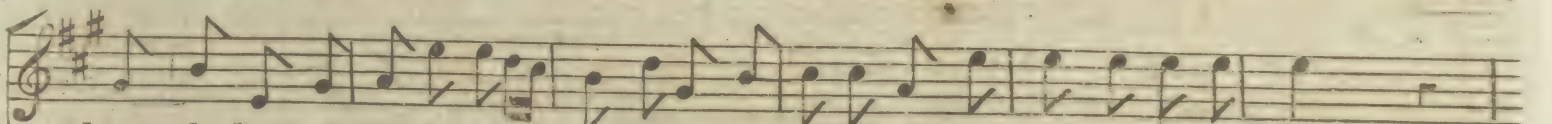
To thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose



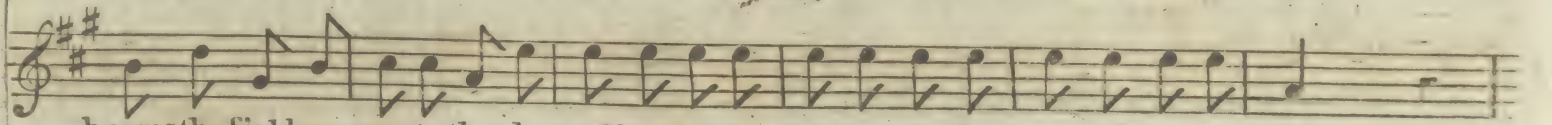
To thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose

Piano
Forte

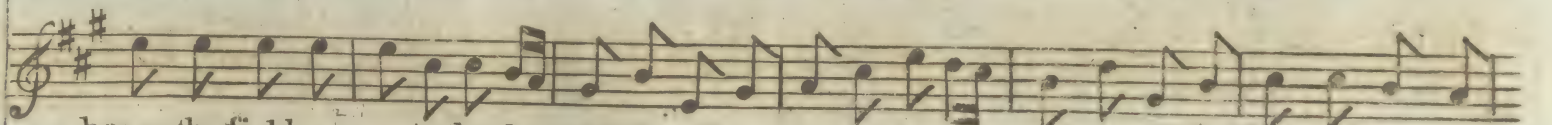
Chorus



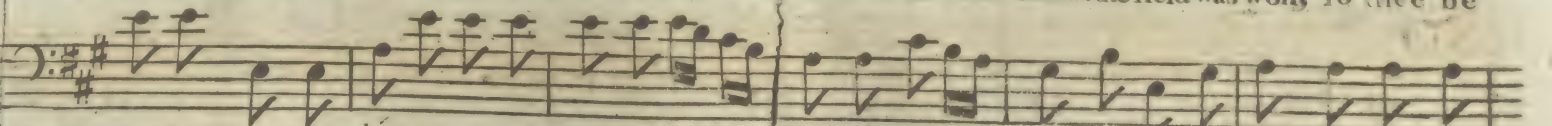
beams the field was won to thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won



beams the field was won to thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won



beams the field was won to thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won, To thee be



beams the field was won to thee be praise o Glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won, To thee be



To thee be praise O glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won

To thee be praise O glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won

praise O glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won

praise O glorious Sun beneath whose beams the field was won

the field was won beneath whose beams the field was won

the field was won beneath whose beams the field was won

won - - - beneath whose beams the field was won

won - - - beneath whose beams the field was won

Four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The lyrics are: "beneath whose beams the field was won Raife high the voice". The piano accompaniment features a flowing melody in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand.

beneath whose beams the field was won Raife high the voice

beneath whose beams the field was won Raife high the voice

beneath whose beams the field was won Raife high the voice

beneath whose beams the field was won Raife high the voice

Four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The lyrics are: "raife high the voice with Shouts re - joice with Shouts re -". The piano accompaniment features a flowing melody in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *f* (forte).

raife high the voice with Shouts re - joice with Shouts re -

raife high the voice with Shouts re - joice with Shouts re -

raife high the voice with Shouts re - joice with Shouts re -

raife high the voice with Shouts re - joice with Shouts re -

rejoice - - rejoice rejoice rejoice

rejoice - - rejoice rejoice rejoice

rejoice - - rejoice rejoice rejoice

rejoice - - - -

The musical score is written for a choir and piano. It begins with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a common time signature (C). The choir part consists of four staves, each with a vocal line and the lyrics "rejoice" repeated four times. The piano part consists of two staves, with the right hand playing a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, and the left hand playing a bass line of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score is divided into two systems, with the first system containing the first four staves and the second system containing the remaining four staves. The music concludes with a double bar line.

Yes! Yes! Be merciless! thou Tempest dire,

As Sung by M^{RS} JORDAN in the Play of

PIZARRO

with universal Applause,

at the Theatre Royal Drury Lane

Written by R.^d Brinsley Sheridan Esq^r

COMPOSED by MICH^L KELLY. *Pr. 1^s 6^d*

Published for M. Kelly at his New Musical Salloon. No. 9. Pall Mall

ANDANTE

Harp or
Piano Forte

Yes Yes be mer ci less thou tempest dire un awd un shelterd

I thy fu--ry brave da lib I'll bare my bosom to thy forked fire Let it but

guide me to A-lonso's Grave O'er his pale corse then while thy lightnings glare I'll

kiss his claycold lips and pe - - rish there But thou wilt wake a -

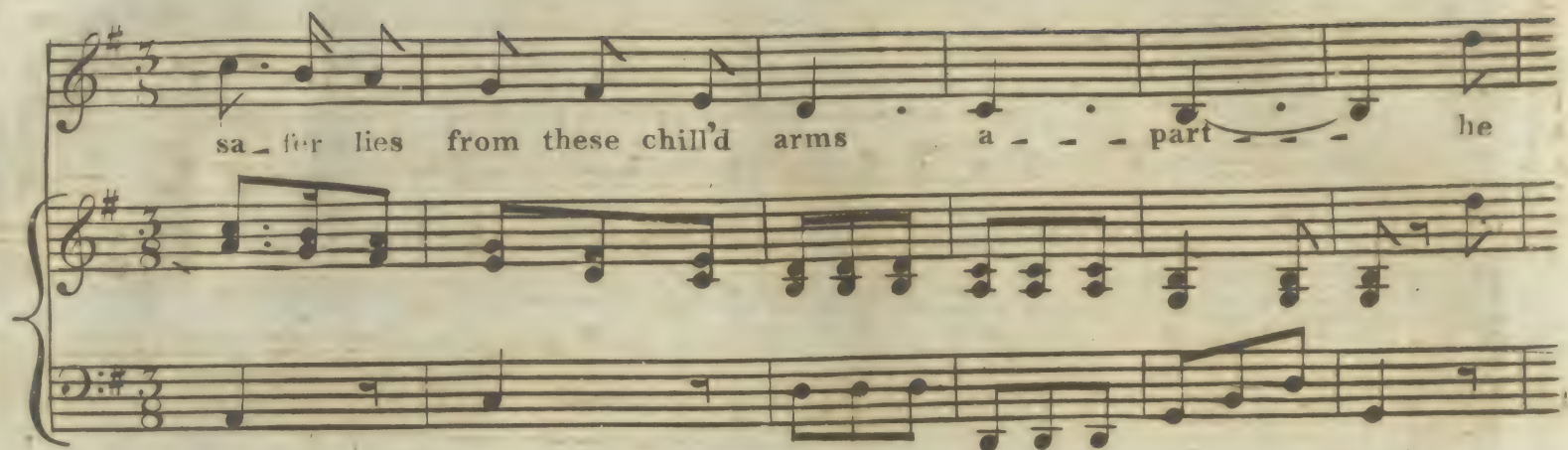
-gain my Boy a - - gain thoult rise to life and joy Thy Father ne - ver

thy Fa - ther ne - ver thy laughing eyes will meet the light un -

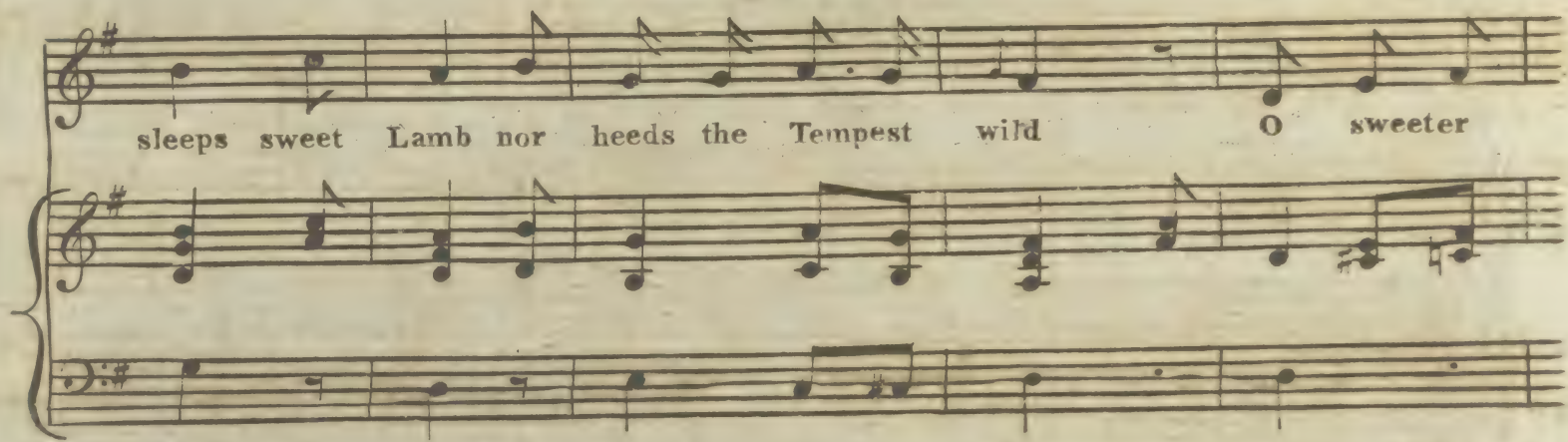
-conscious that e - ter - nal night veil his for e - ver veil his for

Ad. lib:

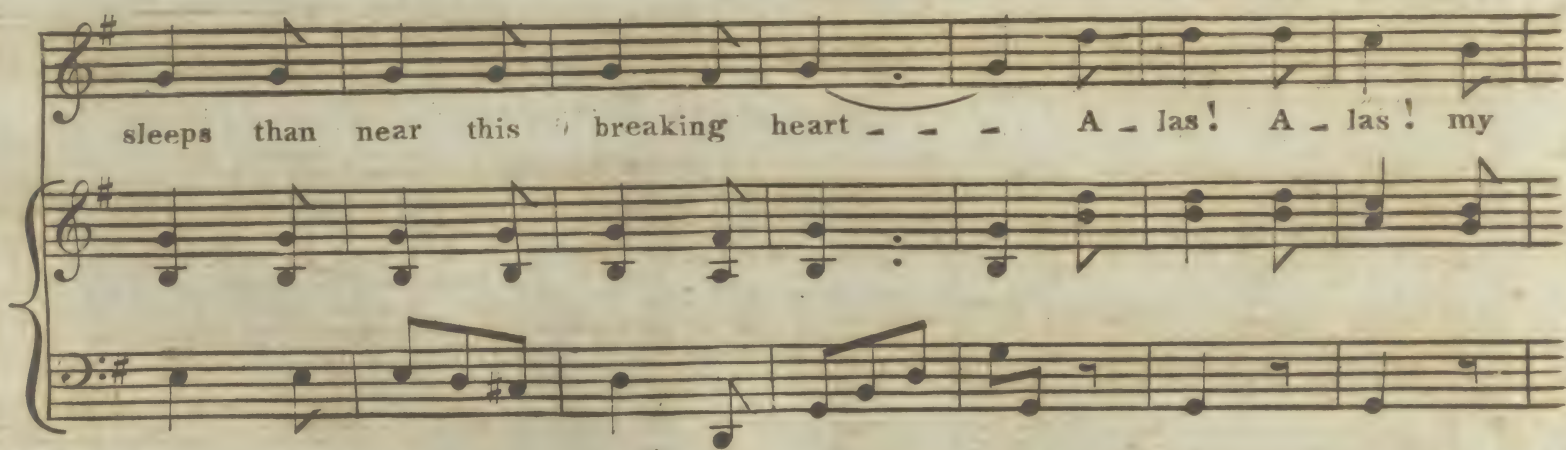
e - ver on yon green bed of moss there lies my Child. O



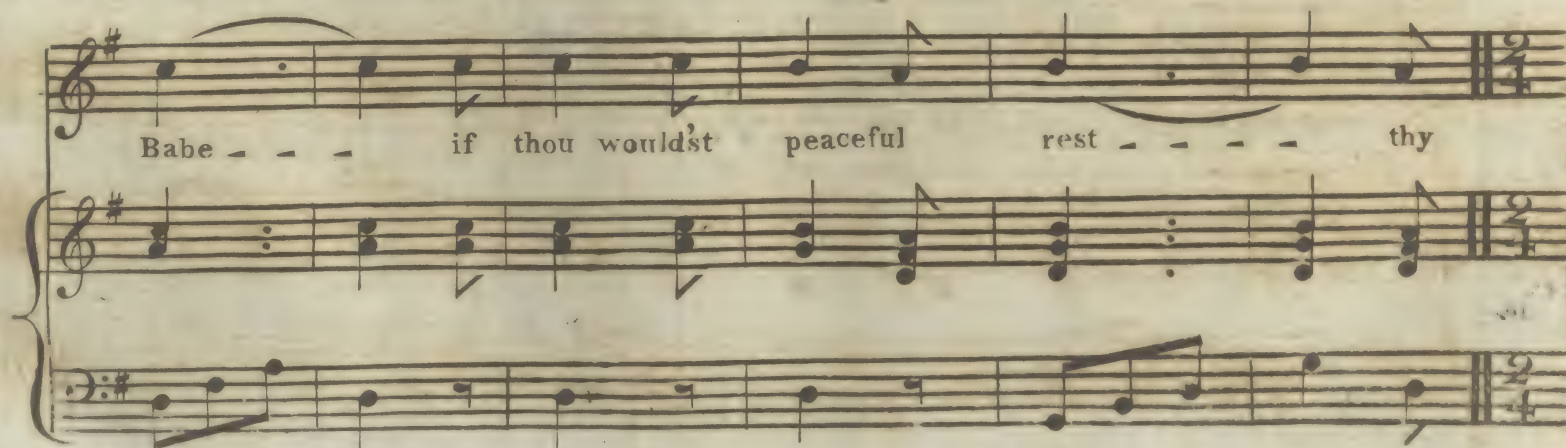
sa - fer lies from these chill'd arms a - - - part - - - he



sleeps sweet Lamb nor heeds the Tempest wild O sweeter



sleeps than near this breaking heart - - - A - las! A - las! my



Babe - - - if thou wouldst peaceful rest - - - thy

25

Cradle must not be thy mother's Breast. But thou wilt wake a -

- gain my Boy a - gain thou't rise to life and Joy thy Fa - ther never

thy Father never thy laughing eyes will meet the light un - conscious that e -

- ter - nal night veils his for e - ver veils his for e - ver

DEAD MARCH.

29

Flebile

The musical score is written for piano and trumpet. It consists of seven systems of staves. The first system includes a piano part (treble and bass clef) and a trumpet part (treble clef). The piano part begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking. The trumpet part enters later with a *f* (forte) dynamic marking. The second system continues the piano part with a *p* marking and includes a drum part labeled "Drum." The third system features a piano part with *f* and *p* markings. The fourth system includes a piano part with *f*, *p*, and *f* markings, and a trumpet part with a *p* marking. The fifth system continues the piano part with *p* and *f* markings, and the trumpet part with a *p* marking. The sixth system features a piano part with *p* and *f* markings, and the trumpet part with a *p* marking. The seventh system concludes the piece with a piano part ending in a double bar line and a final note, and a trumpet part ending in a double bar line and a final note.

Sung Mrs. Crouch Miss Decamp Miss Dufour Miss Leak Miss Menage.
Kelly

Let tears of Grati - tude and woe for the brave Rolla ever flow

Let tears of Grati - tude and woe for the brave Rolla ever flow

Let tears of Grati - tude and woe for the brave Rolla ever flow

for the brave Rolla ever flow

for the brave Rolla ever flow

for the brave Rolla ever flow

for ever flow.

for ever flow.

for ever flow.

oboe

Trombone

Trombone

2

THE
SIEGE OF ST. QUENTIN,
(OR)
Spanish Heroism
A
Drama
In Three Acts
as Performed at the
THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE,
(The Glee & March Composed by M. Bishop)
The Overture & the rest of the Music
COMPOSED AND SELECTED
(by)
Mr. Hook.

Ent.^d at Stat Hall.

Op. 122.

Pr. 8^s.

London, Printed by Goulding, Phipps, D'Almaine & Co. Music Sellers to their Royal
Highnesses the Prince & Princess of Wales 124, New Bond Str^t & 7, Westmorland St. Dublin.

Rema 15414

D1401/2

OVERTURE,

1

The Siege of St Quintin,

Composed by

MR. HOOK

And adapted by Him for the Piano Forte

Ent: at Stat. Hall.

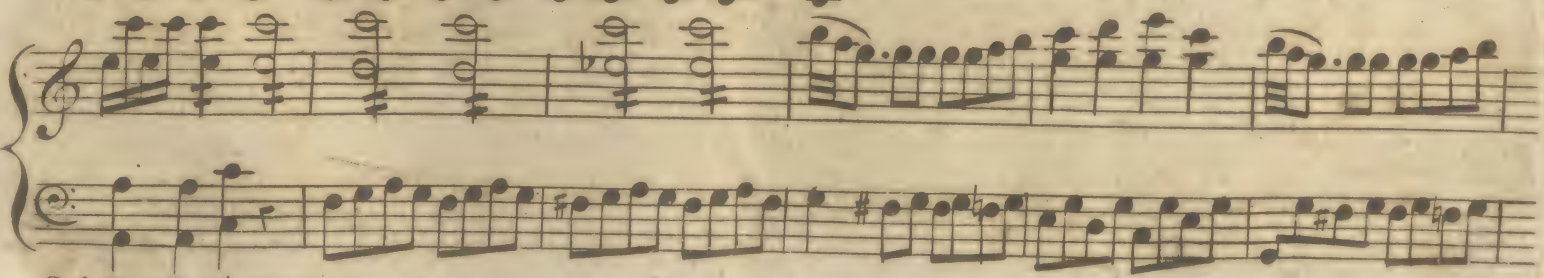
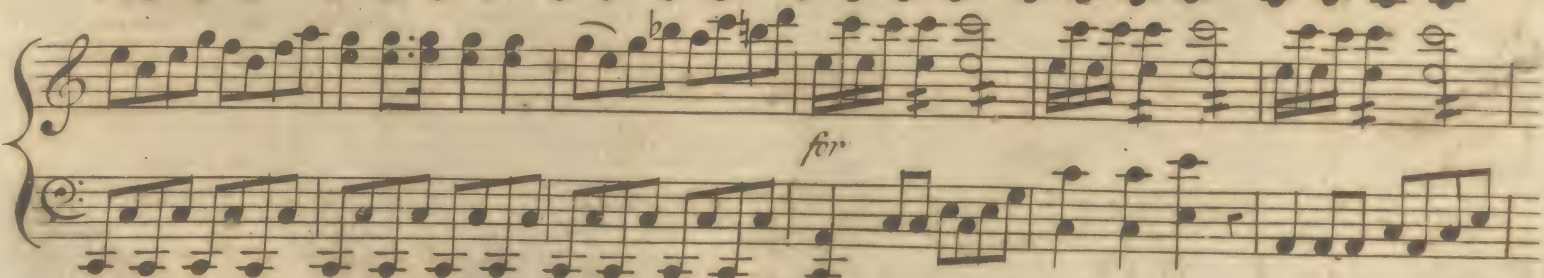
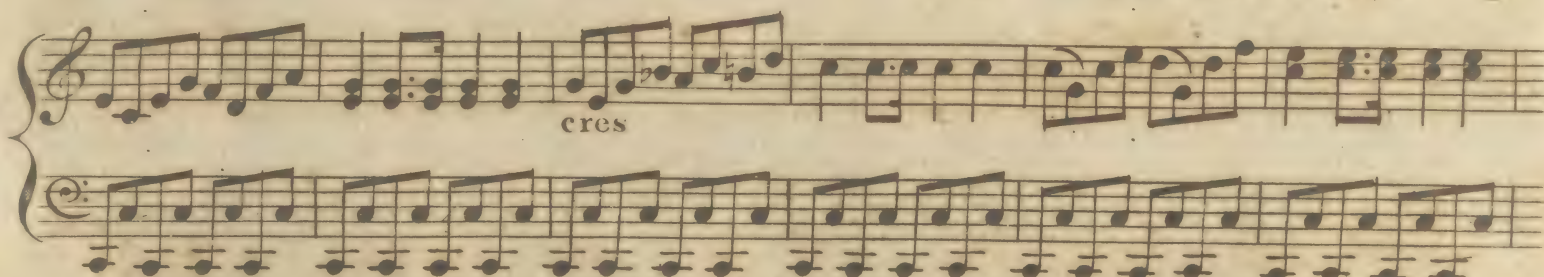
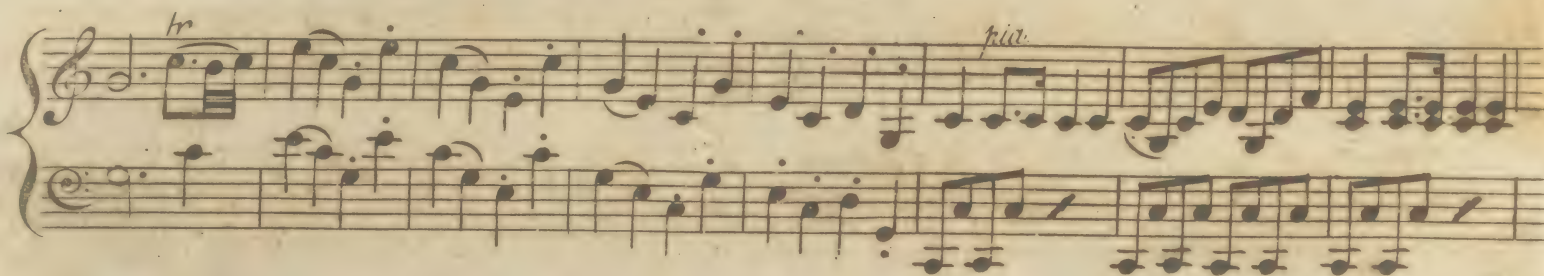
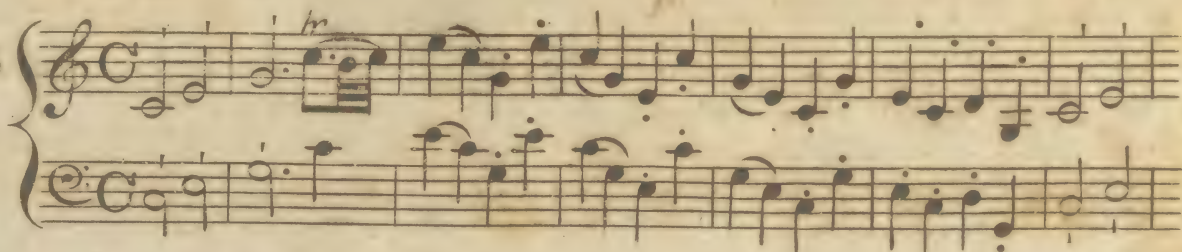
Pr.

London, Printed by Goulding & Comp^y 124 New Bond Str^t & 7 Westmorland Street, Dublin.

OVERTURE

Allegro

Maestoso

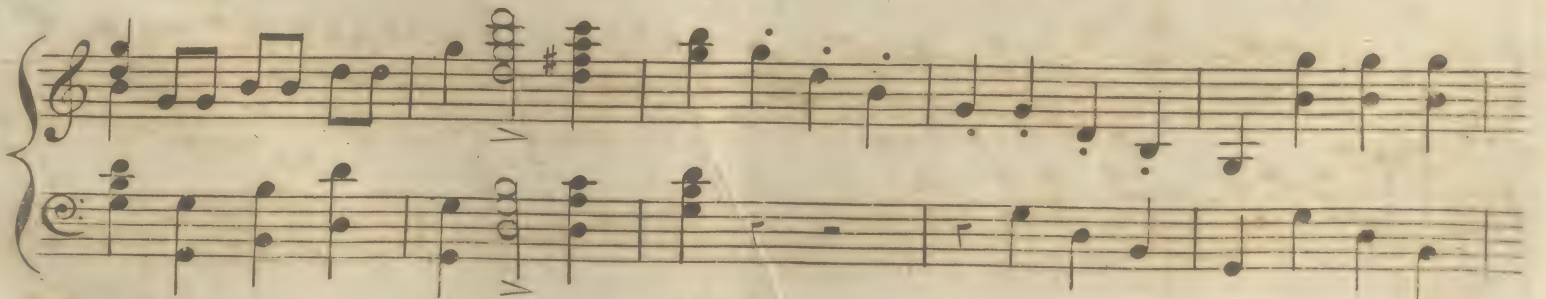
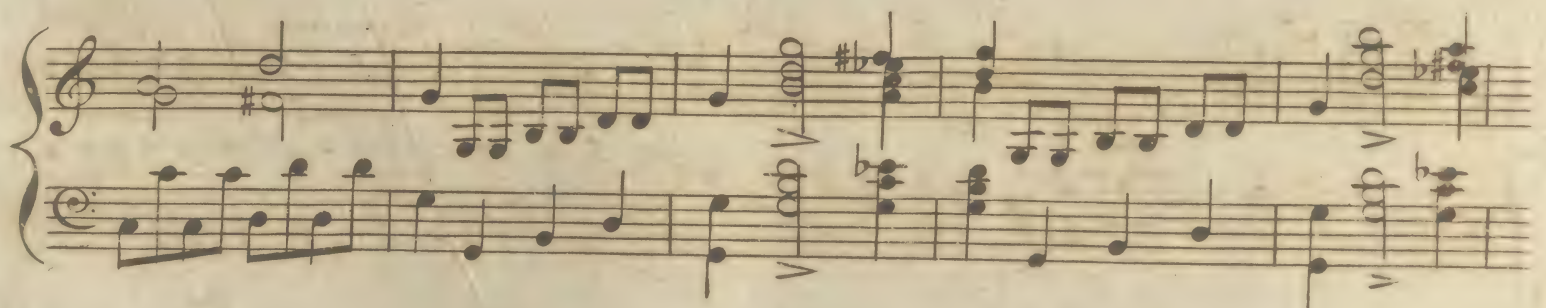
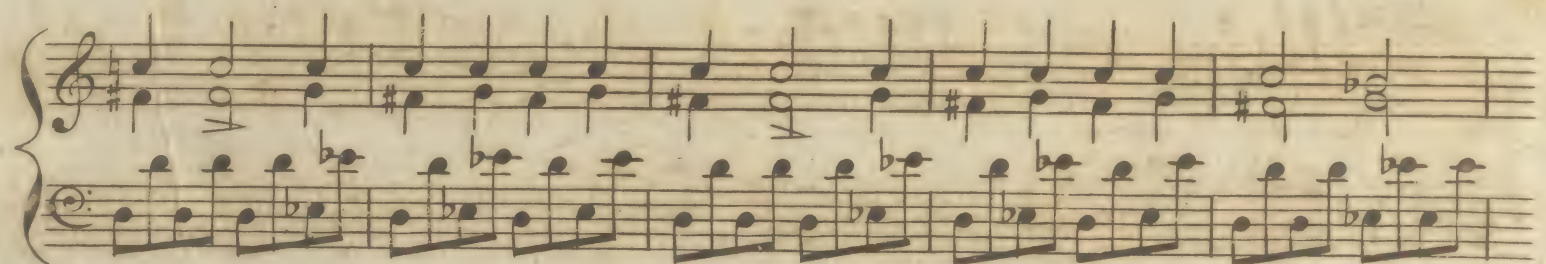
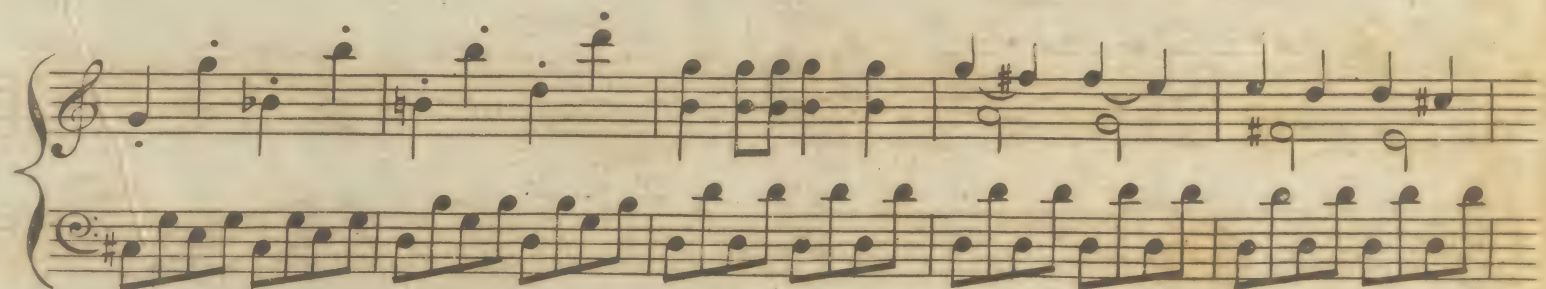
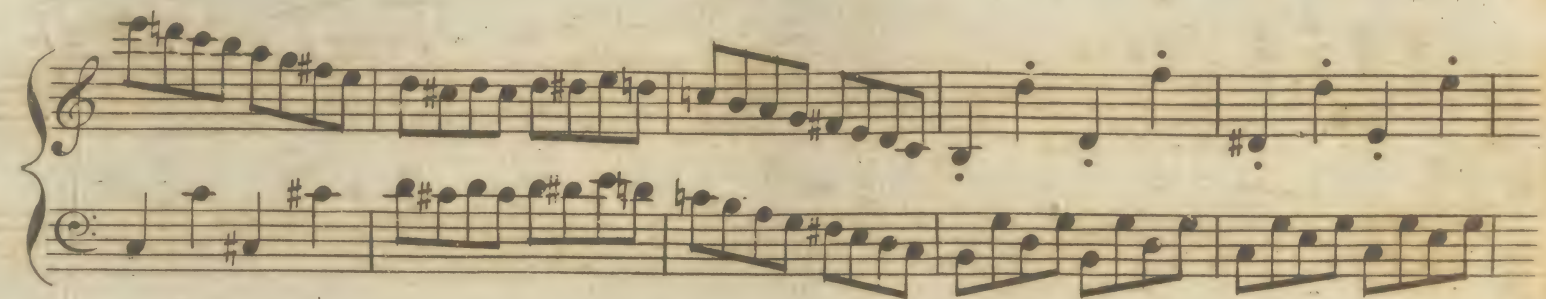


Siege of St Quintin.

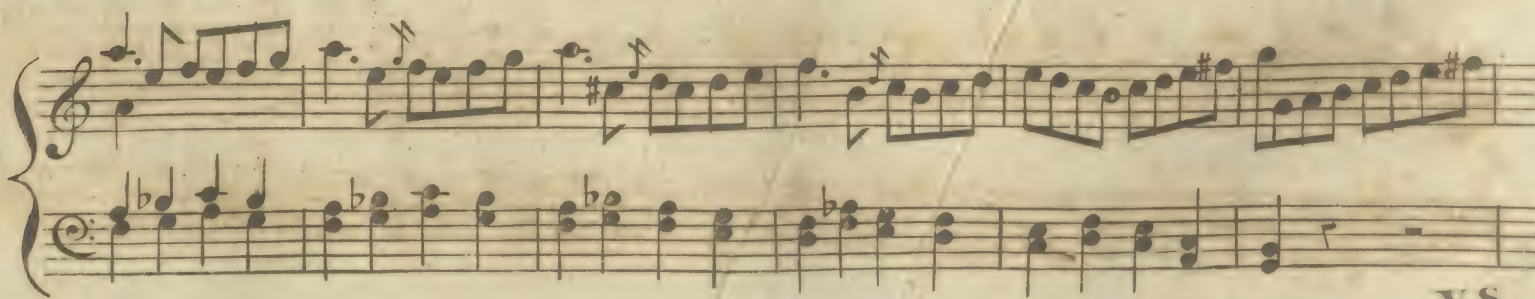
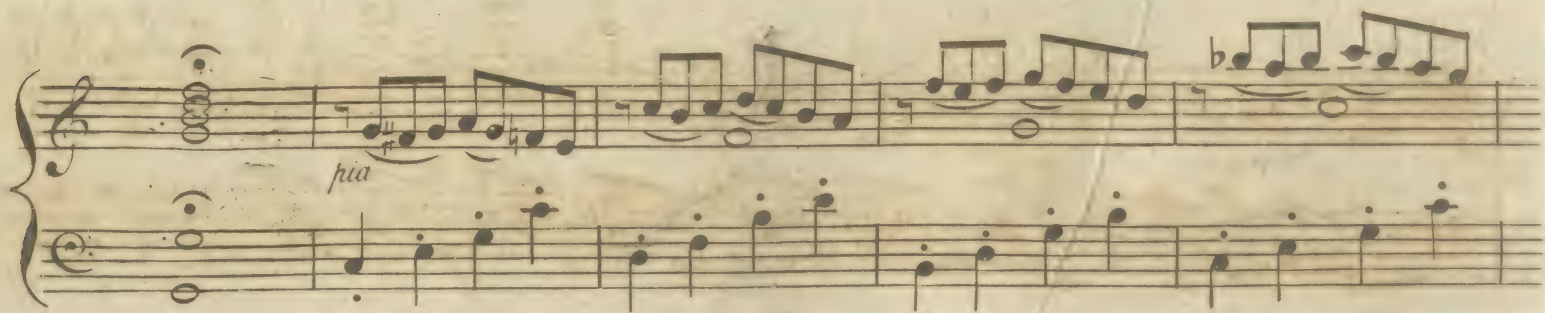
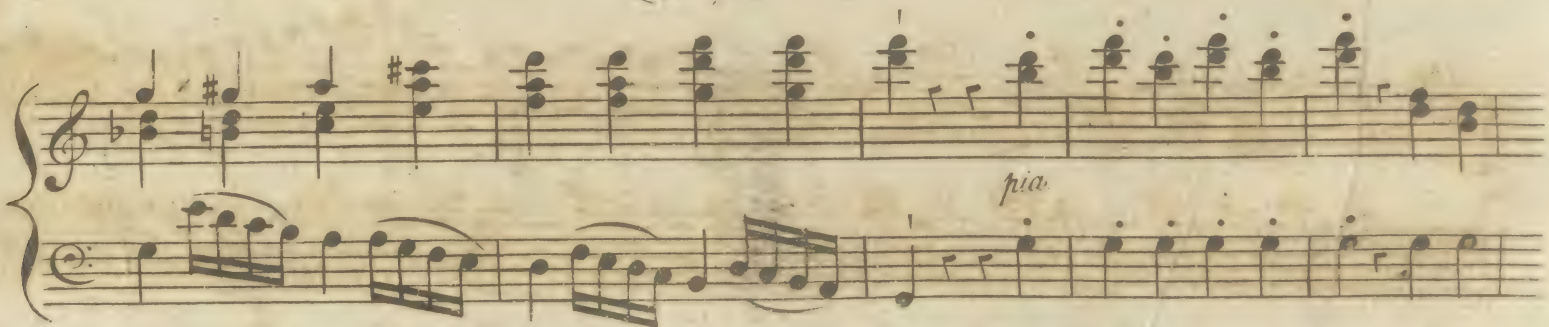
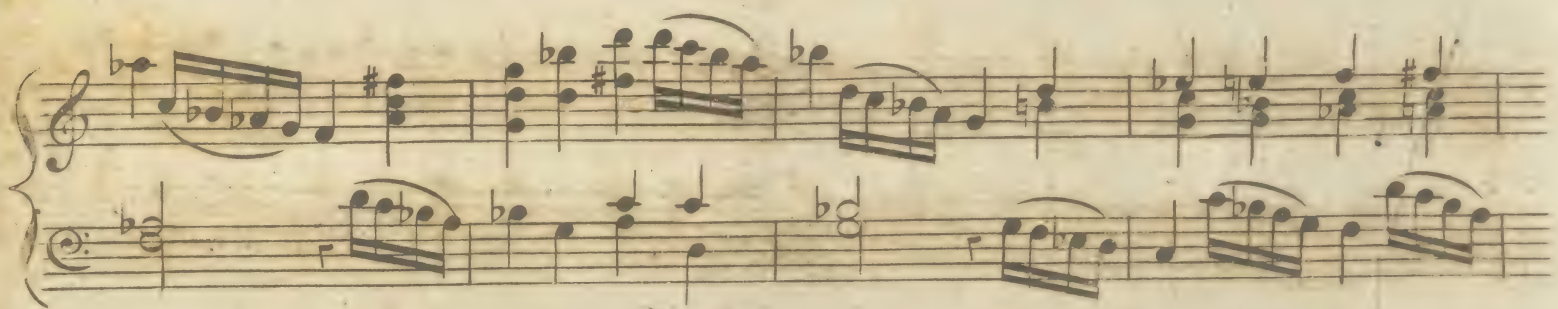
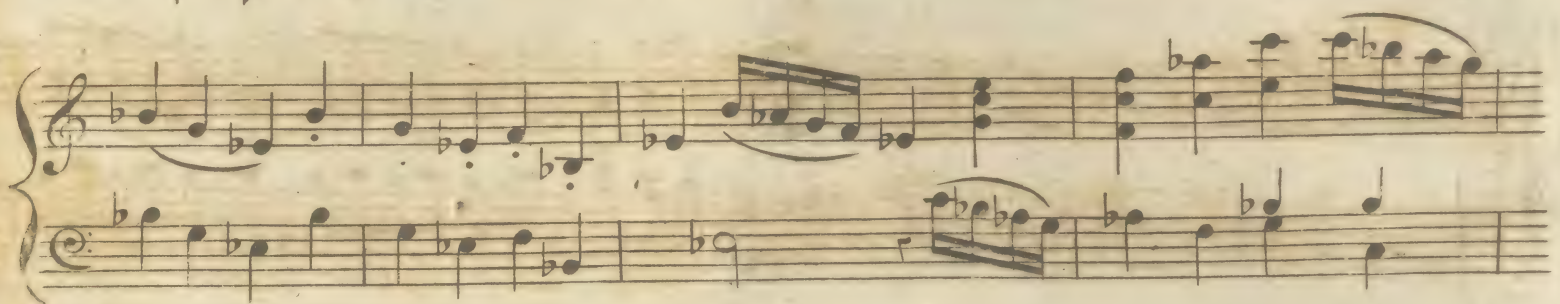
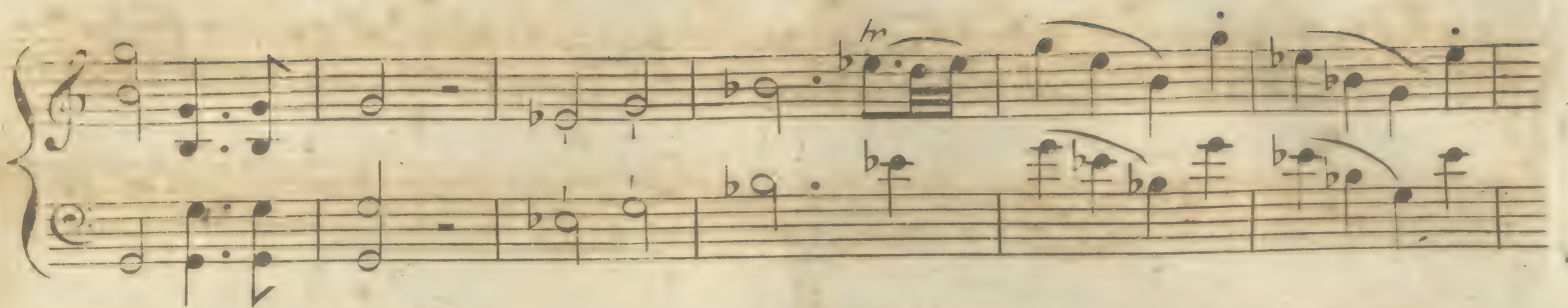
This musical score is for the piece "Seige of St. Quintin." It is written for piano and woodwinds. The score is organized into systems of staves. The piano part is written in grand staff notation (treble and bass clefs). The woodwind parts include Clarinets Solo, Oboes Solo, and Flauti. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

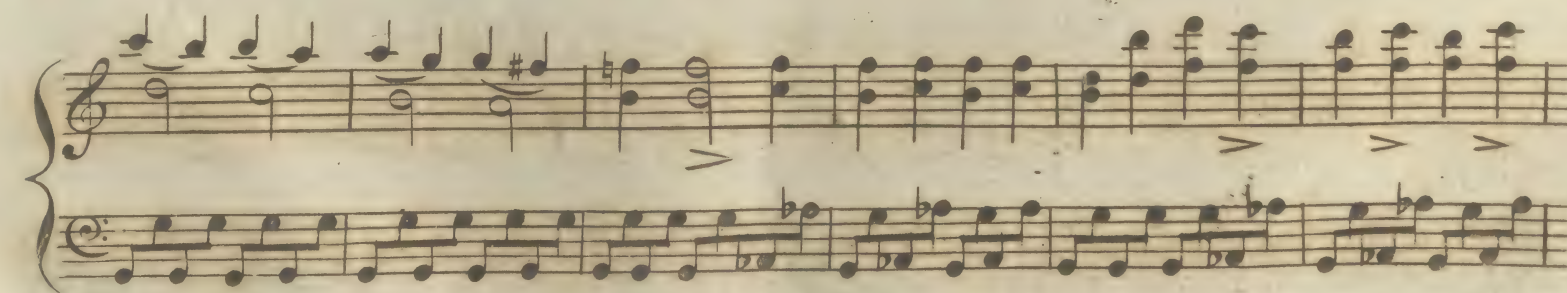
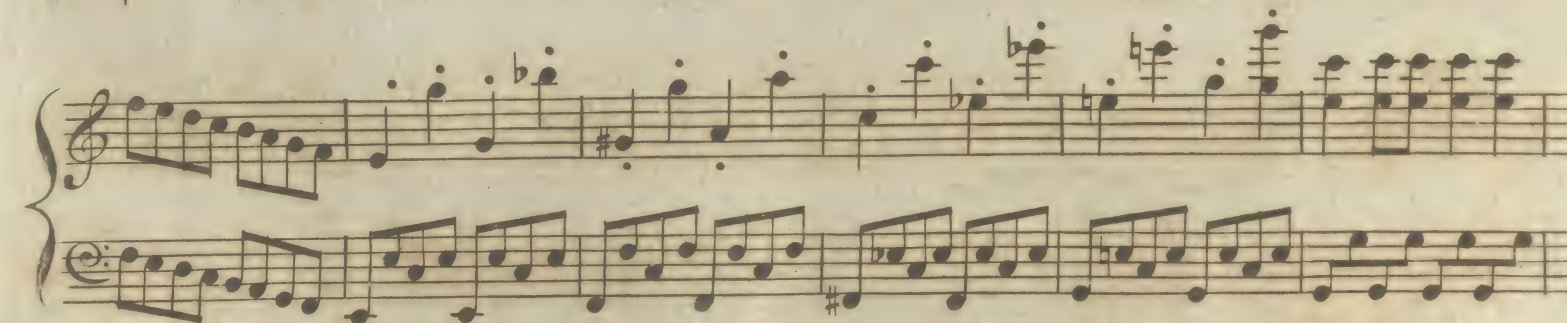
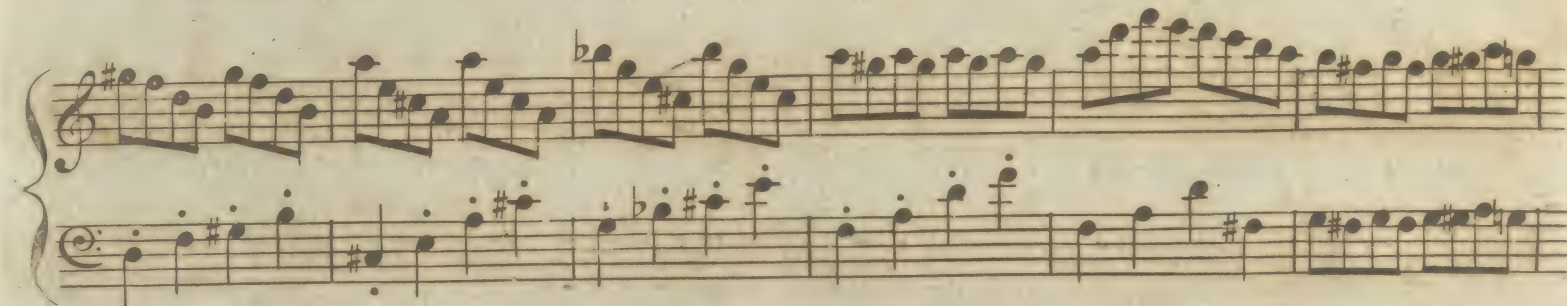
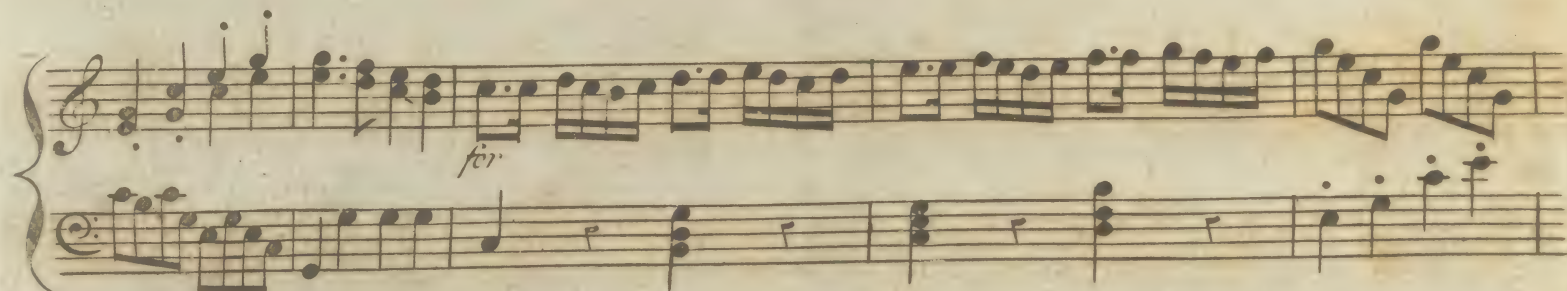
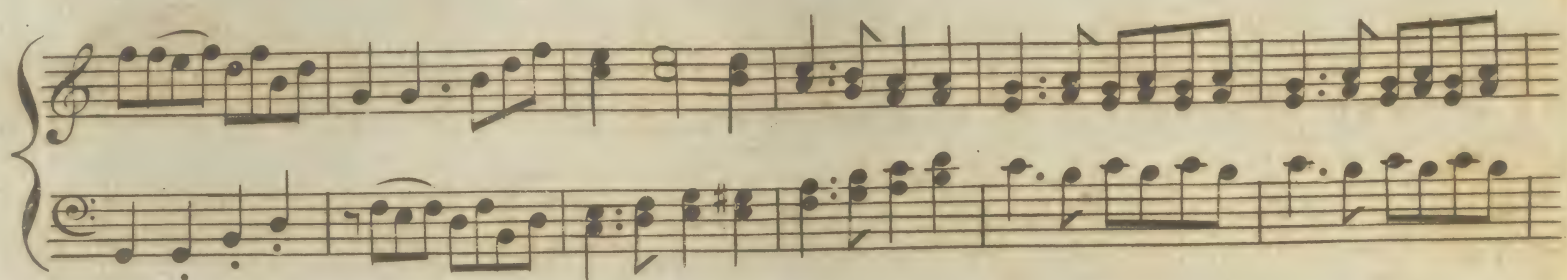
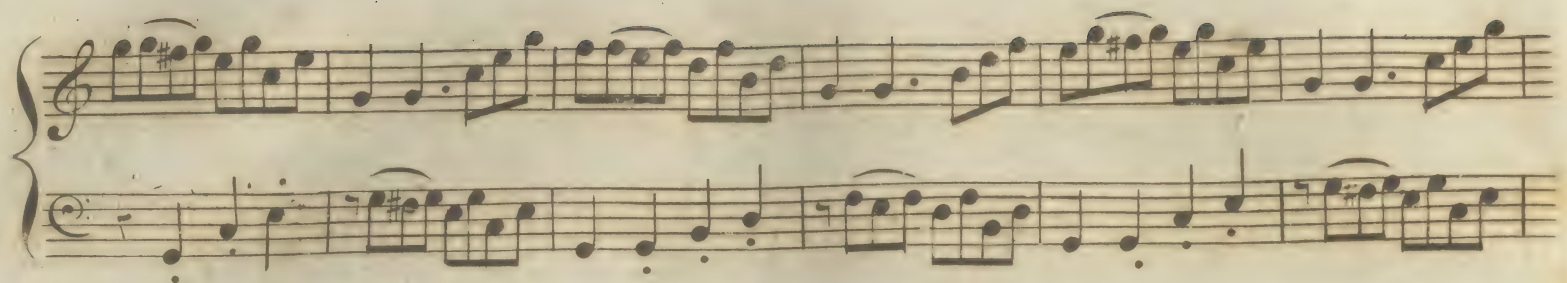
Key markings and features include:

- Clarinetts Solo** and **Oboes Solo** markings above the woodwind staves.
- Flauti** marking above the flute staff.
- pu*** (piano) marking below the piano staff.
- for tutti*** marking below the piano staff.
- A ***w*** (crescendo) marking at the end of the piano staff.



Seige of St. Quintin.





Seige of St. Quintin.

Siege of St. Quintin.

Andantino

7

8

The first system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes.

8

The second system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes. The word 'loco' is written above the treble clef, and 'fer' is written below the bass clef.

8

The third system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes. The word 'loco' is written above the treble clef, and 'fer' is written below the bass clef. The word 'pia' is written above the treble clef, and 'pua' is written below the bass clef.

8

The fourth system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes.

8

The fifth system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes.

8

The sixth system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes.

8

The seventh system of musical notation for 'Andantino'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. The melody is marked with a '7' above it, indicating a seventh. The bass line consists of chords and single notes. The system ends with a double bar line.

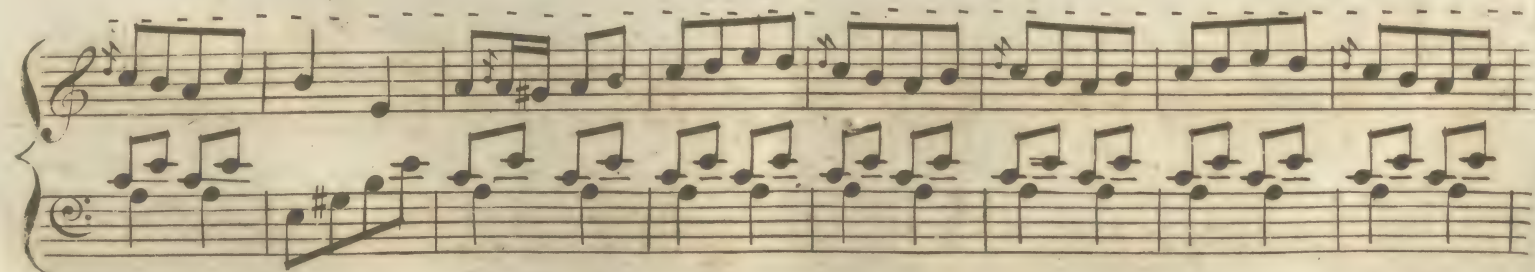
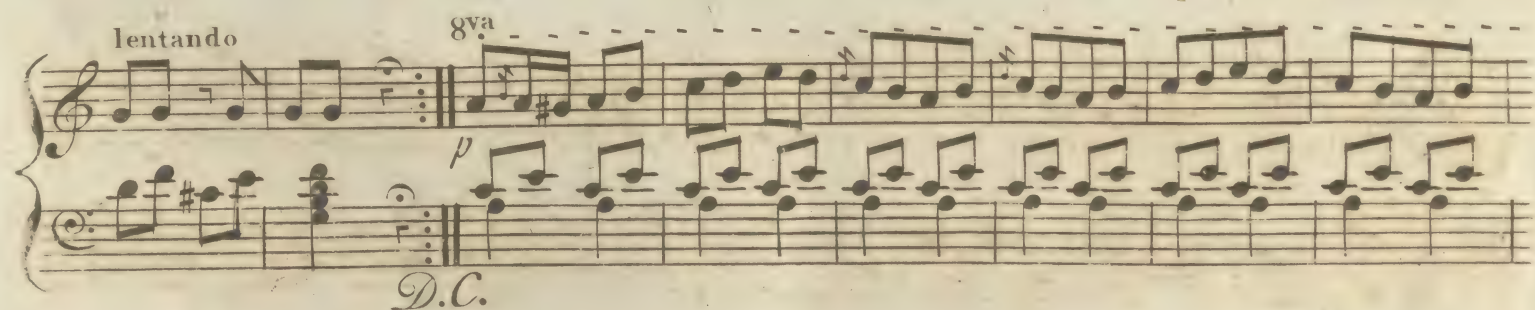
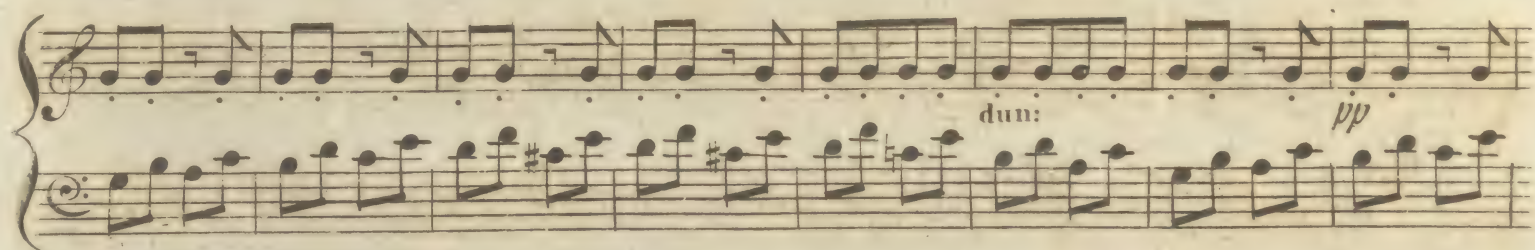
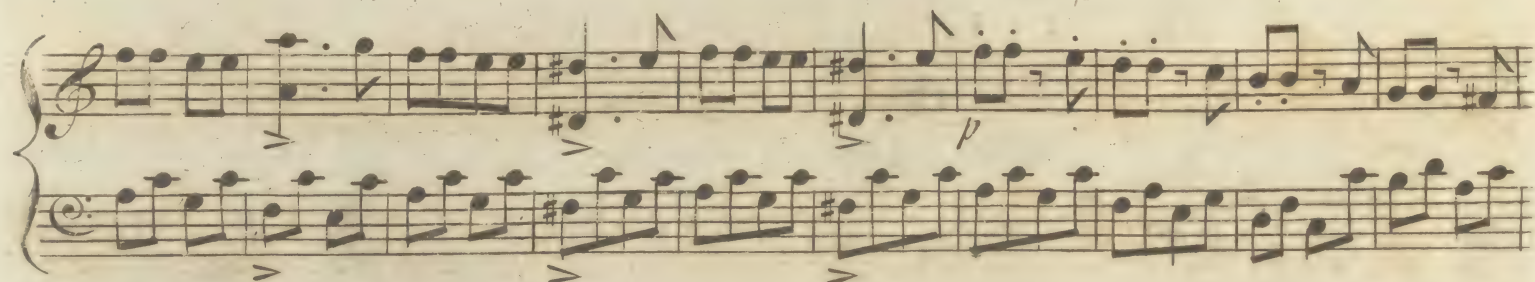
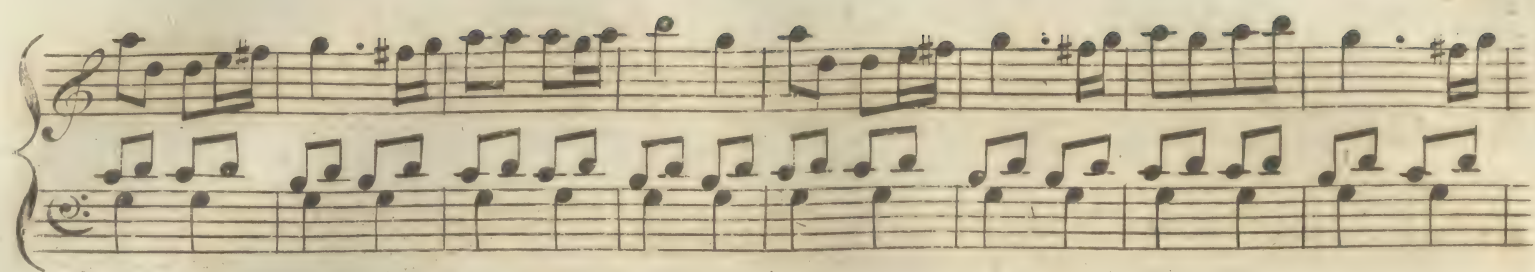
Seige of St. Quintin.

solo
Rondo
p

Allegro

f tutti

V.S.



loco Oboe

Flute

Oboe

Flute

Fagotti

pp

Fagto

f tutti

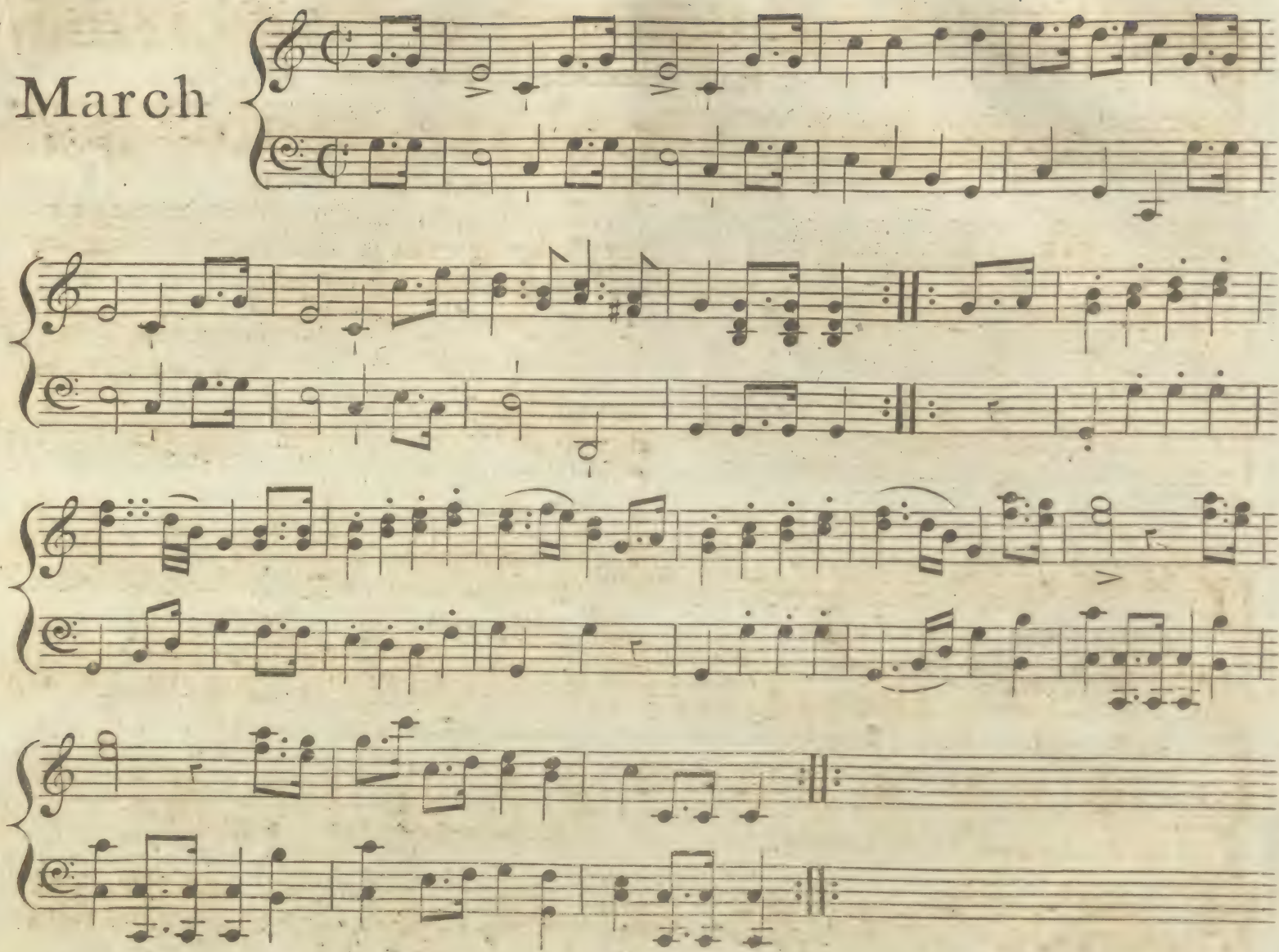
Seige of St. Quintin.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 10, for a piece titled 'Seige of St. Quintin'. The score is written for three main instrumental parts: Oboe, Flute, and Fagotti (Bassoon). The notation is in common time (C) and features a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first system shows the Oboe and Flute parts with a 'loco' marking for the Oboe. The second system continues the Flute part with 'tr' (trill) markings. The third system shows the Fagotti part with a 'pp' (pianissimo) marking. The fourth system shows the Fagotti part with a 'f tutti' marking. The score is written in a standard musical notation with treble and bass staves for each instrument.

A musical score for a piece titled "Seige of St. Quintin." The score is written on seven systems of two staves each, using a grand staff format with a treble and bass clef. The music is in 2/4 time. The first system features a melodic line in the treble with eighth-note patterns and a bass line with quarter notes. The second system includes a key signature change to one flat (B-flat) and a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo). The third system continues the melodic and harmonic development. The fourth system shows a more complex texture with sixteenth-note patterns in the bass. The fifth system features a series of chords in the treble and a rhythmic pattern in the bass. The sixth system has a melodic line in the treble and a bass line with eighth-note patterns. The seventh system concludes the piece with a final chord in the treble and a bass line ending with a double bar line.

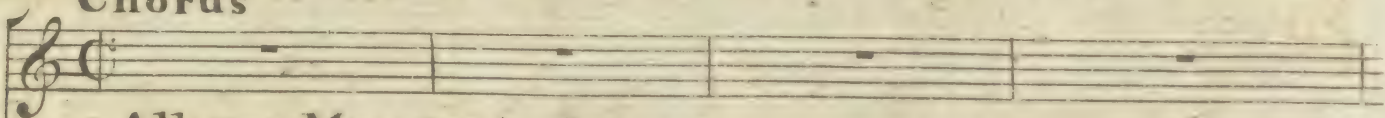
Seige of St. Quintin.

March



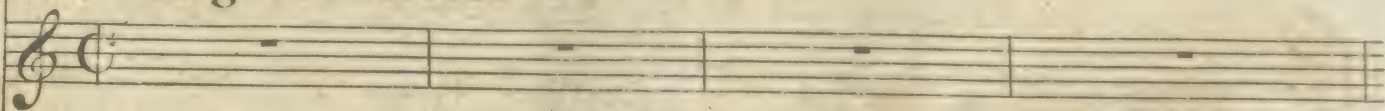
Chorus

Altos

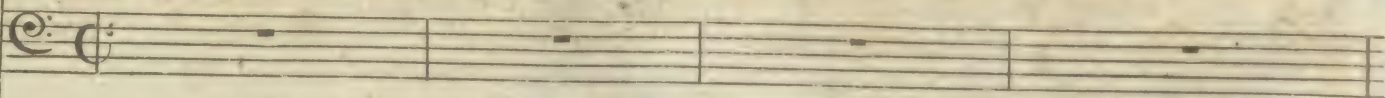


Allegro Maestoso

Tenors



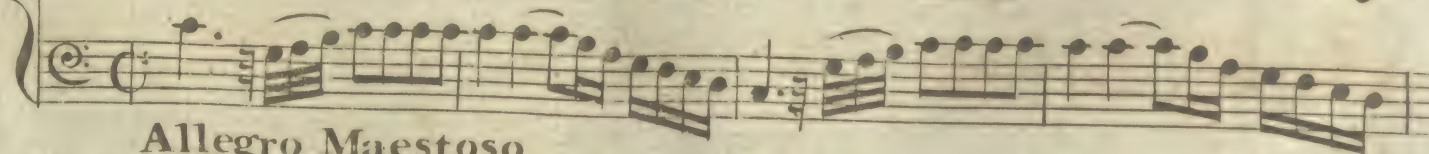
Basses



Piano



Forte



Allegro Maestoso

Siege of St. Quentin.

Alto
Mark where the glorious orb of day,

Tenors
1 & 2.
Mark where the glorious orb of day,

Basses
Mark where the glorious orb of day,

with splen = dor bright, with splen = dor bright,

with splen = dor bright, with splen = dor bright,

with splen = dor bright, with splen = dor bright,

with splen = dor bright in brilliant beams ar = ray'd with splendor

with splen = dor bright in brilliant beams ar = ray'd

with splen = dor bright in brilliant beams ar = ray'd

bright - - - in brilliant brilliant beams ar= ray'd, with splendor

with splendor bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar= ray'd,

with splendor bright with splendor bright

bright - - - in brilliant brilliant beams ar= ray'd, with splendor

with splendor bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar= ray'd, with splendor

with splendor bright with splendor bright, with splendor

bright, with splendor bright, in brilliant beams ar=

bright, with splendor bright, in brilliant beams ar=

bright, with splendor bright, in brilliant beams ar=

= = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = = ray'd with splen = dor
 = = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = ray'd with splendor bright with
 = = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = = ray'd with splen = dor

bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar = = ray'd with splendor
 splendor bright in brilliant beams ar = ray'd with splendor bright with splendor
 bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar = = ray'd with splendor

bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = =
 splendor bright in
 bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = =
 bright in brilliant brilliant beams ar = ray'd in brilliant beams ar = =

= ray'd in brilliant beams ar = = ray'd in brilliant brilliant brilliant beams ar = =

= ray'd in brilliant beams ar = = ray'd in brilliant brilliant brilliant beams ar = =

= ray'd in brilliant beams ar = = ray'd in brilliant brilliant brilliant beams ar = =

= ray'd. Sinks sinks sinks from the world a = way sinks from the

= ray'd. Sinks sinks sinks from the world a = way sinks from the

= ray'd. Sinks sinks sinks from the world a = way sinks from the

Adagio

world a-way in Clouds of Night in clouds of night to rest in shade.

world a-way in Clouds of Night in clouds of night to rest in shade.

world a-way in Clouds of Night in clouds of night to rest in shade.

Adagio

Spiritoso

17

So falls the He-ro in the day of Fight, fo shine his deeds, in

So falls the He-ro in the day of Fight, fo shine his deeds, in

So falls the He-ro in the day of Fight, fo shine his deeds, in

splen = dor bright, to grace

splen = dor bright, to grace

splen = dor bright, to grace

to grace his Countrys sto = ry to grace his Countrys sto = ry.

to grace his Countrys sto = ry to grace his Countrys sto = ry.

to grace his Countrys sto = ry to grace his Countrys sto = ry.

so when his Earthly course is run the Hero sinks as
 so when his Earthly course is run the Hero sinks as
 so when his Earthly course is run the Hero sinks as

sinks the Sun the He = ro finks as finks the Sun to rise to
 sinks the Sun the He = ro finks as finks the Sun
 sinks the Sun the He = ro finks as finks the Sun

pp *lentando* *ff*

rise to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise - - to greater
 to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise - - to greater
 to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise - - to greater

ff

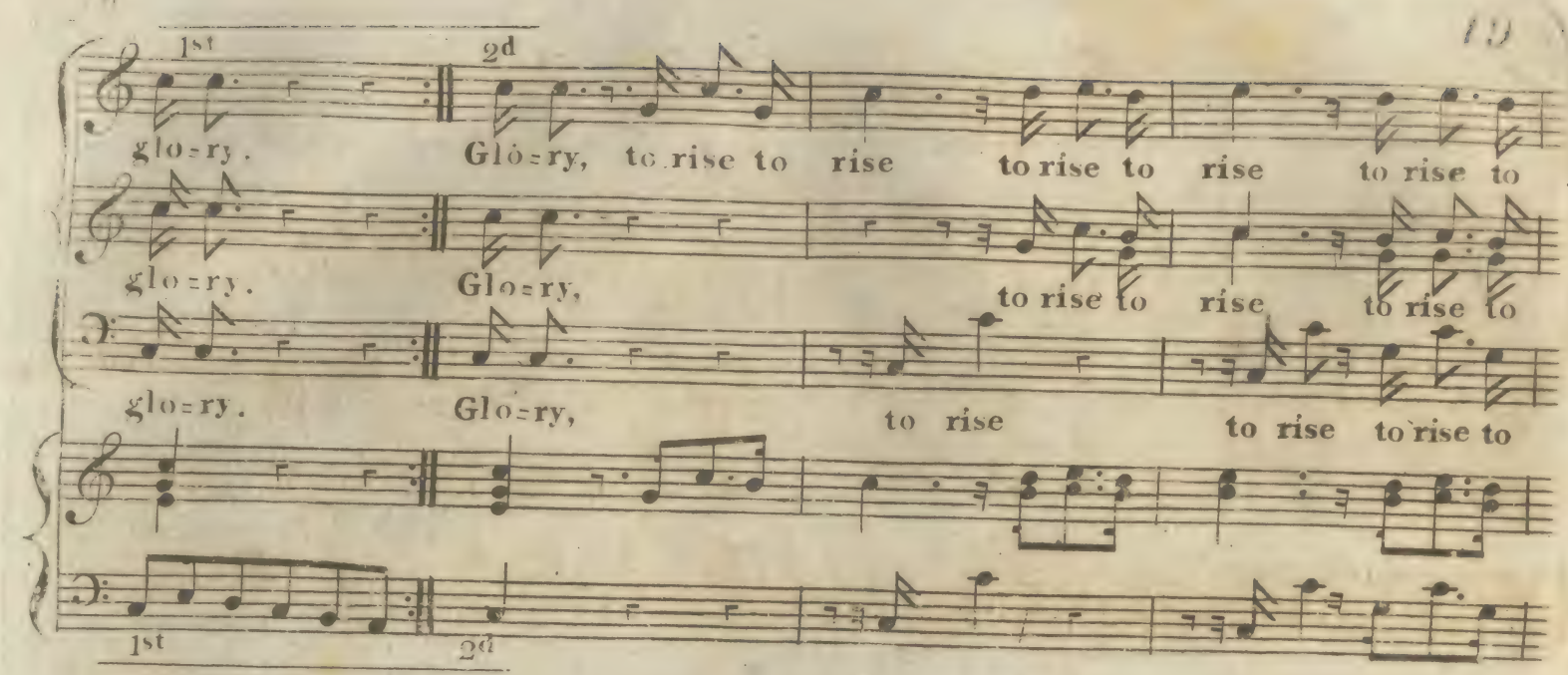
1st 2d

glo-ry. Glo-ry, to rise to rise to rise to rise to rise to

glo-ry. Glo-ry, to rise to rise to rise to

glo-ry. Glo-ry, to rise to rise to rise to

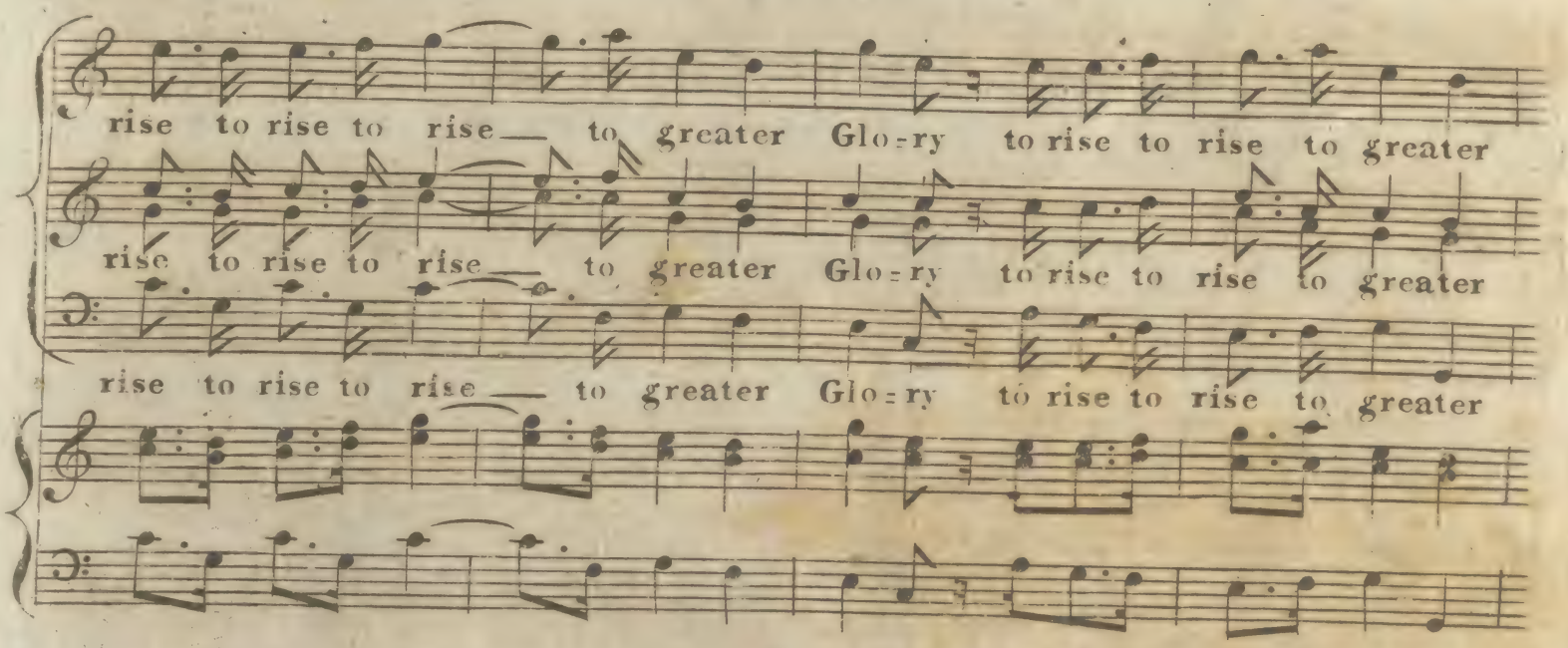
1st 2d



rise to rise to rise to greater Glo-ry to rise to rise to greater

rise to rise to rise to greater Glo-ry to rise to rise to greater

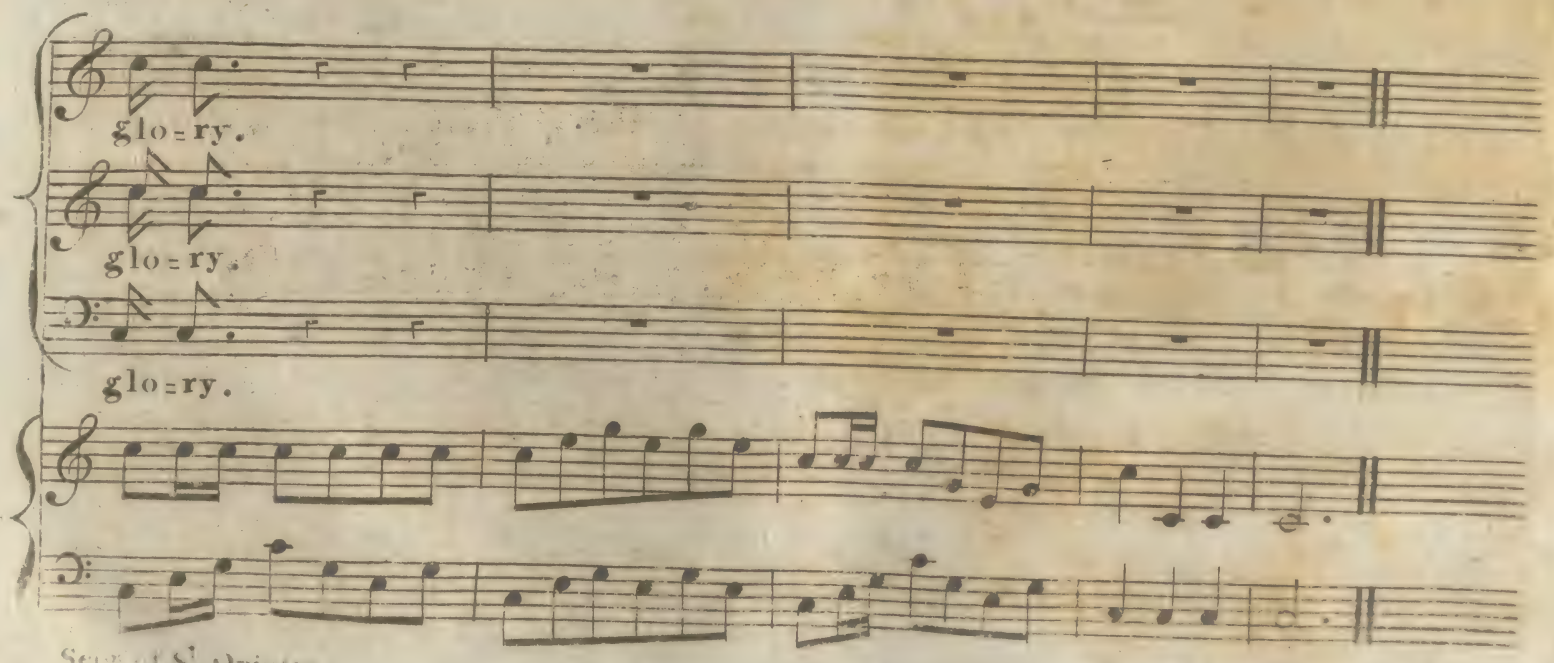
rise to rise to rise to greater Glo-ry to rise to rise to greater



glo-ry.

glo-ry.

glo-ry.



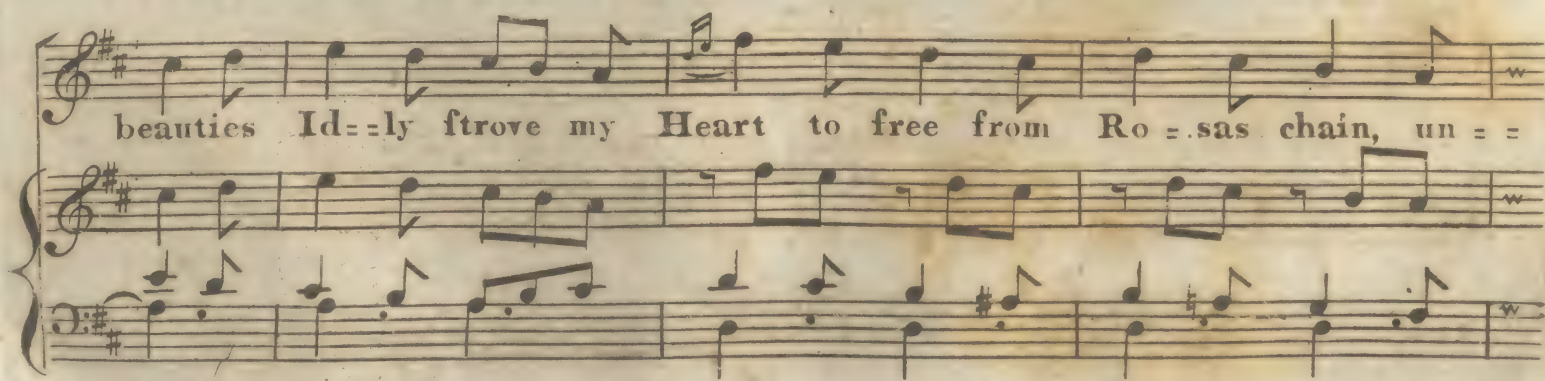
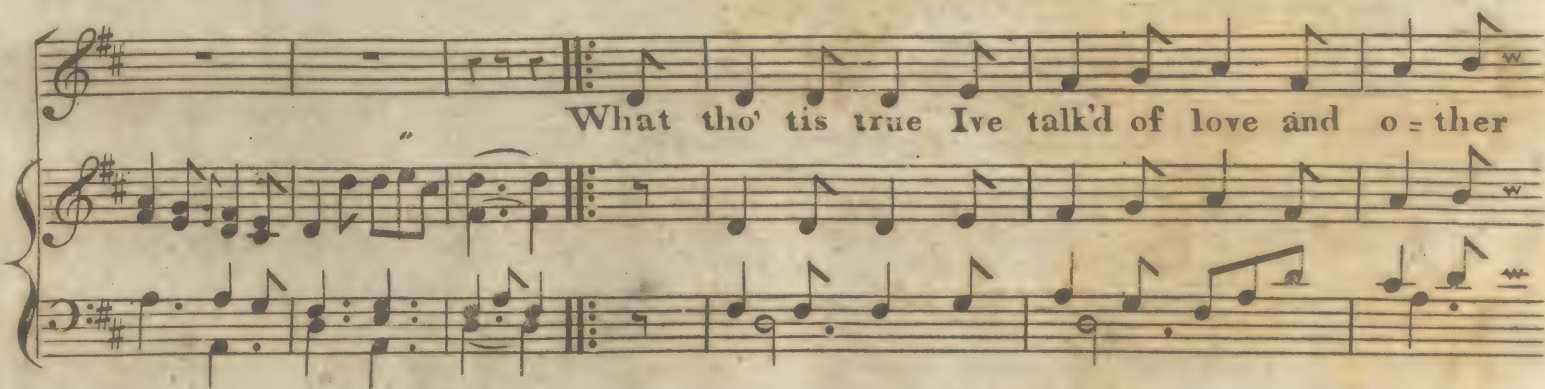
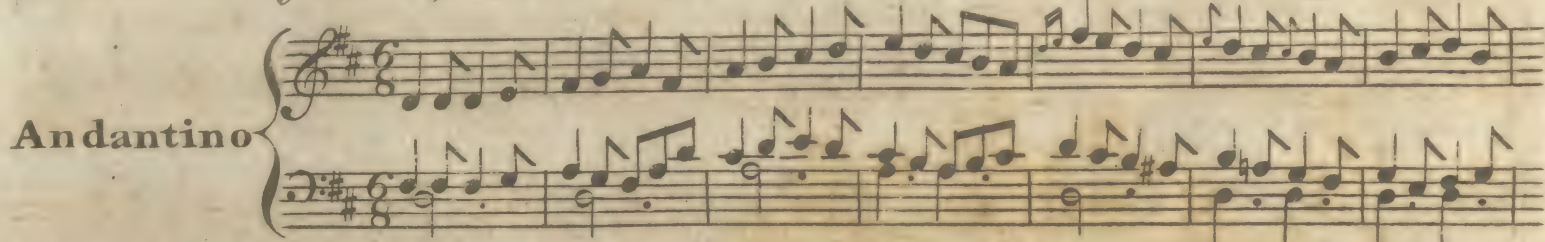
Grand March

A handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Grand March". The score is written on six systems of two staves each, using a grand staff format. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, bar lines, and dynamic markings. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second system includes a repeat sign and a dynamic marking of *rit*. The third system continues the melody and accompaniment. The fourth system includes a dynamic marking of *for*. The fifth and sixth systems conclude the piece with a final double bar line. The handwriting is in ink on aged, slightly stained paper.

What tho' tis true I've talk'd of Love. ²¹

Sung by
M^{rs} Johnstone.

London, Printed by Goulding & Comp^y 124, New Bond Street & 7, Westmorland Street Dublin.



Seige of St. Quintin.

= broke the golden links remain en-twined round ev-ry part. For
 if an-others charms I prais'd, those charms some fond remembrance rais'd, per=
 = haps 'twas not her Tref=ses flowing dimpled cheek or blush=es
 glowing Oh! no, Oh! no, 'twas Ro=sa's lip or Ro=sa's Eye 'twas
 Ro=sa's self that caus'd the figh, still Ro=sa rul'd my Heart.

Seige of St Quintin.

Oh! no, Oh! no, 'twas Rosas lip or Rosas Eye 'twas Rosas self that caus'd the sigh, 'twas

2d Verse
Rosa rul'd my Heart. I own betray'd by Youth or wine, I've

sworn a face or form di-vine, or when some witching fy-ren sung, my

Yield-ing foul be-wilder'd hung, enraptur'd with her art. But

soon the feeble spell was gone, some faint resemblance rais'd a-lone, cou'd

Seige of St. Quintin.

Tones less sweet and looks less smiling. long de-lude my sense be-guil-ing

Oh! no, Oh! no, 'twas Rosa's Voice or Rosa's glance 'twas Rosa's self that

caus'd the Trance, and touch'd my conscious Heart. Oh! no, Oh! no, 'twas

Rosa's lip or Rosa's Eye 'twas Rosa's self that caus'd the sigh, sweet

Ro-sa rules my Heart.

Seige of St. Quintin.

Introductory Music to the Banquet

London, Printed by Goulding & Co. 124, New Bond Street, & 7, Westmorland Street, Dublin.

Allegretto

The musical score is written for piano in 3/4 time, featuring a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The score consists of five systems of music. The first system begins with a treble staff containing a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, and a bass staff with a simpler melody. The second system continues the treble staff's melodic line with some grace notes, while the bass staff provides a steady accompaniment. The third system shows the treble staff with more complex sixteenth-note passages, and the bass staff with a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The fourth system features a treble staff with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, and a bass staff with a more active line. The fifth system concludes the piece with a final cadence in both staves, marked by a double bar line and repeat dots.

Seige of St. Quimin.

The Downy Cheek so soft so fair.
Sung by
Miss Peron.

London, Printed by Goulding & Co. 124 New Bond Street & 7, Westmorland Street, Dublin.

Clarinet Solo

Andantino

The musical score is written for piano and clarinet. It begins with a clarinet solo in the treble clef, with a 2/4 time signature and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The piano accompaniment is in the bass clef. The tempo is marked 'Andantino'. The score consists of four systems of music. The first system shows the clarinet solo and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the melody. The third system includes a 'tutti' marking and a dynamic 'f' (forte). The fourth system ends with a double bar line and the word 'Volte'.

Seige of St. Quintin.

Voice

The dow = ny cheek so soft so fair, the bosoms snowey

P. Forte

or Harp

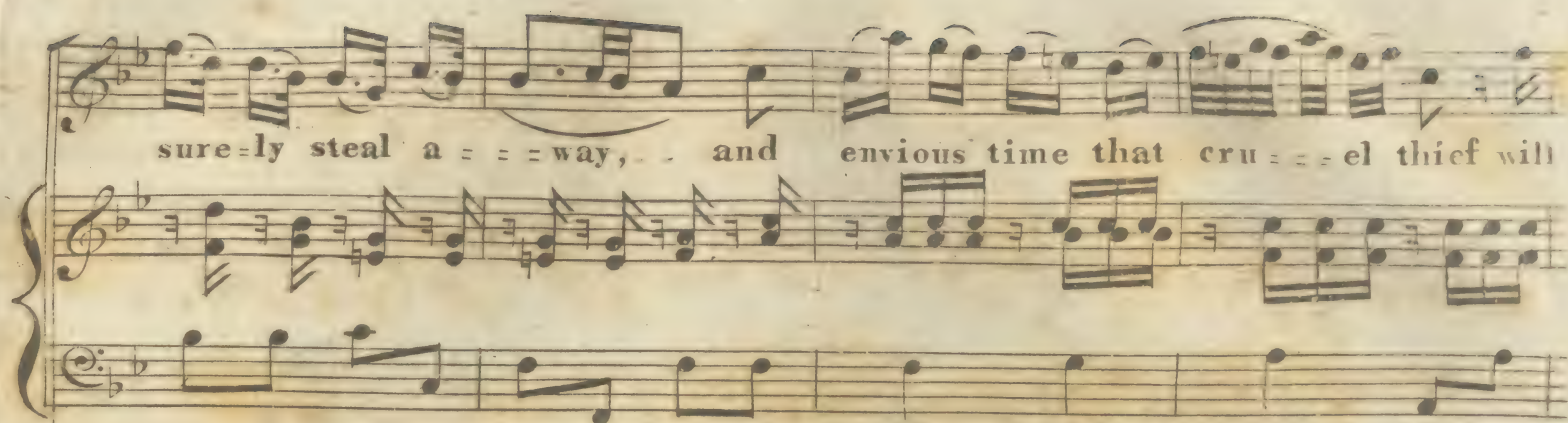
p

whitenefs, the Pouting lip so red so rare the Eye with sparkling

brightnefs, are Beauties like the sum = = = mer leaf, while length of

Years de = = = cay, and envious time that cru = = = el thief will

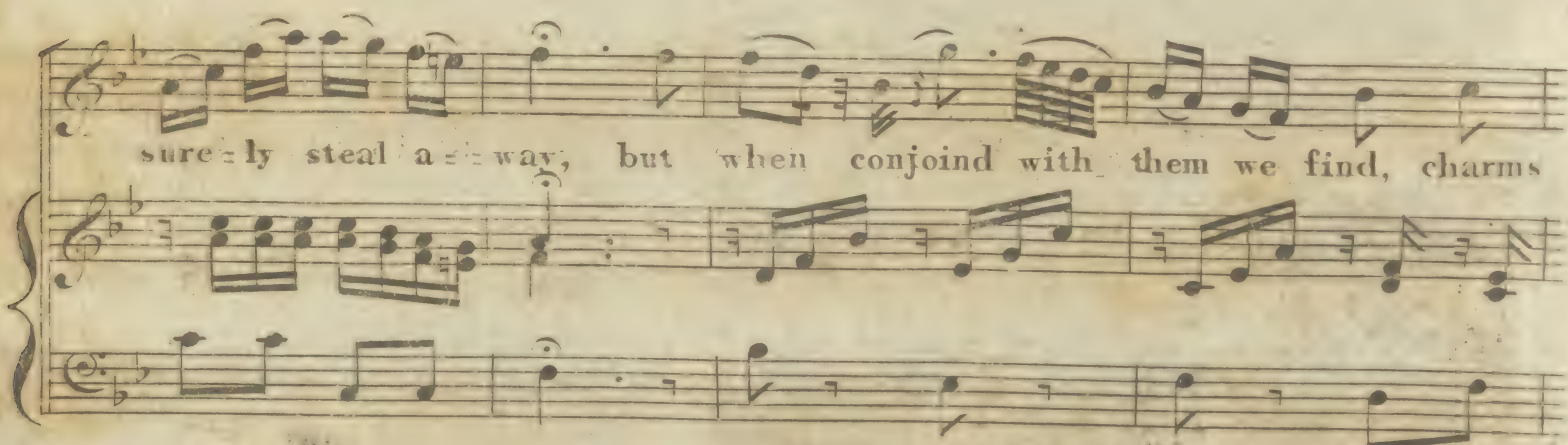
Seige of St. Quintin.



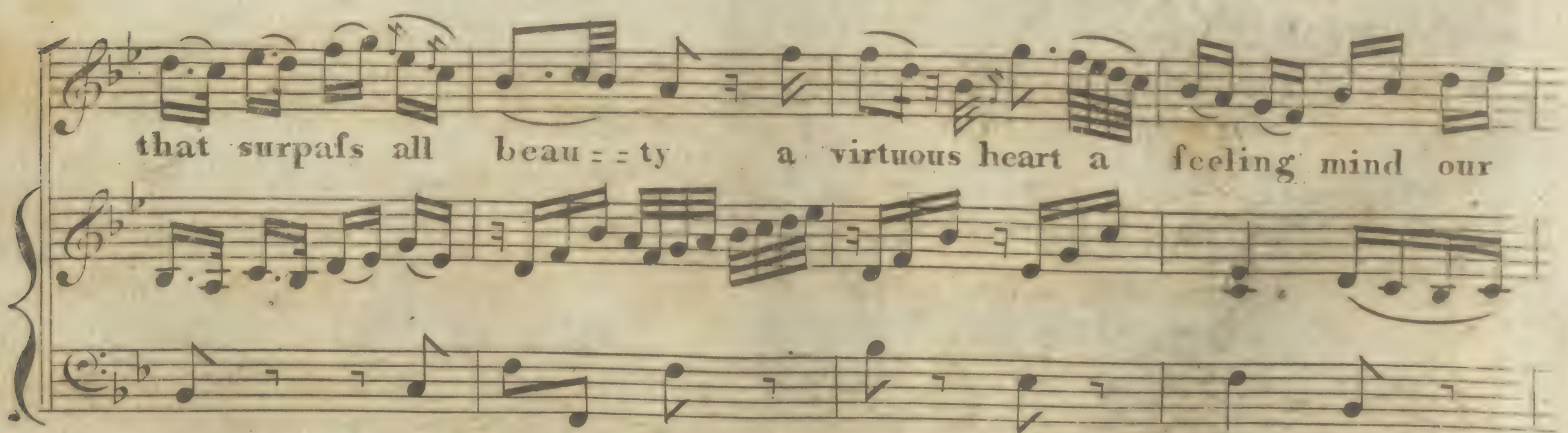
sure-ly steal a way, and envious time that cruel thief will



sure-ly steal a way = = = = = will



sure-ly steal a way, but when conjoind with them we find, charms



that surpasss all beauty a virtuous heart a feeling mind our

Seige of St. Quintin.

love becomes a du-ty, then mad are those who Id-ly range, to

all but beau-ty blind, sure time and place can ne- = ver

change the beau = = = = ties of the mind, all the beauties of the

mind all the beauties of the mind.

Seige of St. Quentin.

Three vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano part consists of two staves, with the right hand in treble clef and the left in bass clef. The tempo is marked **Allegro** and **Furioso**. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: "Silence silence give o'er your Idle".

Allegro
Furioso

Silence silence give o'er your Idle

Three vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano part consists of two staves, with the right hand in treble clef and the left in bass clef. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: "pray'r give o'er your Idle pray'r to the Dungeons gloom your".

pray'r give o'er your Idle pray'r to the Dungeons gloom your

Three vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano part consists of two staves, with the right hand in treble clef and the left in bass clef. The lyrics for the vocal parts are: "Pris'ners bear to the Dungeons gloom your Pris'ners bear".

Pris'ners bear to the Dungeons gloom your Pris'ners bear

fol = diers your or = = ders quick o = = = bey re = sistance is in

fol = diers your or = = ders quick o = = = bey re = sistance is in

fol = diers your or = = ders quick o = = = bey re = sistance is in

vain resistance is in vain, A = way a = = way a = = way a = =

vain resistance is in vain, A = way a = = way a = = way a = =

vain resistance is in vain, A = way a = = way a = = way a = =

= = way.

= = way.

= = way.

End of the First Act

Seige of St. Quintin.

Suelle.
Composed for the
Two Drummers.

London, Printed by Goulding & Cammell 184, New Bond Street & 1 Westmorland Street, Dublin.

Duett.

Andantino

Seige of St. Quintin.

To th' in-glorious love of ease To th' in-glorious love of ease,
 To th' in-glorious love of ease,

to the soft-er joys that please we a-while will bid a dieu
 to the soft-er joys that please we a-while will bid a dieu

Arms and Va-lor to pursue we awhile will bid adieu Arms and Valor to pursue.
 Arms and Va-lor to pursue we awhile will bid adieu Arms and Valor to pursue.

Pleasures gay fan-tas-tic round where no man-ly
 Pleasures gay fan-tas-tic round

vir-tues found where no manly vir-tues found we'll re-sig for
 where no man-ly where no manly vir-tues found we'll re-sig for

mar-tial Fame, nurs'd by Honor's hallow'd Flame. we'll re- = =

= = sign for mar-tial Fame nurs'd by Ho-nor's hallow'd flame.

Un poco Allegro

seek we then the Ten-ted Field seek we then the Ten-ted Field,

grasp the sword the Lance the shield grasp the sword the Lance the shield.

Wars e = = no = bled art acquire, warm'd with Pa = tri = o = tic Fire.

Seige of St. Quintin.

Wars e = no = bled art ac = quire, warm'd with pa = tri = o = tic Fire

Wars e = no = bled art ac = quire, warm'd with pa = tri = o = tic Fire

seek we then the Tented Field, grasp the sword the Lance the shield

seek we then the Tented Field, grasp the sword the Lance the shield

wars e = no = bled art ac = quire, warm'd with Patri = o = tic Fire

wars e = no = bled art ac = quire, warm'd with Patri = o = tic Fire

warm'd with Pa = tri = o = tic Fire, warm'd with Pa = tri = o = tic Fire.

warm'd with Pa = tri = o = tic Fire, warm'd with Pa = tri = o = tic Fire.

See the Glass is out, A Glee.

MODERATO .

The piano introduction consists of two systems of grand staves. The first system begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic in the right hand and a piano (*p*) dynamic in the left hand. The second system continues with a forte (*f*) dynamic in the right hand, which is marked 'Bugle Horn.' The left hand continues with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Primo .

Secondo .

Basso .

PIANO

FORTE .

The vocal and piano accompaniment section features four staves. The vocal staves (Primo, Secondo, Basso) are in C major and 4/4 time. The piano accompaniment is in C major and 4/4 time. The lyrics are: 'See the glass is out Hark I'. The piano part begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The vocal parts enter with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The piano part has a piano (*p*) dynamic. The vocal parts have a piano (*p*) dynamic. The piano part has a piano (*p*) dynamic.

St. Quintin

hear the horn that sounds re-treat, And the Drum the drowsy summons beat, that
 hear the horn that sounds re-treat, And the Drum the drowsy summons beat, that
 And the Drum the drowsy summons beat, that
 calls the Mid.-night round, that calls the Mid.-night round. O my
 calls the Mid.-night round, that calls the Mid.-night round. O my
 calls the Mid.-night round, that calls the Mid.-night round. O my
 Boys to Night The so-cial glass we've pass'd a-round, To - -
 Boys to Night The glass we've pass'd a-round, To - -
 Boys to Night The so-cial glass we've pass'd a-round, To - -

Cres:
- mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, To - mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, That
Cres:
- mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, To - mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, That
Cres:
- mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, To - mor-row shall the trum-pet sound, That

Trumpets.

calls us to the field, That calls us to the field. To -
calls us to the field, That calls us to the field. To -
calls us to the field, That calls us to the field.

sfz
8^{ve}

- mor-row shall the Trum-pet sound, To - mor-row shall the Trum-pet
- mor-row shall the Trum-pet sound, To - mor-row shall the Trum-pet
To - mor-row shall the Trumpet sound, To -

Chorus. *ff*

St Quintin

sound, That calls us to the Field, That calls us

sound, That calls us to the Field, That calls us

mor-row shall the Trum-pet sound the trum-pet sound, That calls us

to the field

to the field

to the field

sfz

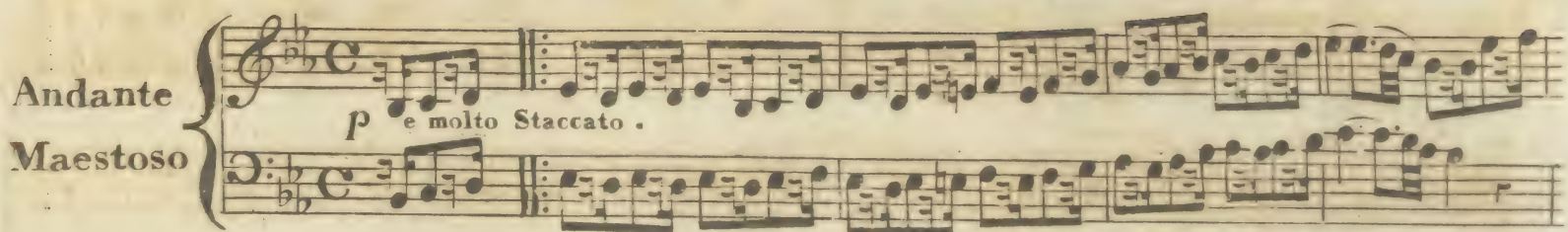
8ve

FINE.

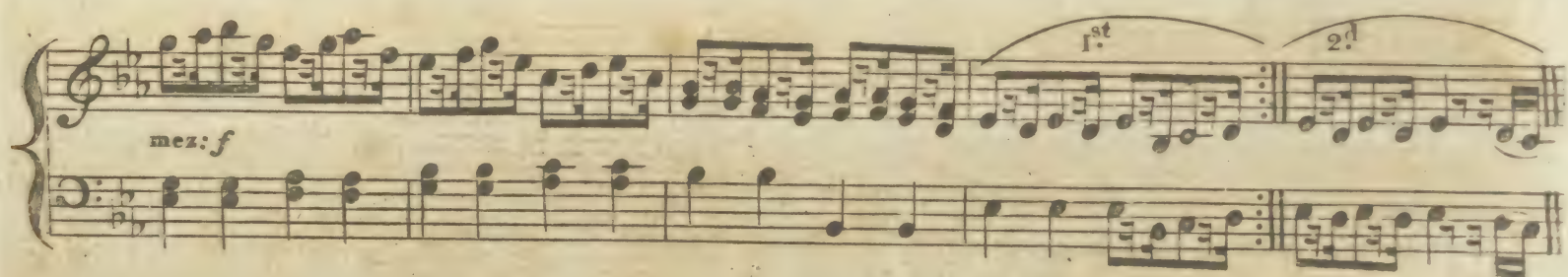
St Quintin

A. March.

Andante
Maestoso

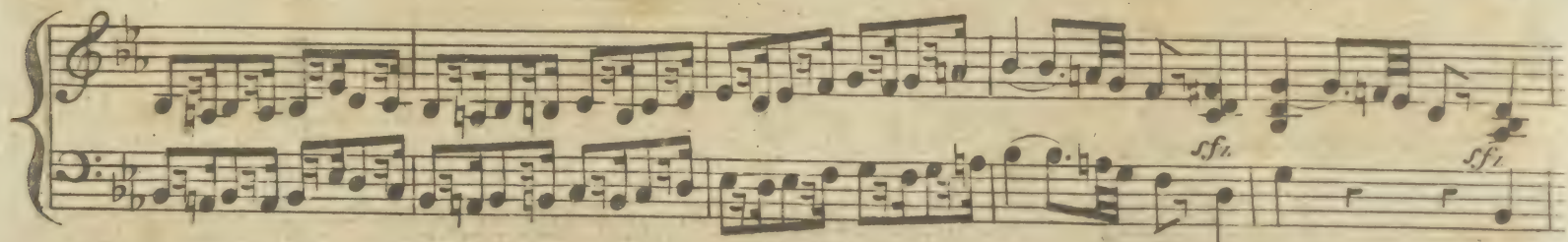


p e molto Staccato .

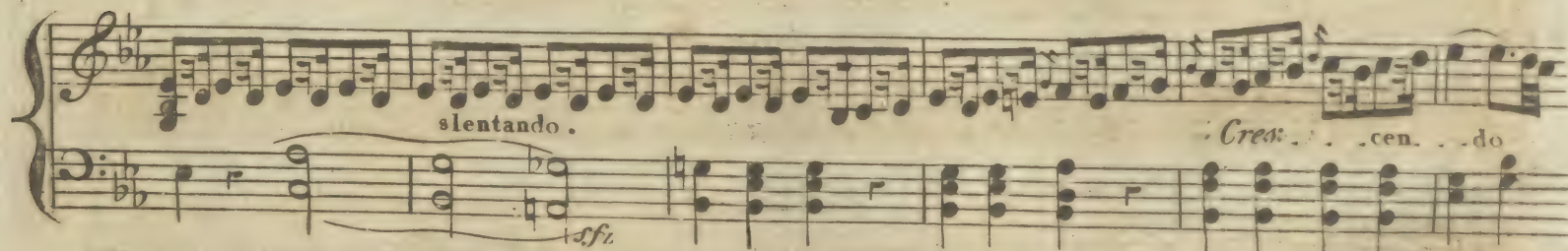


mez: *f*

1st 2^d

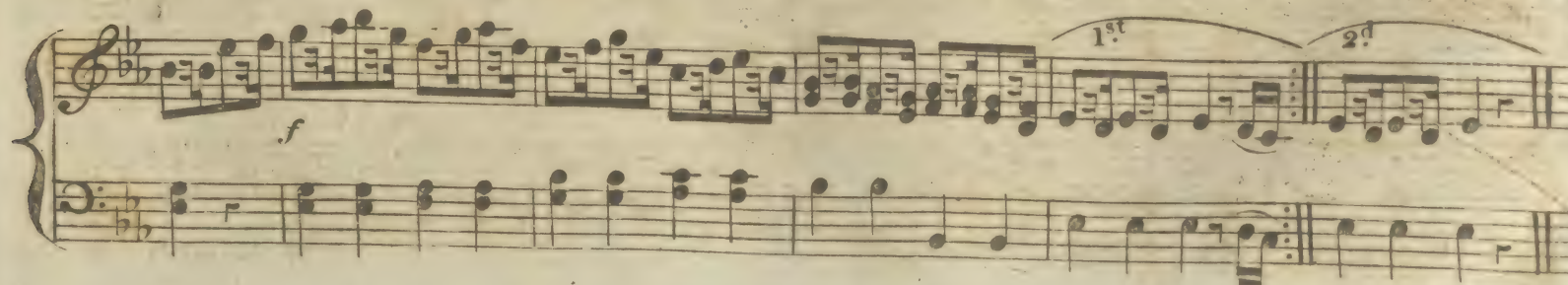


sfz *sfz*



slentando . Cres. cen. do

sfz



f

1st 2^d

The above March may be play'd on the Harp .

St Quintin

The Goddess of celestial Fire
Air & Recitative.

41

Sung by
MR. BRAHAM,

London, Printed by Goulding & Co. at 124, New Bond Street & 7 Westmorland Str.^t Dublin.

SPIRITOSO. *for*

St. Quintin.

Thee Goddess of Ce=lestial Fire, burns in the temple of each

for

Patriot breast Li=ber=ty Li=ber=ty on thee I

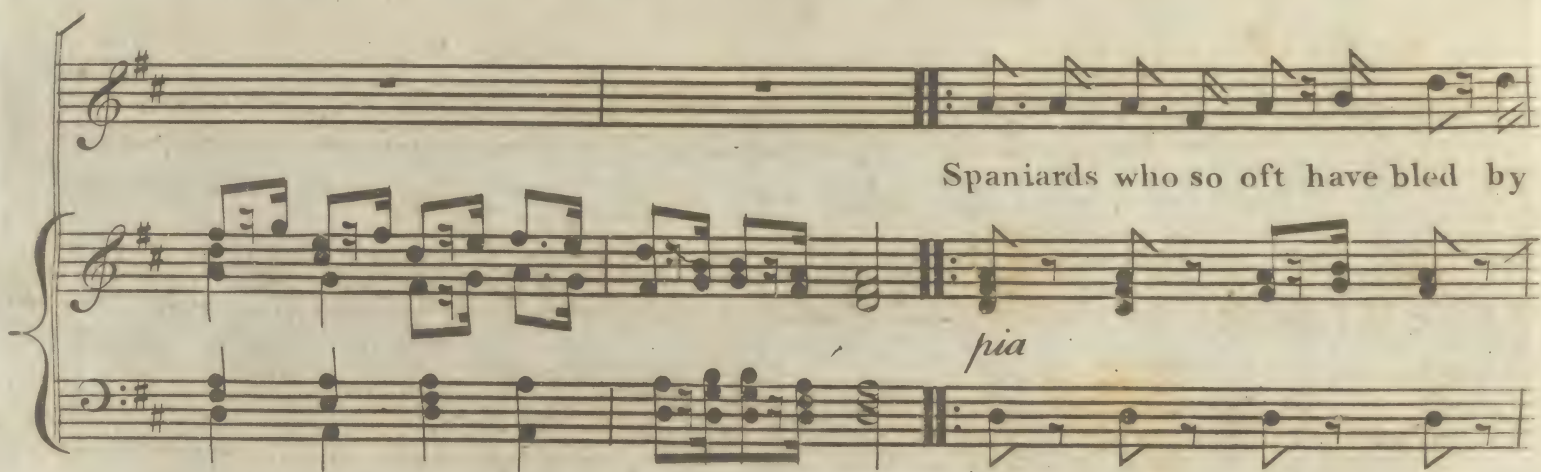
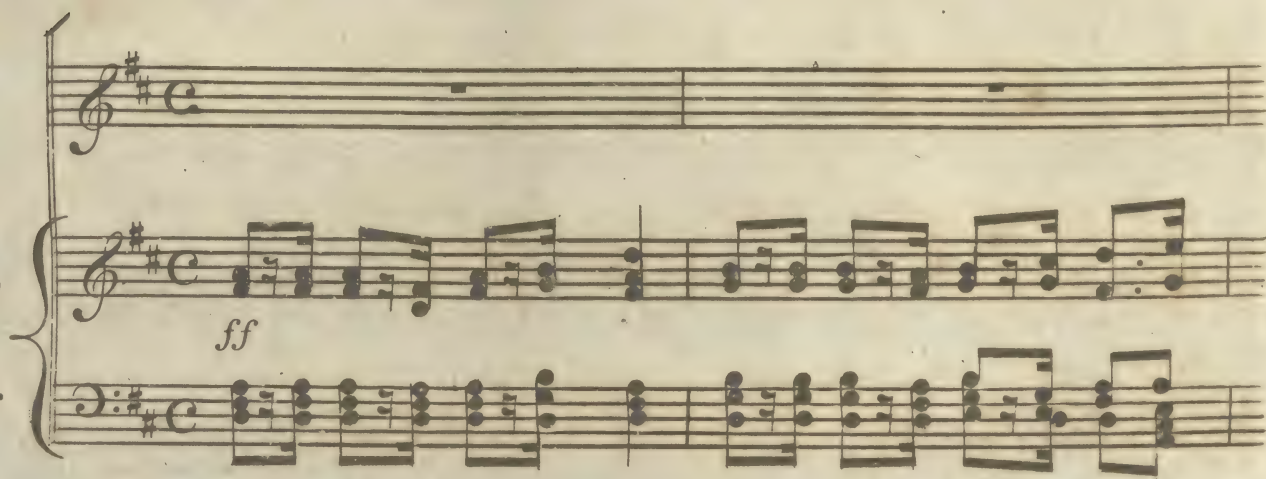
call Inspire my song and teach my kindling Soul

for

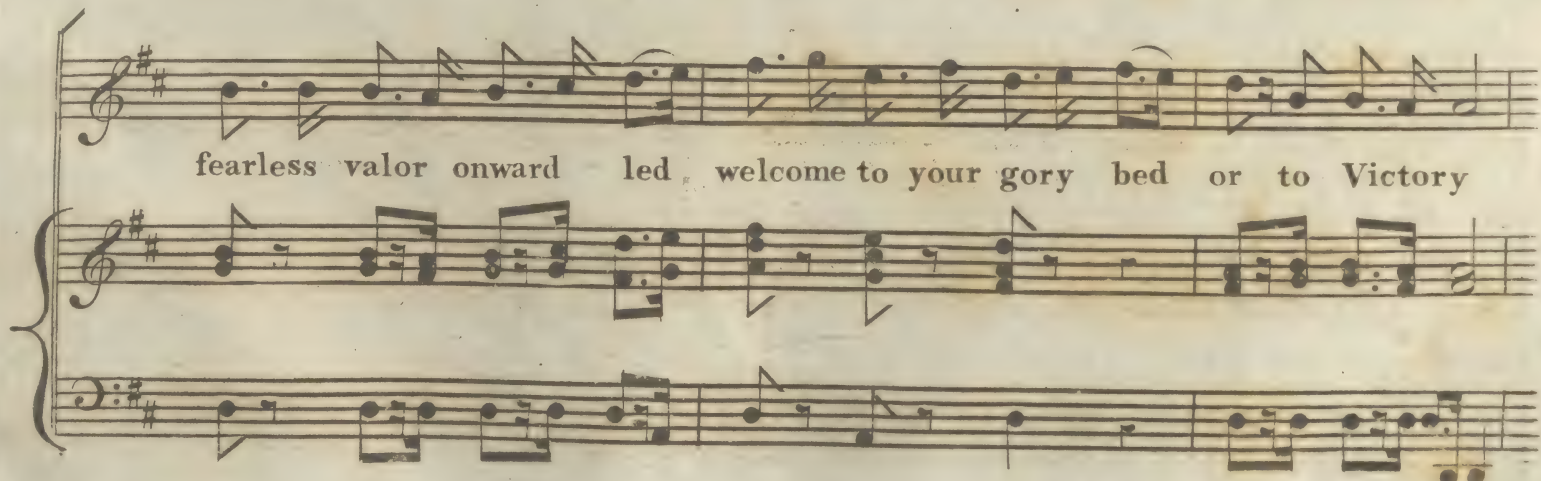
thy boldest strain.

Air, Mr. Braham.

SLOW AND
MAJESTIC.



Spaniards who so oft have bled by



Nows the time and nows the hour, See the front of battle low'r, See approach proud
Gallia's pow'r, Chains and Slavery :

for

2

Who wou'd be a Traitor Knave,
Who wou'd fill a Cowards grave;
Who so base to be a Slave,
Let him turn and flee .
Who for Spain her King and Law,
Freedom's sword will fearless draw;
Freeman stand or Freeman fall ,
Let him on with me .

3

By oppressions woes and pains ,
By our Sons in servile chains ,
We will drain our dearest veins ,
But they shall be free .
Lay the proud Usurper low ,
Tyrants fall in every Foe ,
Liberty's in every blow ,
Let us do or die .

CHORUS of Soldiers in Unison.

By Oppressions woes and pains, By our Sons in servile chains,
ff
ff
We will drain our dearest veins, But they shall be free;
Lay the proud U = sur = per low, Tyrants fall in ev'ry foe,
Li = ber = ty's in ev'ry blow, Let us do or die.

The musical score is written for a chorus of soldiers in unison. It consists of a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is G major (one sharp) and the time signature is common time (C). The piano accompaniment is marked with *ff* (fortissimo) in the first system. The lyrics are: "By Oppressions woes and pains, By our Sons in servile chains, We will drain our dearest veins, But they shall be free; Lay the proud U = sur = per low, Tyrants fall in ev'ry foe, Li = ber = ty's in ev'ry blow, Let us do or die." The score is divided into four systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano accompaniment is written in a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The vocal line is written in a single staff. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The score ends with a double bar line.

Laura
 Sung by
M^r Braham

Printed by Goulding & Co. 101 New Bond Street & J. W. & Co. 21 Strand Street Dublin.

Flute's 8^{va} alto

ADANTINO
CON ESPRESSIONE

for pia

-Loco
for

St. Quintin.

Softly Blew the eastern breezes, Gently fell the dews of

pp

night, Edward left his lovely Laura, For the Glo = ry of the

fight, Battle then with fury rag-ing, She in tears her lover

for sf pia

mournd, And with grief his loss de = plo = ring, Lau = ra to her

Cot re - - - - - turn'd, Lau = ra Lau = = ra to her

ad lib:

Cot - - - - - re = = turn'd .

pp

for

2

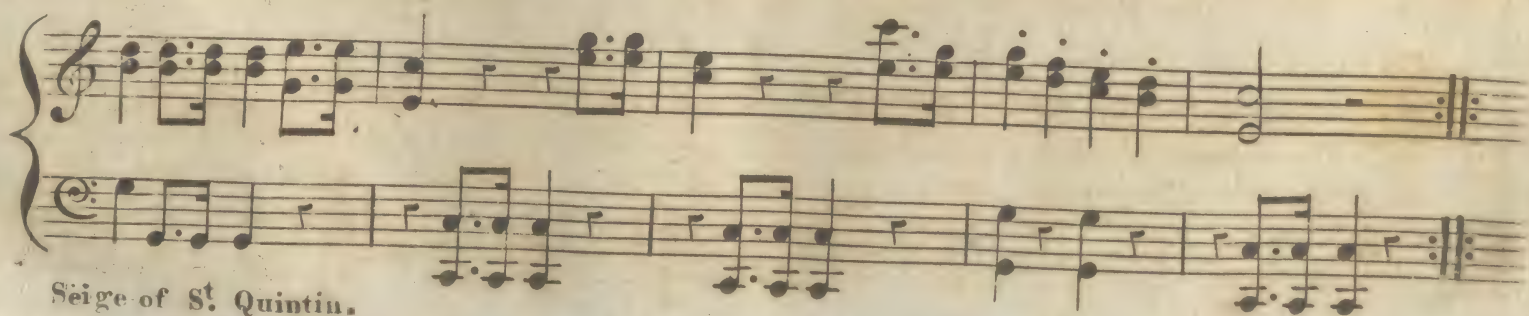
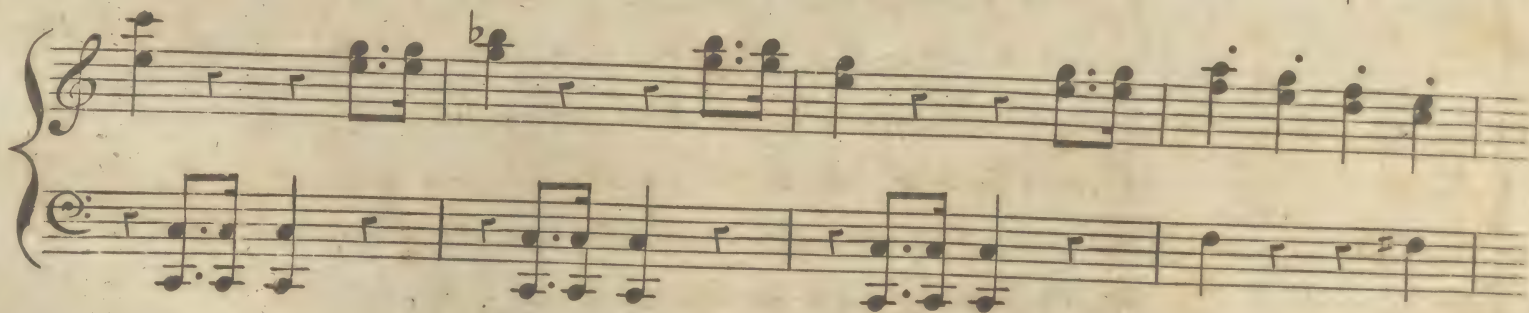
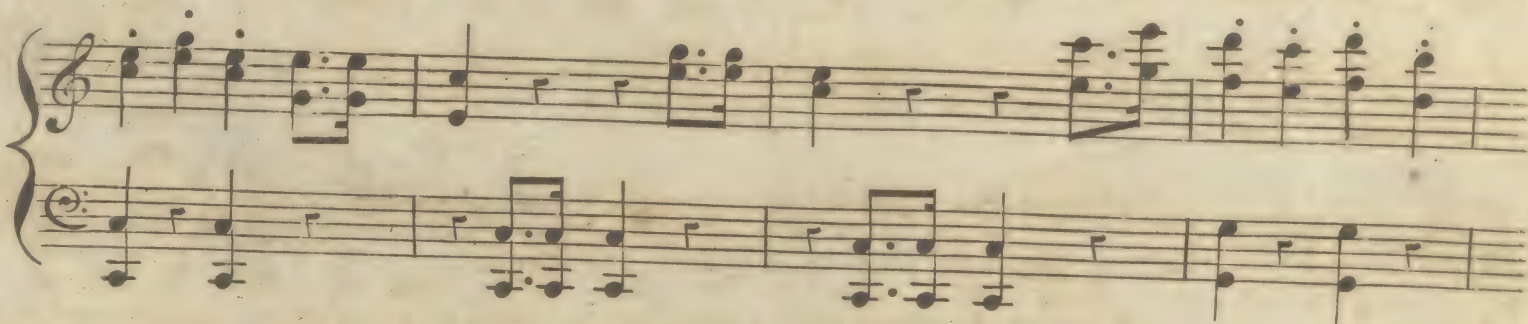
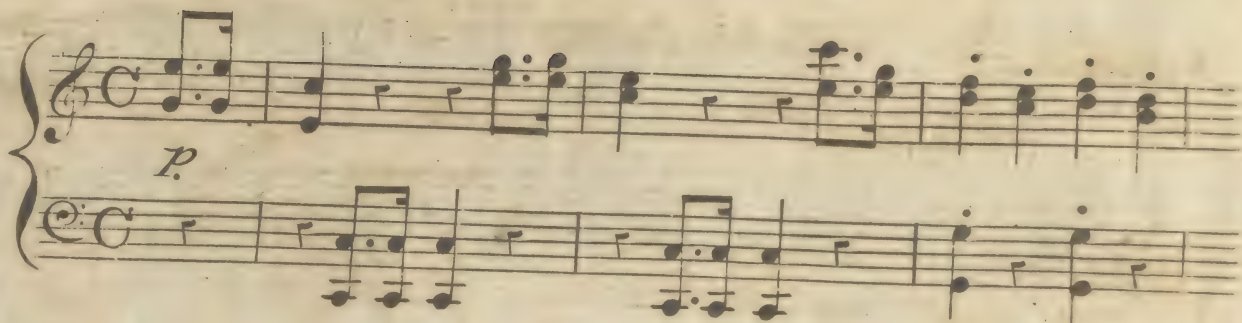
Bright the glitt'ring spears were shining,
 Strong the Foe that grac'd the field,
 Patriot Valor still resisting,
 Forc'd the Haughty Host to yield.
 Trembling Laura's heart now triumph'd,
 With a double joy it burn'd,
 Spain's proud Foes were nobly conquer'd,
 And her lover safe return'd.

St. Quintin.

43

The Dead March and Procession of the Prisoners.

March



Seige of St. Quintin.

See the Flag of my Nation
 Sung by
Mr Braham

London, Printed by Goulding & Co. 124 New Bond Street & 7, Westmorland Street, Dublin.

Spiritoso **Trumpet Solo**

See the Flag of my Na-tion waves on high, the

signal of a glori-ous Vic-to-ry see the Flag of my Na-tion

waves on high the sig-nal of a glorious Vic-to-ry see the Flag of my

na-tion waves on high the signal of a glorious Vic-to-ry the

of St. Quintin.

Trum:
 signal of a glorious Vic-to-ry. the signal of a glorious

Trum:
 Vic-to-ry. the signal of a glorious Vic-to-ry Vic-to-ry.

Vic-to-ry Vic-to-ry Vic-to-ry. the signal of a glorious Vic-to-ry. *ff*

Nor e'er shall free'd I-beria own a Foreign *p*

Despot on her Throne Britain as-sist thou Monarch of the Sea, and

grateful Spain shall like thy-self be free Britain as-sist thou

Seige of St Quintin.

52

Monarch of the Sea, and grateful Spain shall like thyself be free and

Andantino

grateful Spain shall like thyself be free. Then gentle Peace as =

D.C. pp

=sume thy smiling reign, load forth thy Flocks and cheer the sterile

Plain again our Vines then drooping heads shall rear, and

thrive beneath the Olive branch the Olive branch you bear, and

thrive beneath the Olive branch you bear. *D.C.*

Seige of St. Quintin.

Finis

NARENSEKY,

The

Overture, Songs, Duet & Trio,

in the above Opera

Composed by

W^M REEVE,

& performed at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane

The Poetry by Cha^s Brown Esq^r

1814

Pr. 10/6

LONDON.

*Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses,
97, Strand.*

Where may be had just published
The Debating Society — D^r Brown
The Pearl & The Bells at their Cellars
Sung in the Opera "The Farmer's Wife"

rem 15415

D1401/3

OVERTURE NARENSKY.

Allegro
Moderato

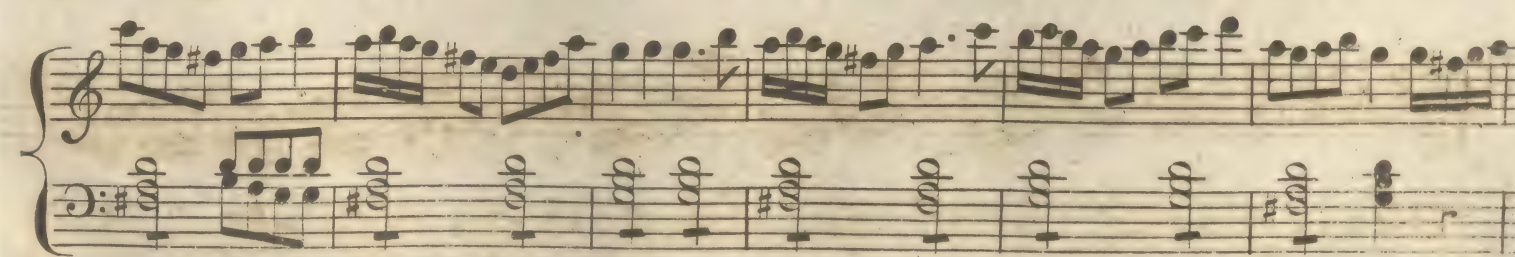
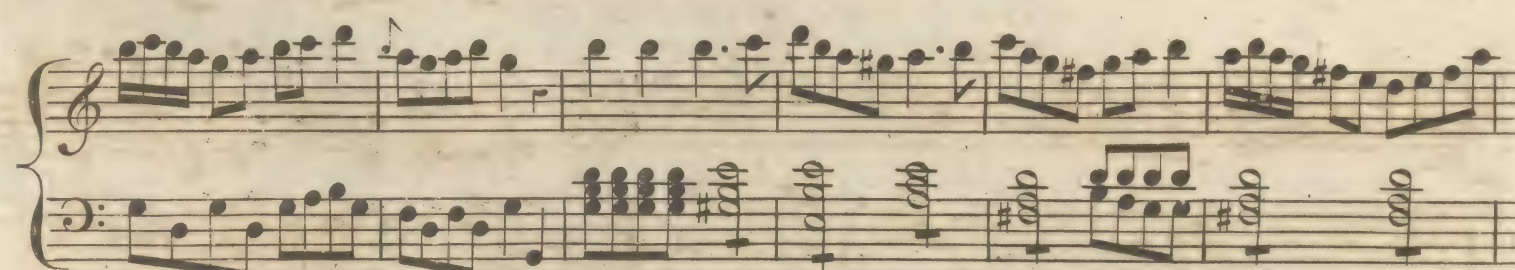
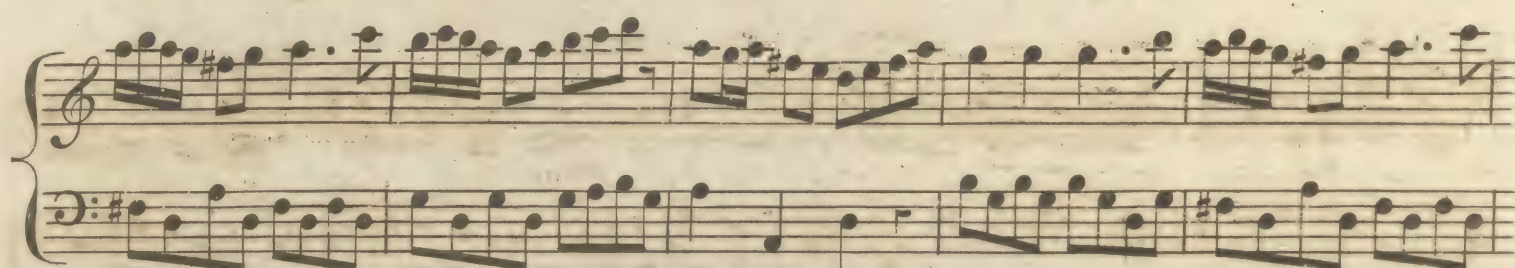
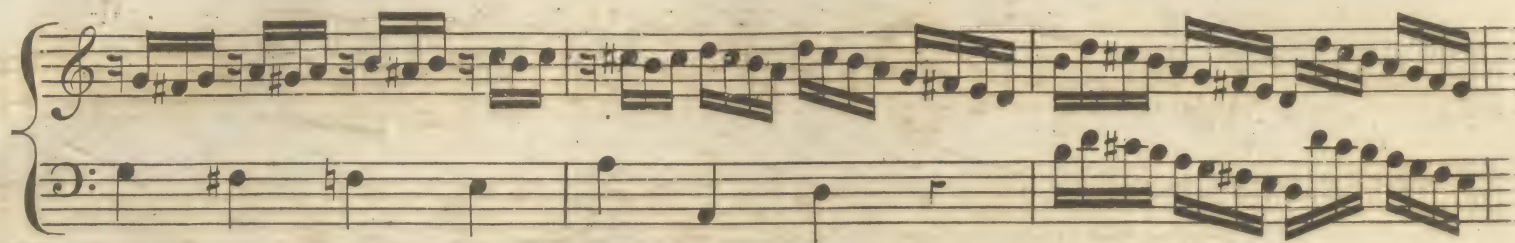
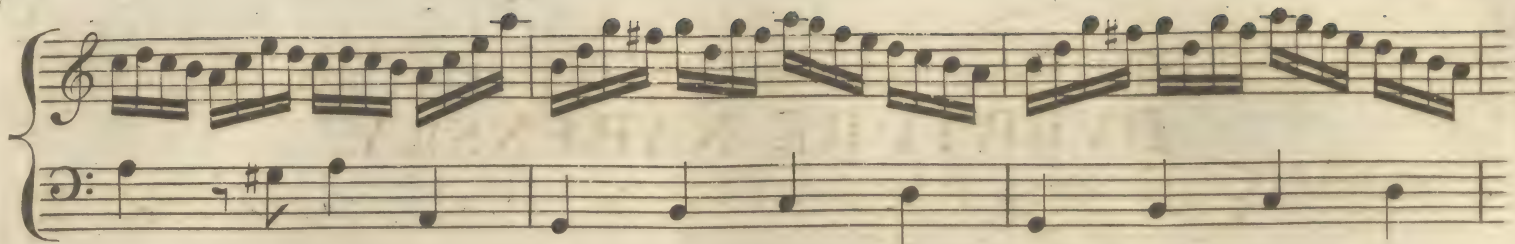
Reeve

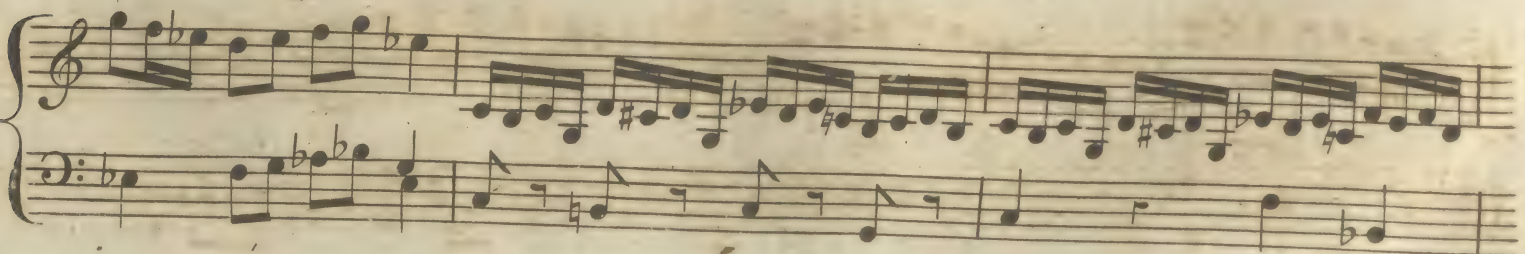
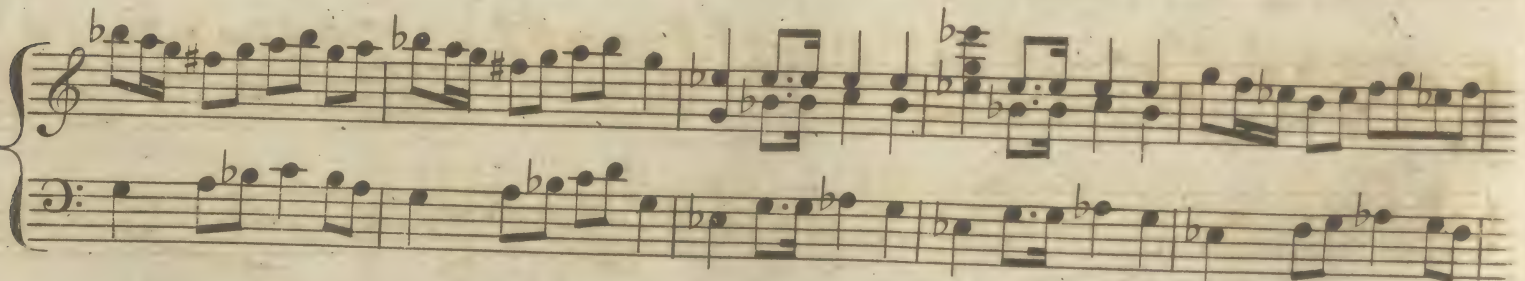
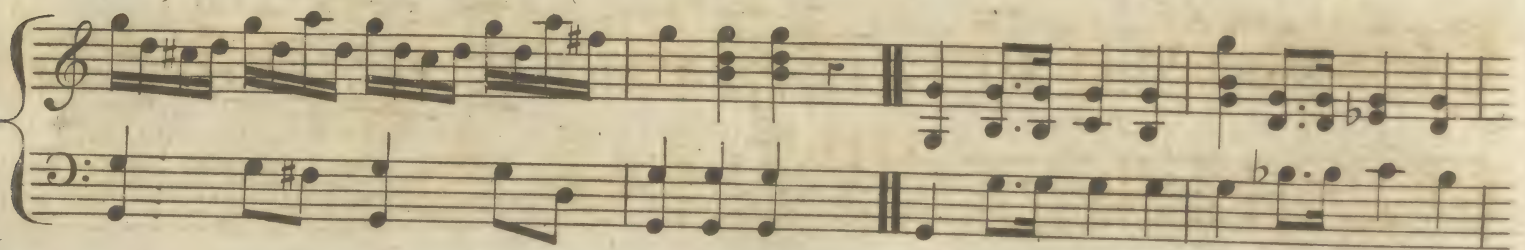
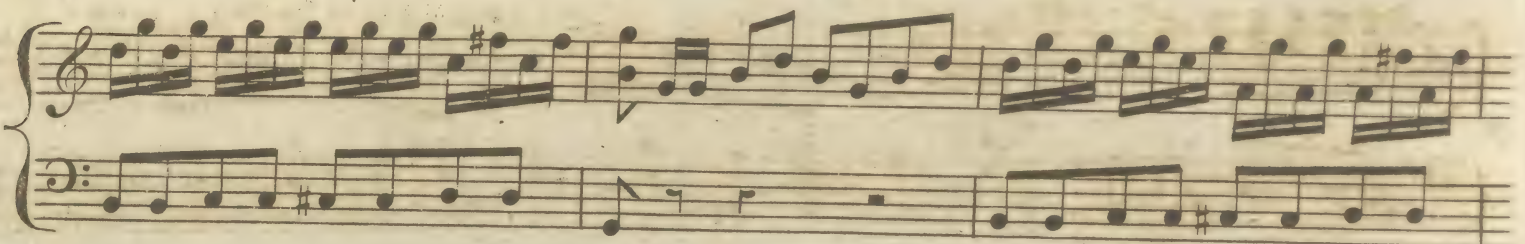
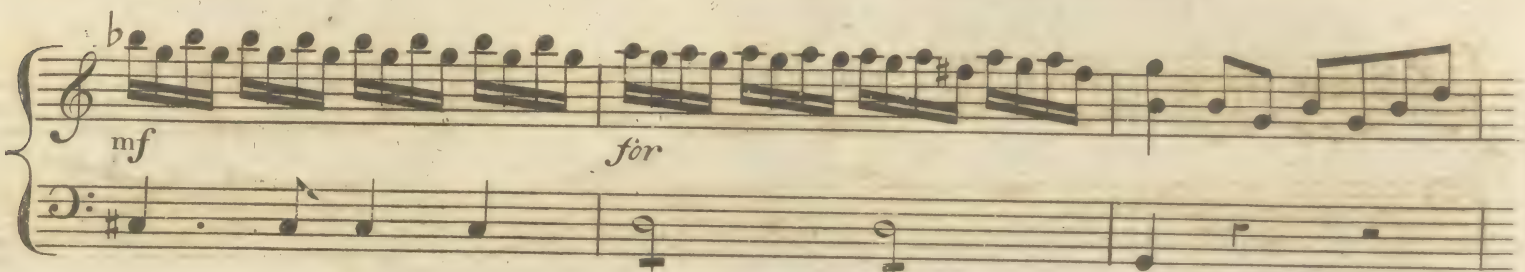
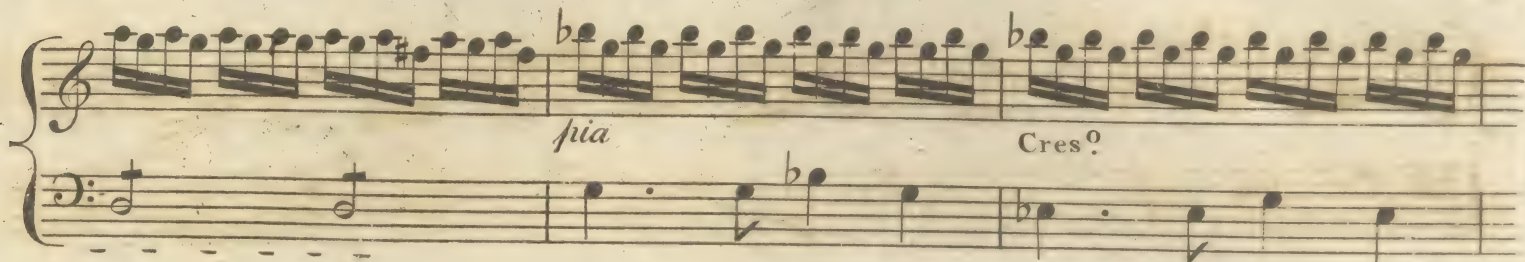
Bugle

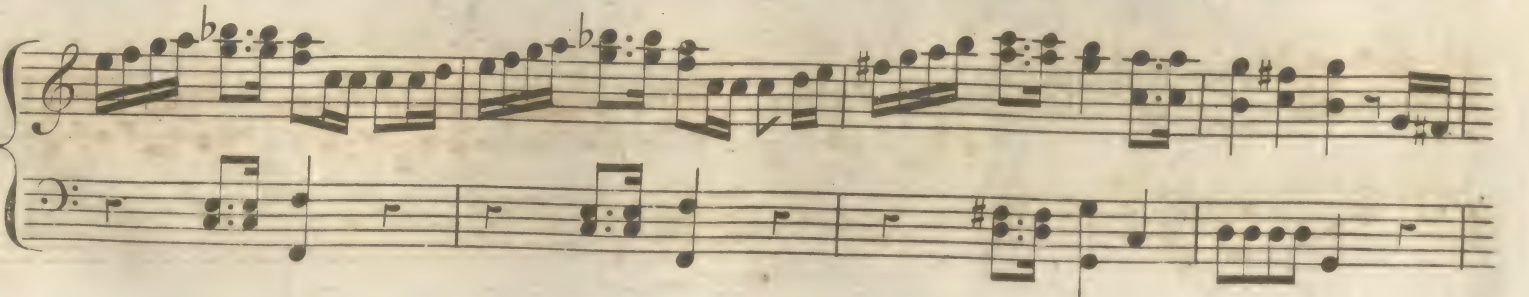
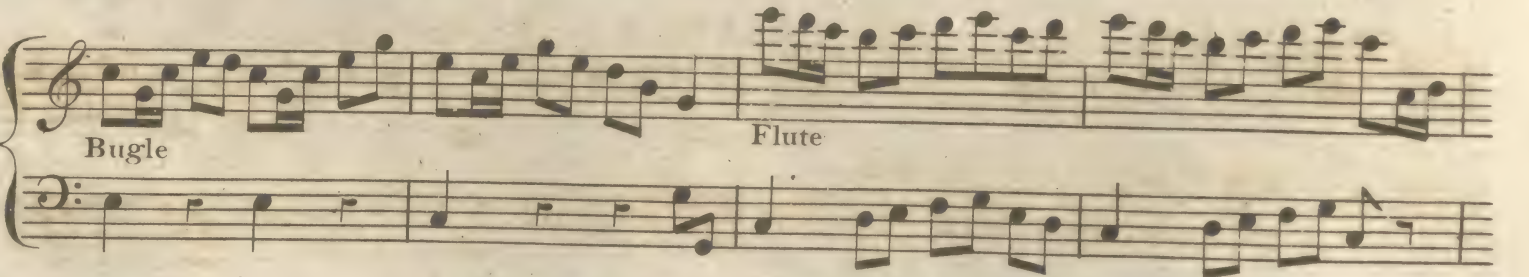
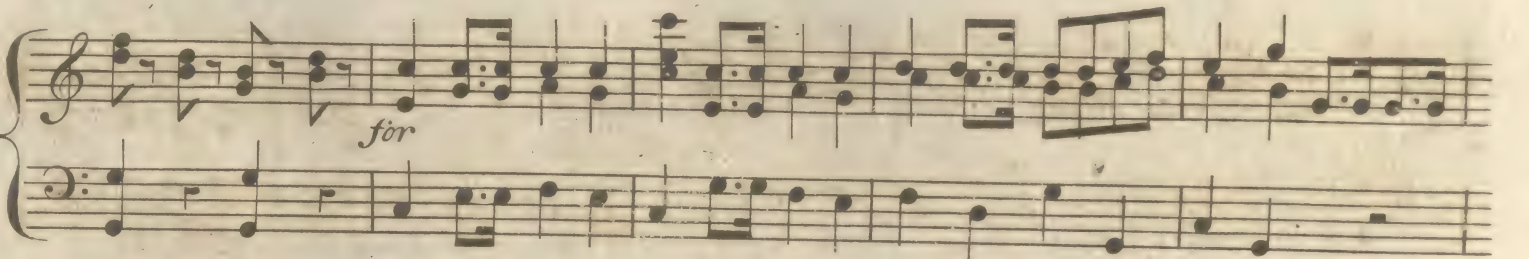
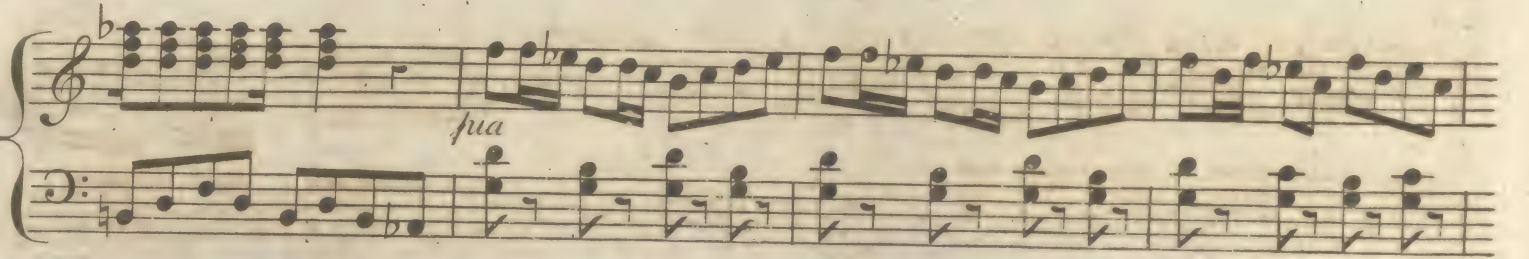
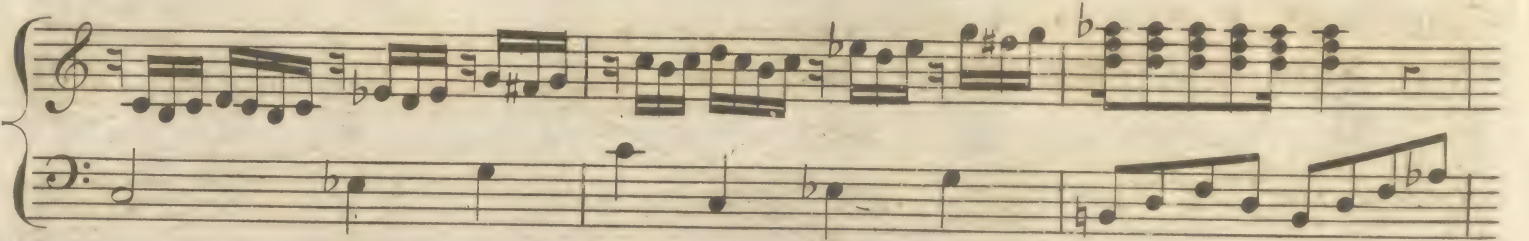
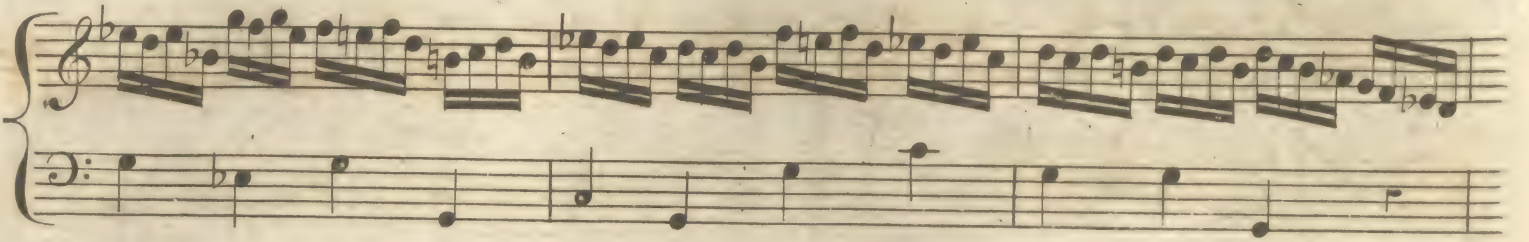
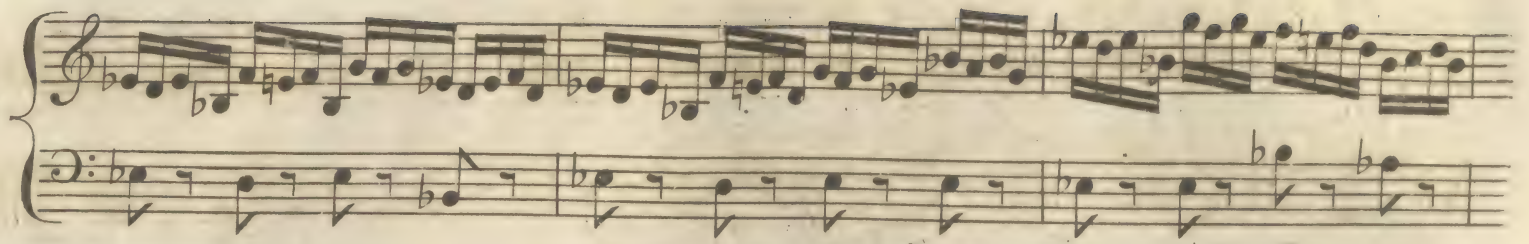
Oboe

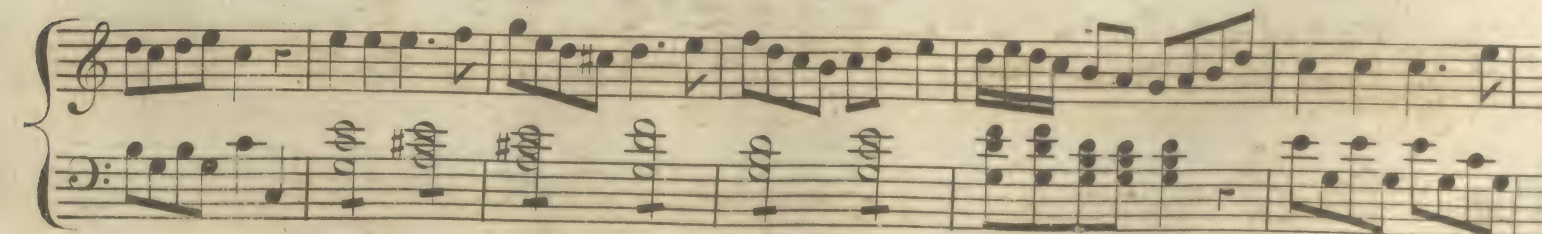
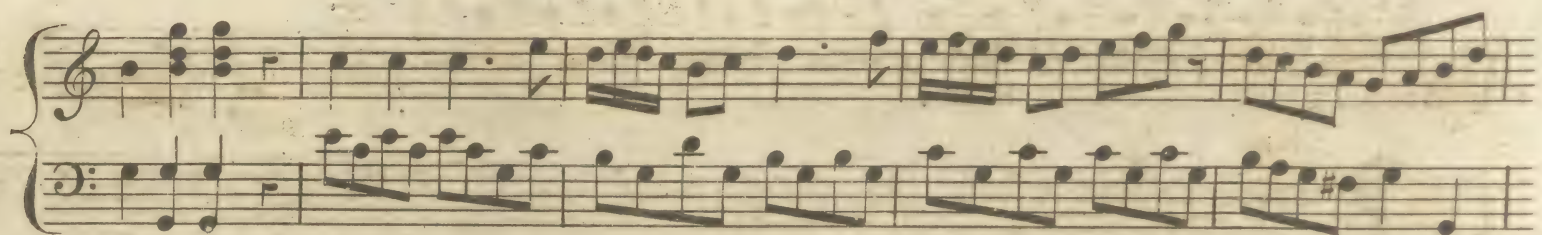
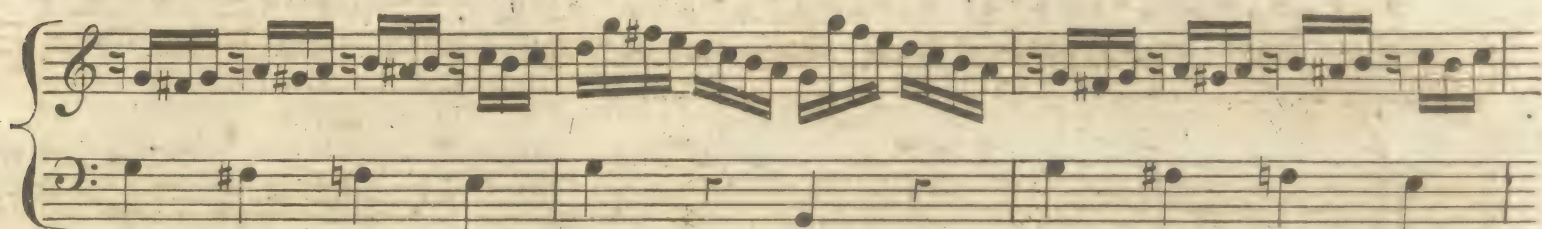
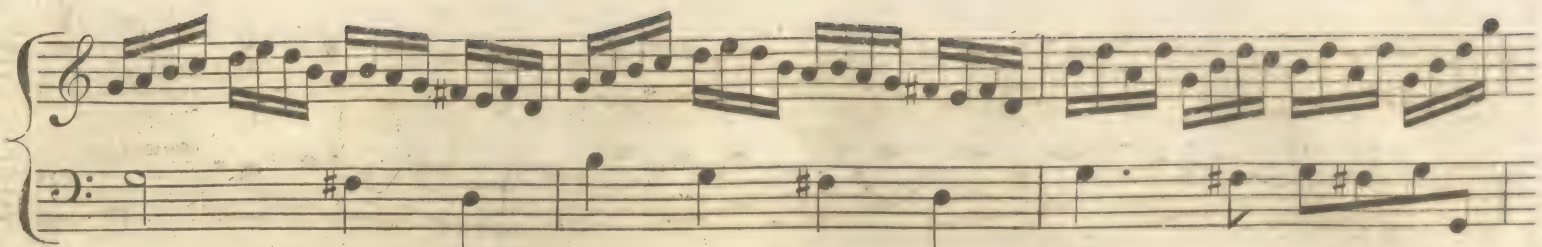
Flute

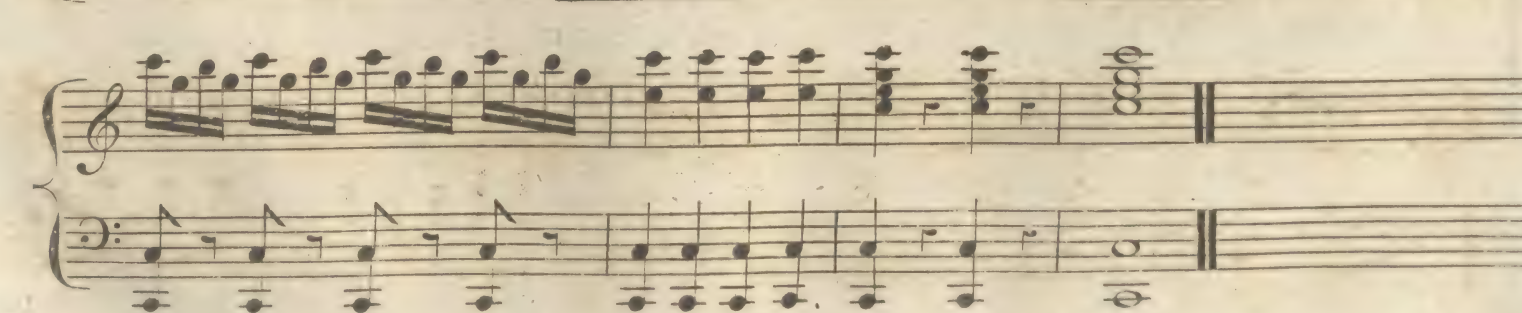
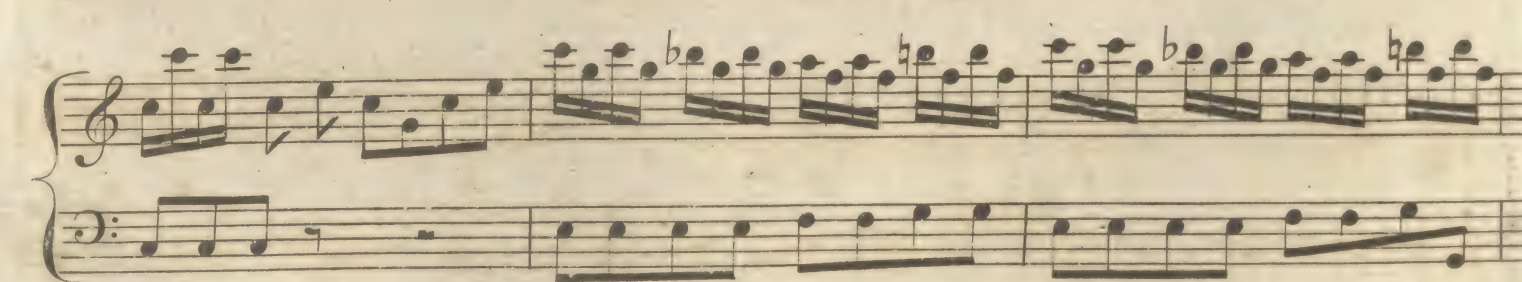
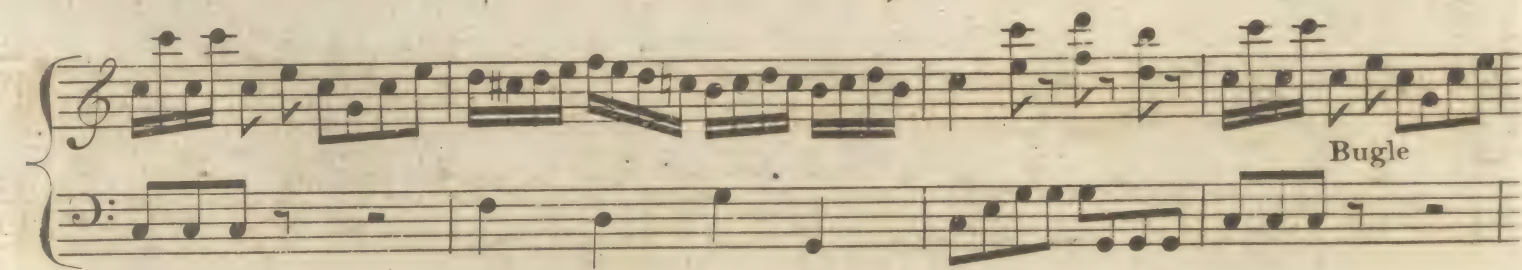
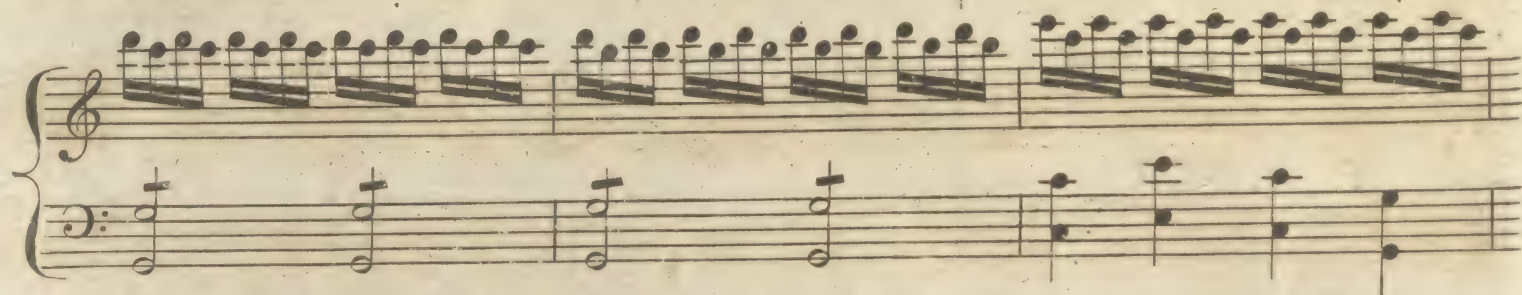
This musical score is for the piano introduction of 'The Merry Widow' by Franz Lehár. It is written for a piano and woodwind ensemble. The score begins with a piano introduction in 2/4 time, marked 'Allegro' and 'Moderato'. The piano part is written in treble and bass staves. The woodwind parts include Bugle, Oboe, and Flute. The Bugle part is written in treble clef. The Oboe and Flute parts are written in treble and bass staves. The score is in C major and 2/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' and 'Moderato'. The score is for a piano introduction, featuring a piano and woodwind ensemble. The piano part is written in treble and bass staves. The woodwind parts include Bugle, Oboe, and Flute. The Bugle part is written in treble clef. The Oboe and Flute parts are written in treble and bass staves. The score is in C major and 2/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' and 'Moderato'. The score is for a piano introduction, featuring a piano and woodwind ensemble.











RONDO.

Vivace

Oboe Solo

Tutti

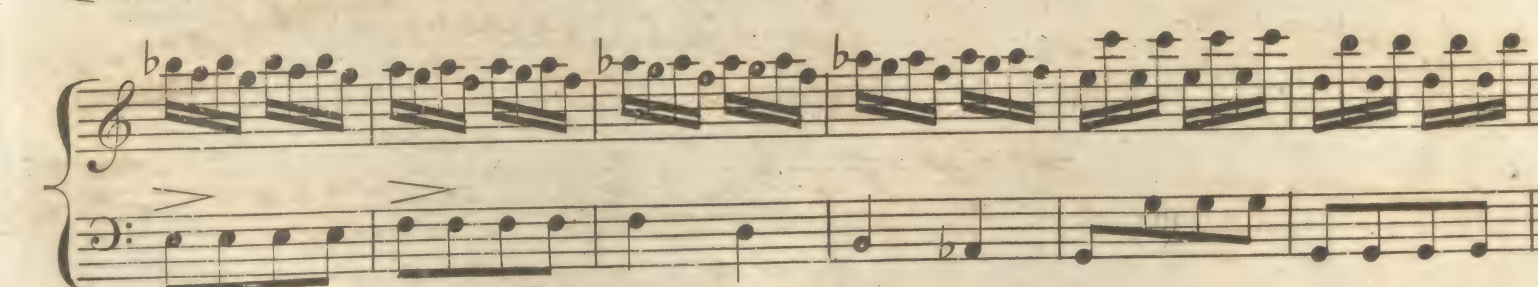
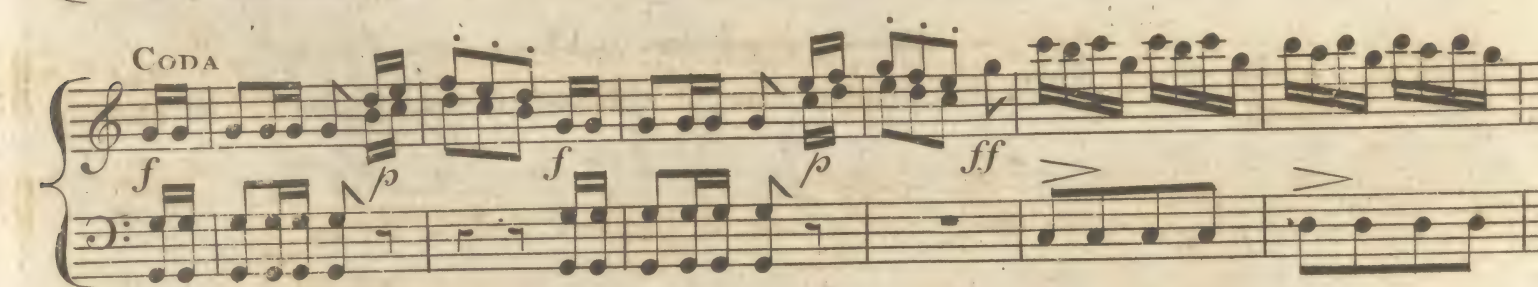
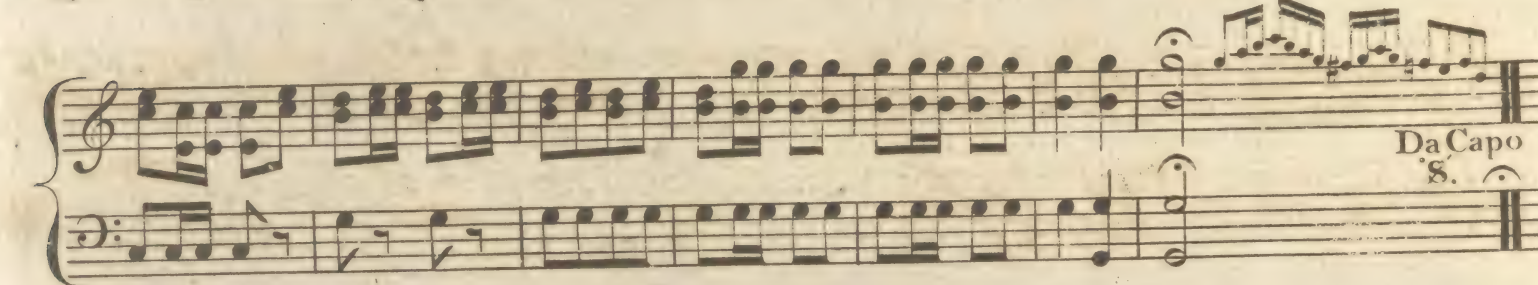
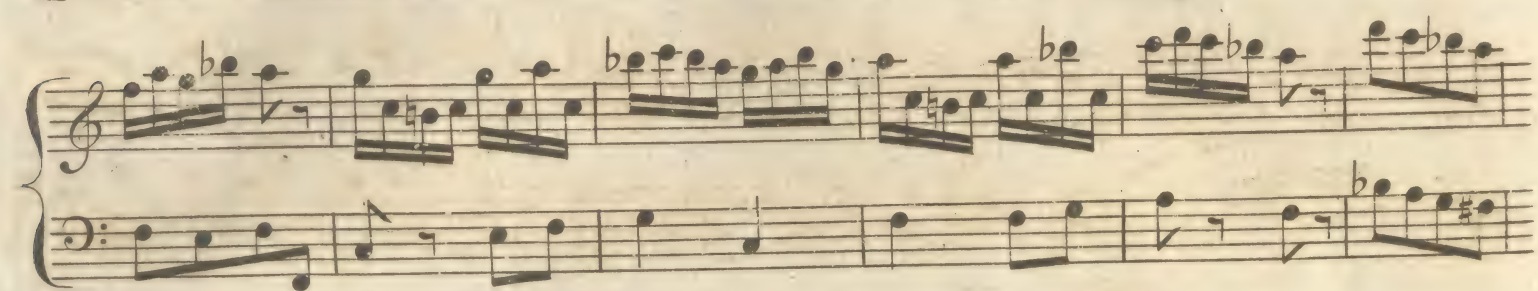
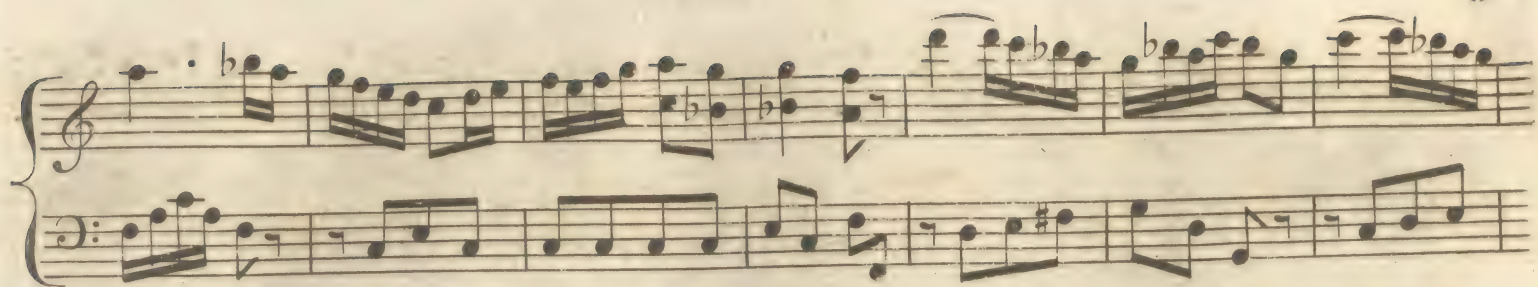
Oboe

f *rit*

Tutti

Oboe Solo

Tutti



TRUE IT IS I DEARLY LOVE

a favorite Ballad

SUNG BY MISS KELLY:

at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane.

in the Opera of

NARENSKY,

Written by Cha^s. Brown Esq.

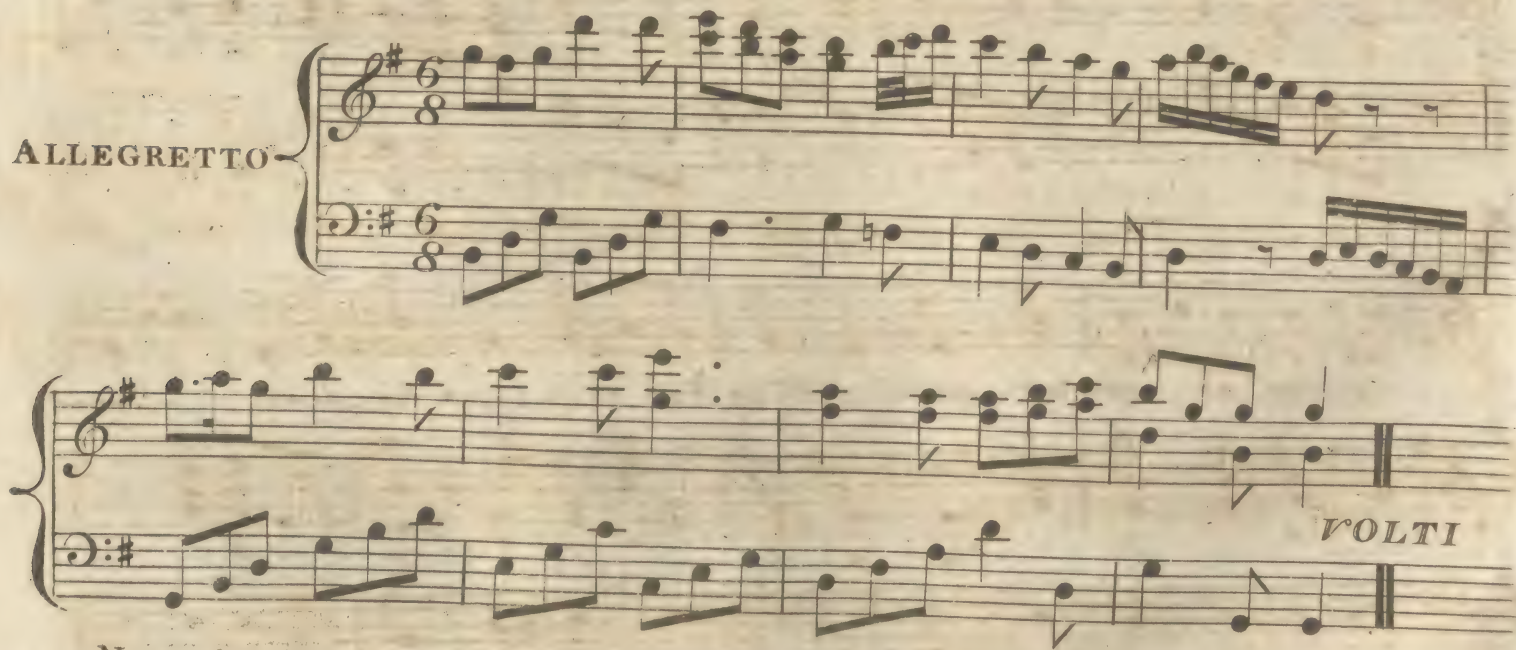
Composed by

Will^m. Reeve.

Pr. 1/.

London Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

ALLEGRETTO



Narensky.

True it is I dear-ly love, Nor need my heart des-pair

Sure I am the Maid will prove, As kind as she is fair But

hold, they tell me ill success, At - tends the babbling lover, Then

ne-ver ne-ver let my tongue The Fair one's name dis-cover Then

never, ne-ver let my tongue the Fair one's name dis-co-ver, Then

ne-ver, never let my tongue The Fair one's name dis-co-ver.

2

Oft her hand I've gently press'd
 Nor did she once resist;
 Oft the Maid have I caress'd
 And oft her lip have kiss'd
 But hold, no more will I reveal
 And prove a babbling Lover
 Oh, never, never let my tongue
 The Fair one's name discover.

WINTRY SNOW STORMS

a favorite Rondo in the Russian Style,

SUNG BY M^{RS} DICKONS

with the utmost applause at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane

in the Opera of

NAREN SKY

Written by Cha^s Brown Esq^r

Composed by W^M REEVE.

Pr. 1/6

London, Printed & Sold by PRESTON, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand,

Allegretto
Scherzando

The musical score is written for piano and features a treble and bass staff. It begins with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The tempo markings 'Allegretto' and 'Scherzando' are placed to the left of the first staff. The score consists of three systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The first system has a repeat sign at the end. The second system also has a repeat sign at the end. The third system concludes with a double bar line. The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages and chords, typical of a Scherzando or Allegretto tempo.

Win - - try Snow Storms hide no more, no more the love - ly scene, Milder

breezes clothe the woods in youth - ful green.

See around us Na - ture sweet - ly sweet - ly smiles a - gain,

Flow'rs un - fold - ing bloom up - - on the ver - - dant plain.

See around us Na - - ture sweet - - ly smiles a - - - gain

Flow'rs un - fold - ing bloom up - on the ver - dant plain

Cheer - - ful la - bour to the fields im pa - tient flies,

Pleas'd be-holding warmer Suns and clearer skies, Dear lov'd Summer! with thy

soft and gen-tle gales, Ev'-ry bosom thy re-turn with rap-ture

hails with rap-

- - - ture hail -

Da Capo §.

VIEW THE SORDID WORLD AROUND

A favorite Glee for three Voices.

Sung by

Mr. J. Smith, Mr. Lee & Mr. Cook.

at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane.

in the Opera of

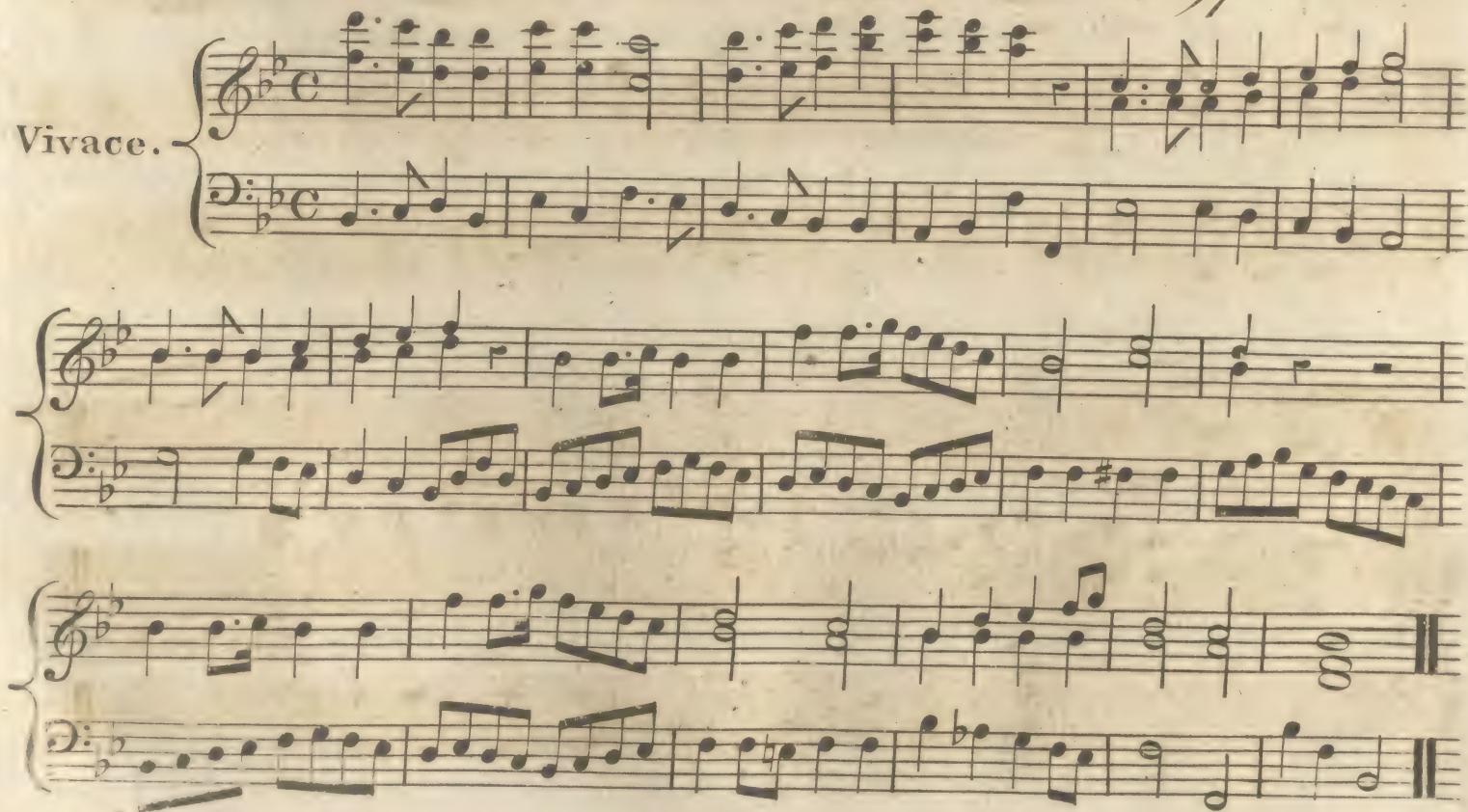
N A R E N S K Y,

Written by Chas. Brown Esq.

Composed by **WILL. REEVE.**

London Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

Vivace.



View the sordid world a-round, Ho-nesty in rags is found While boundless riches

View the sordid world a-round, Ho-nesty in rags is found While boundless riches

View the sordid world a-round, Ho-nesty in rags is found While boundless riches

crown the wise who fearless ev'ry Law despise, fearless ev'ry Law despise.

crown the wise who fearless ev'ry Law despise, fearless ev'ry Law despise.

crown the wise who fearless ev'ry Law despise, fearless ev'ry Law despise.

Fortune's frowns let Fools en-dure, Sigh for riches yet be poor, yet be poor,

Fortune's frowns let Fools en-dure, Sigh for riches yet be poor, yet be poor,

Fortune's frowns let Fools en-dure, Sigh for riches yet be poor, yet be poor,

yet be poor, A no-ble heart, A no-ble heart, A no-ble heart her

yet be poor, A no-ble heart, A no-ble heart her

yet be poor, A no-ble heart her

theatning braves, Nor courts her smiles, nor courts her smiles like cow - ard

theatning braves, Nor courts her smiles, nor courts her smiles like cow - ard

theatning braves, Nor courts her smiles, nor courts her smiles like cow - ard

Slaves, A no - ble heart her threatning threatning braves,

Slaves, her threatning threatning braves,

Slaves - - - like cow - ard Slaves - - - like

Nor courts nor courts her smiles like cow - ard Slaves, like cow - ard

Nor courts her smiles like cow - ard Slaves, like cow - ard

Slaves - - - like cow - ard Slaves, like cow - ard

cow - ard Slaves.

cow - ard Slaves.

cow - ard Slaves.

THE SEXTON IN LOVE

a favorite Ballad

SUNG BY M^R KNIGHT,

at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane

in the Opera of

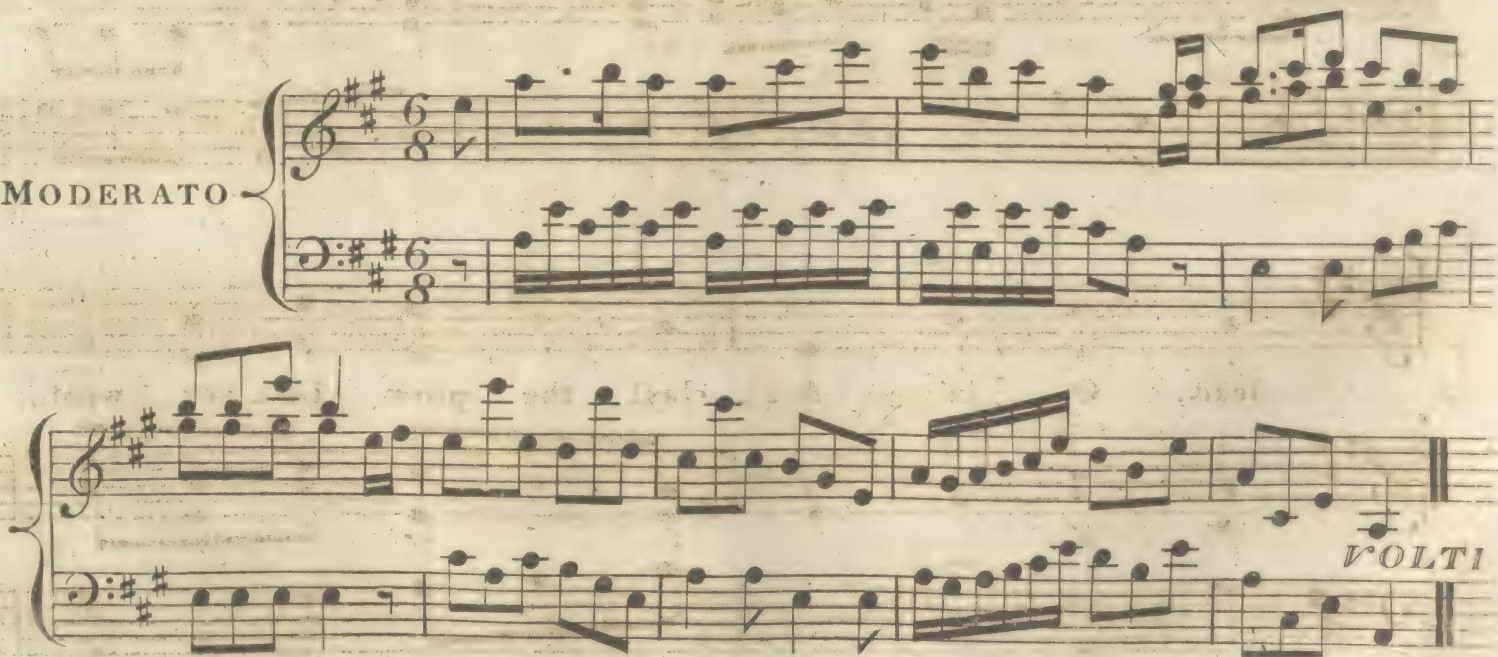
Narensky

Written by Cha^s. Brown Esq.

Composed by Will^m. Reeve.

London Printed & Sold by PRESTON, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

MODERATO



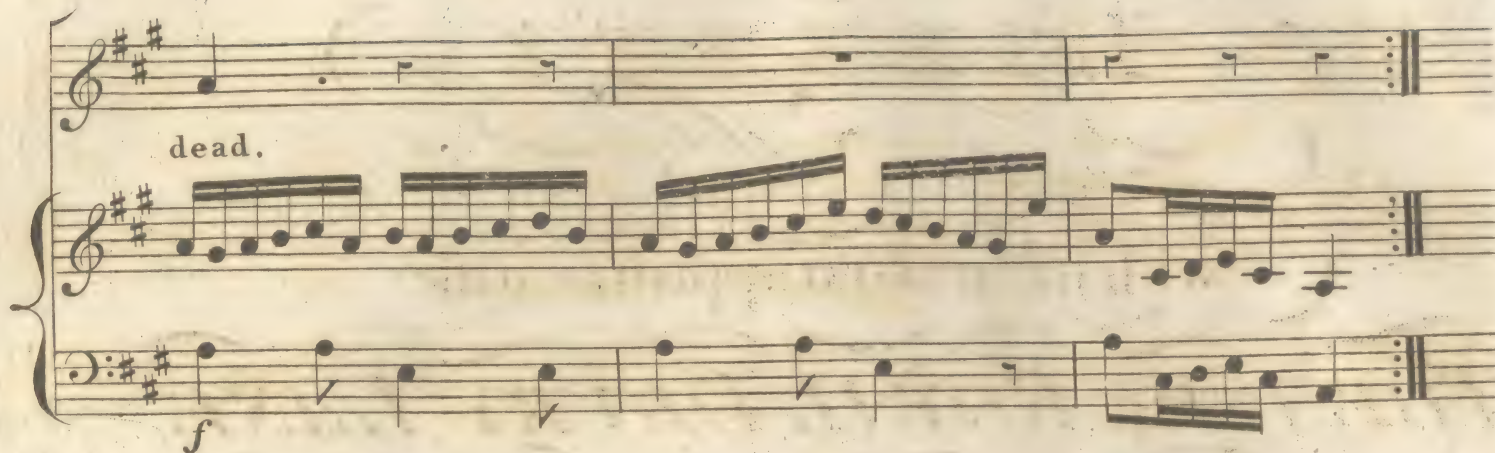
Narensky

A Maid and a Man, Once a courtship be - gan, And of

course soon de - - ter - - min'd to Wed But be -

fore the fond Day, Was the Devil to pay For a - - las! the poor Lover went

dead, O, la! A - - - las! the poor Lo - ver went



2

To the Grave went the Fair
 With a very grave air
 And exclaim'd as she mourn'd her lost Mate
 Why didn't you my Life
 First make me your Wife?
 Then less I might pin'd at your fate.

3

The Damsel then sigh'd
 And despairing then cried
 Well a day! I shall die an Old Maid
 But the Sexton was near,
 And said, "No my dear!
 Look on me, and pray don't be afraid."

4

She was not over nice
 Follow'd his good advice
 Not to mourn for a Man in his Grave
 Took the Grave-digging Youth
 And repeated this truth
 Friends in need are the best Friends we have.

LIBERTY

Sung by M^r. Smith,

with the utmost applause at the

THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE

in the Opera of

NARENKSKY,

Written by Cha^s. Brown Esq.^r

Composed by Will^m. Reeve.

London, Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

Allegro
con Brio

Trumpets

The musical score is written for piano and trumpet. It begins with a piano introduction in D major, 2/4 time, marked 'Allegro con Brio'. The piano part consists of two staves, with the right hand playing a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, and the left hand providing a rhythmic accompaniment. The trumpet part enters in the second system, playing a melodic line with eighth notes. The score concludes with a double bar line.

Let Slaves be toiling, be toiling Night and Day, -

oboe

Trumpet

The first system of the musical score. It consists of a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal line has a long note on 'Day' followed by a rest. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

All our toils, all our toils our toils are o'er, Dull care we

f

The second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with a long note on 'Dull'. The piano accompaniment has a more complex rhythmic pattern with many sixteenth notes. A forte (*f*) dynamic marking is present.

banish banish far a-way, Dull

f *p*

The third system of the musical score. The vocal line has a long note on 'Dull'. The piano accompaniment continues with a rhythmic pattern. Dynamic markings of forte (*f*) and piano (*p*) are used.

care we banish far a-way, Ne'er to meet us more, -

The fourth system of the musical score. The vocal line has a long note on 'more'. The piano accompaniment continues with a rhythmic pattern.

to meet us more, ne'er ne'er to meet us more,

f

Our Life tis said, is but a span, Should it not be

p

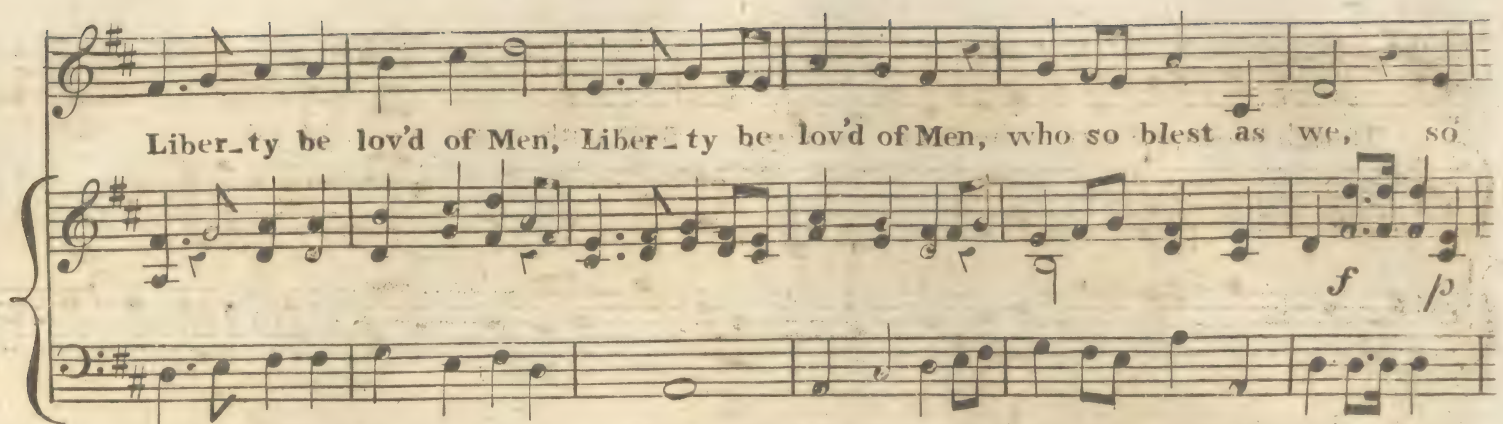
free, Our Life tis said, is but a span, Should it not be free,

f p f

Ad Libitum A Tempo

O! Liberty, O! Liberty, O,

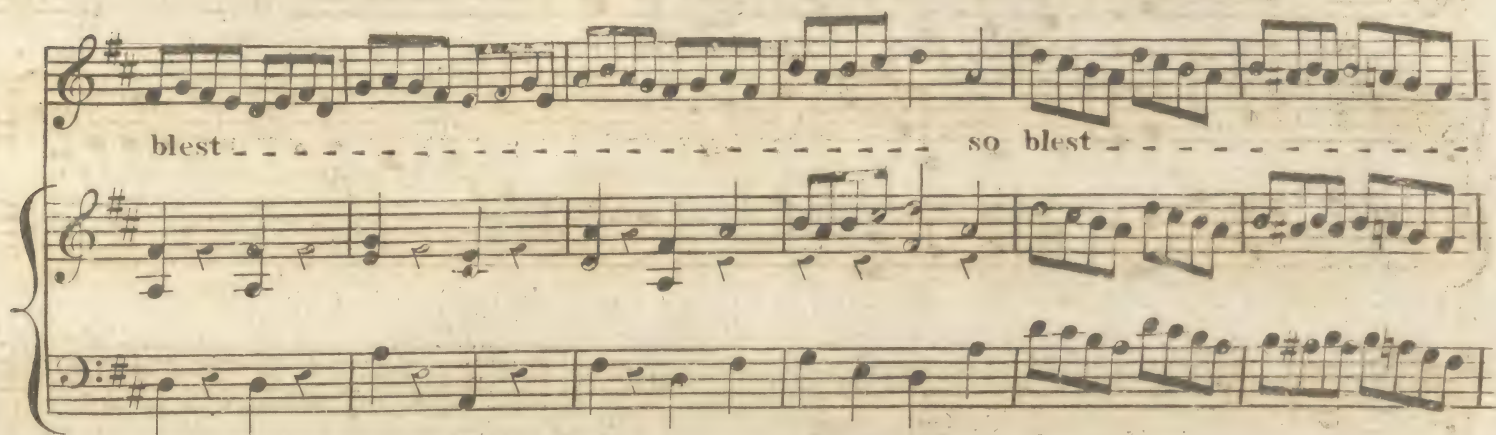
Ad Libitum



Liberty be lov'd of Men, Liberty be lov'd of Men, who so blest as we, so

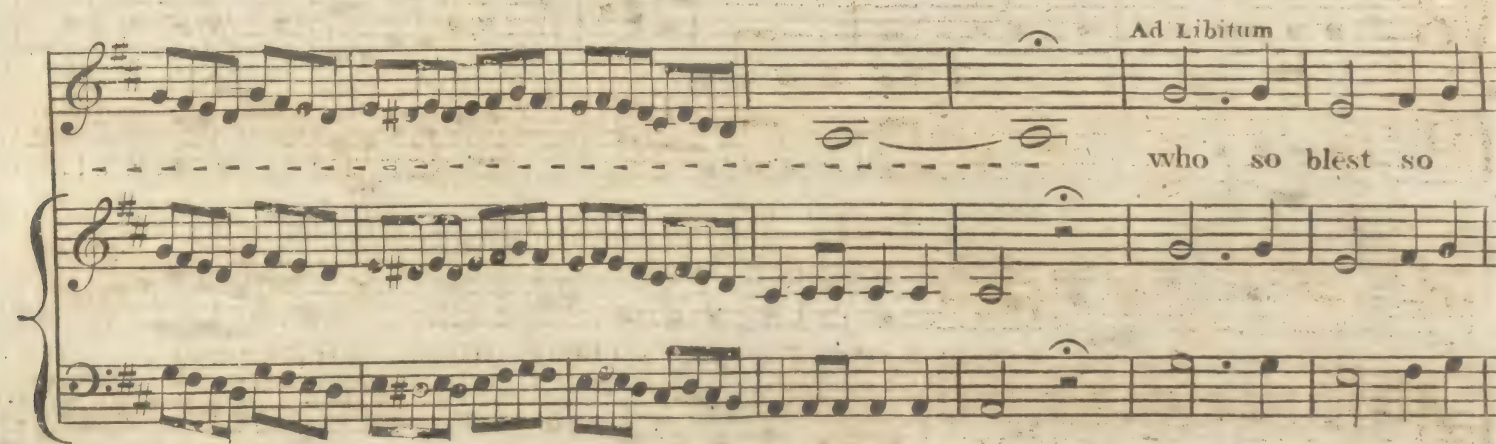
f *p*

This system contains the first line of the musical score. It features a vocal melody in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The piano part includes dynamic markings *f* and *p*.



blest so blest

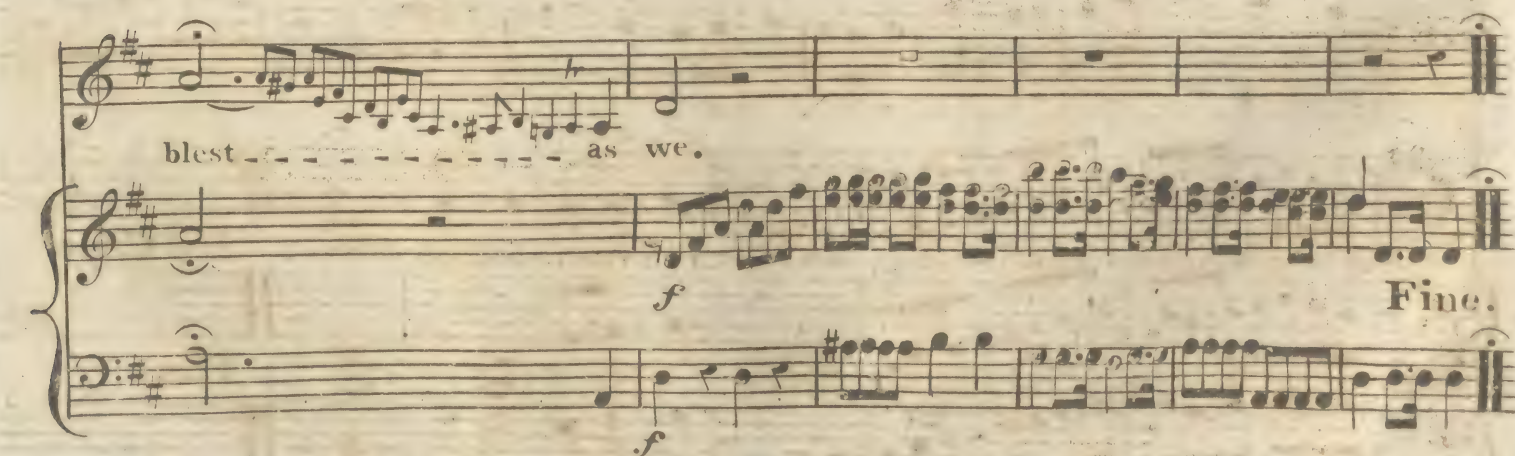
This system contains the second line of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics "blest so blest". The piano accompaniment continues with similar rhythmic patterns.



Ad Libitum

who so blest so

This system contains the third line of the musical score. The vocal line has a long note with a fermata, and the word "Ad Libitum" is written above it. The lyrics "who so blest so" are written below. The piano accompaniment continues.



blest as we.

f *f* Fine.

This system contains the final line of the musical score. The vocal line ends with the lyrics "blest as we." and a fermata. The piano accompaniment ends with a final chord and the word "Fine." written to the right. Dynamic markings *f* are present.

Though thousand cares the Rich annoy, Still with fear perplex'd, Yet

we the present hour enjoy, Careless of the next, We drink and sing -

we love and fight - Leading jovial lives, And

find more pleasure, more delight, Far from scolding Wives, from scold

ing Wives. Far from scolding Wives. Da Capo Fine

THE GALLANT YOUNG SOLDIER,

a favorite Ballad,

SUNG BY MISS KELLY,

at the

Theatre Royal Drury Lane.

in the Opera of

NARENSKY.

Written by Sha. Brown Esq.

Composed by

Will^m Reeve.

Pr. 10

London Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

MODERATO

VOLTI

Narensky

No longer I'll stay idly here, But a gallant young Soldier become, In the

for pia

Ranks gaily dress'd I'll appear, And march to the beat of the Drum, And

march to the beat of the Drum With a Cap on my head, and a Gun in my hand See

here I can move at the word of Command, See here I can move at the word of Command

Evolutions during this Symphony

Then a gallant young Soldier, a

Soldier become And march to the beat to the beat of the Drum March, March, And

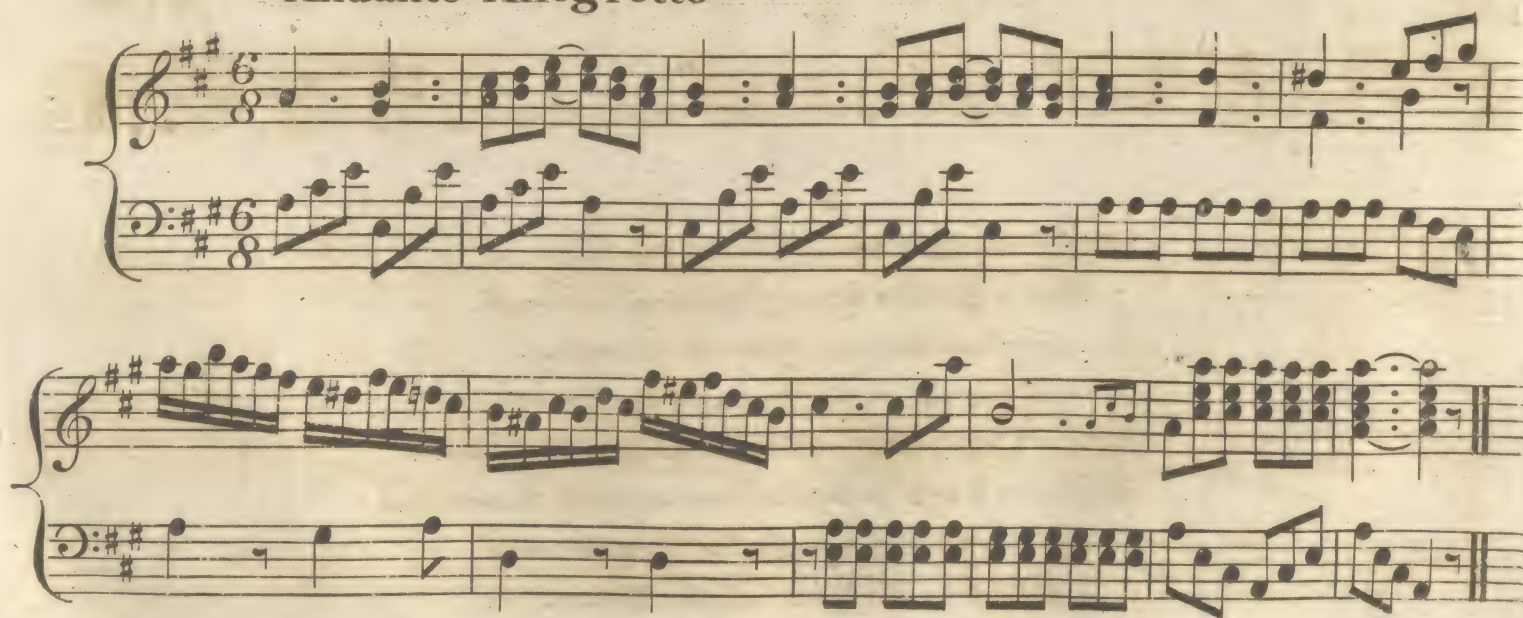
March March to the beat of the Drum.

for

2

Oh, I'll win all the hearts of the Fair
 And a gallant young Soldier become
 On my shoulder the Musket I'll wear
 And march to the beat of the Drum
 With a Cap on my head and a Gun in my hand
 See here I can move at the word of Command
 Then a gallant young Soldier become
 I march to the beat of the Drum.

FAREWELL MY LOVE

*the admired Duett**Sung by Mr. Graham & M^{rs} Dickens.**with the utmost applause at the**Theatre Royal Drury Lane,**in the Opera of**NAREN SKY;**Written by Cha. Brown Esq.**Composed by**Will^m Reeve.**Pr. 2/6**London Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.**Andante Allegretto*

Alexey

Fare - wel my Love! ah, must I from you go! Farewel fare - wel ah,

must I from you go ah must I from you

go Fare - wel; fare - wel, ah, must I from you go

Evania Alexey

And is it true, and is it true, Yes, yes, we now must part

Evania

And is it true is it true, is it true, we now must part

yes, yes is it true, yes, yes we now must part

This system contains the first two vocal staves and the piano accompaniment. The vocal staves are in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The piano accompaniment is in grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with the same key signature. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

These tears that flow, these

Say, does E_vania love, say, say does E_vania love, ah,

This system contains the second two vocal staves and the piano accompaniment. The lyrics continue from the first system. The piano accompaniment features a more active bass line in this system.

tears that flow Confess how dear confess how dear A-lexey's to my heart, These

must I go Fare -

This system contains the final two vocal staves and the piano accompaniment. The lyrics conclude with 'Fare -'. The piano accompaniment provides a steady harmonic support throughout.

tears that flow, these tears that flow, Confess how dear, confess how dear A -

- wel I go, fare - wel I go, Confess how dear, confess how dear E -

- lexey's to my heart confess how dear confess how dear A - lexey's to my

- vania's to my heart confess how dear confess how dear E - vania's to my

heart how dear A - lexey's to my heart.

heart how dear E - vania's to my heart. A -

f

can I these sad tears restrain, these sad tears restrain,
 - va - nia these sad tears restrain, these sad tears restrain, Hope whispers

f *p*

Hope whispers we shall meet a - gain we shall meet a -
 we shall meet a - gain whispers we shall meet a - gain we shall meet a -

- gain A - lex - ey I'll these tears restrain Hope whispers we shall meet again,
 - gain E - va - nia these sad tears restrain Hope whispers we shall meet again,

happier than we
- gain we'll meet to part no more, And happier than we were before, happier than we

were before happier happier than we were be - fore
were before happier happier than we were be - fore E -

How can I these sad tears restrain, how
- va - nia these sad tears restrain E -

Hope whispers we shall meet a-gain, whispers we shall meet again, Hope

Hope whispers we shall meet again, Hope

The first system of the musical score consists of two vocal staves and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The vocal melody is written in a soprano clef, and the piano accompaniment is in a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The lyrics are: "Hope whispers we shall meet a-gain, whispers we shall meet again, Hope" for the first staff and "Hope whispers we shall meet again, Hope" for the second staff.

whispers, whispers, we shall meet a-gain, Hope whispers whispers we shall

whispers, whispers, we shall meet a-gain, Hope whispers whispers we shall

The second system continues the musical score. It features the same vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "whispers, whispers, we shall meet a-gain, Hope whispers whispers we shall" for both the first and second vocal staves.

meet a - - gain.

meet a - - gain.

The third system concludes the piece. It features the same vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "meet a - - gain." for both the first and second vocal staves. The piano accompaniment ends with a final flourish in the right hand and a sustained bass line in the left hand.

*Young Lovers sighing at my feet,
a favorite Ballad*

SUNG BY M^{RS} DICKONS,

*at the
Theatre Royal Drury Lane*

*in the Opera of
Darensky.*

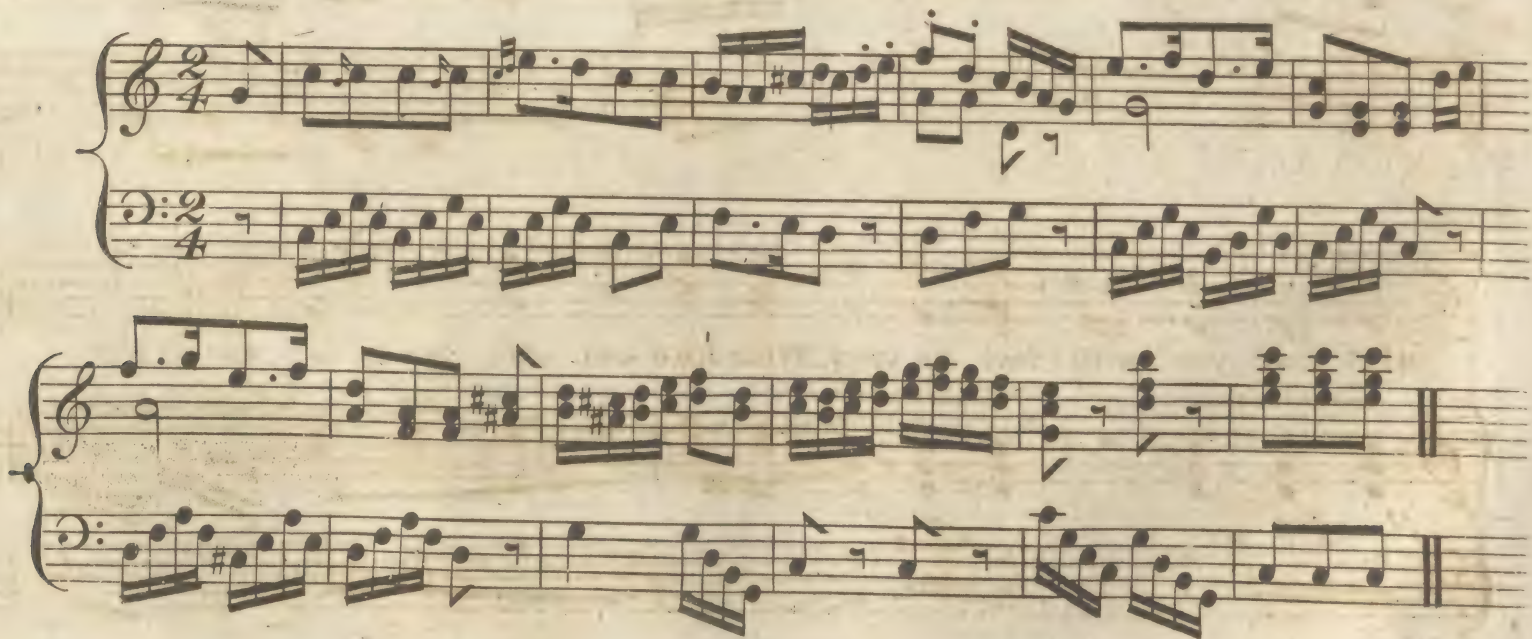
Written by Cha^s Brown Esq^r.

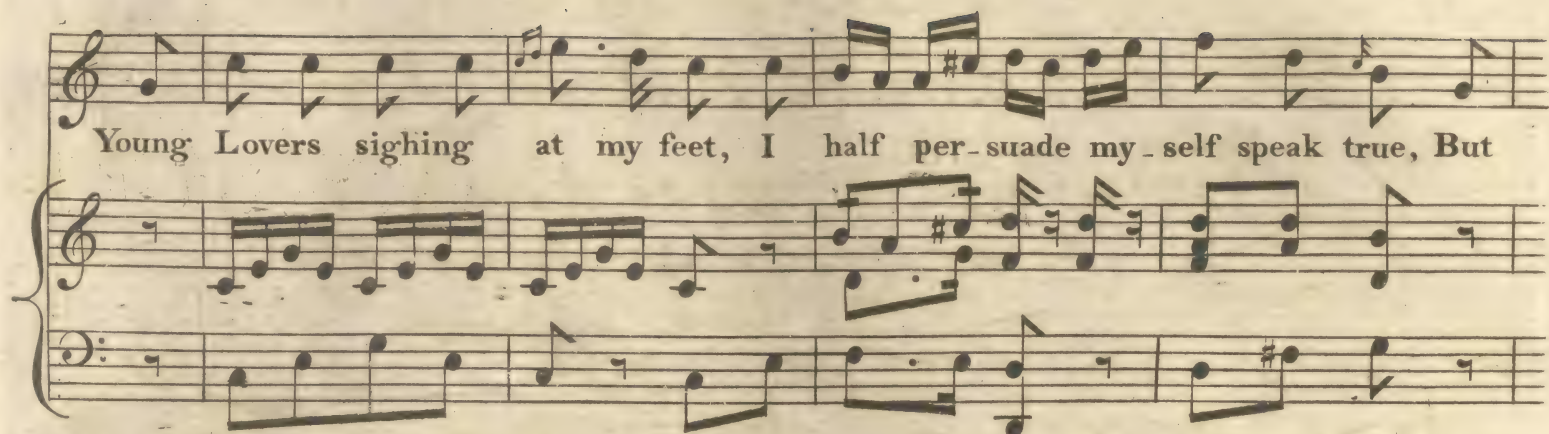
Composed by Will^m Reeve,

Pr. 16

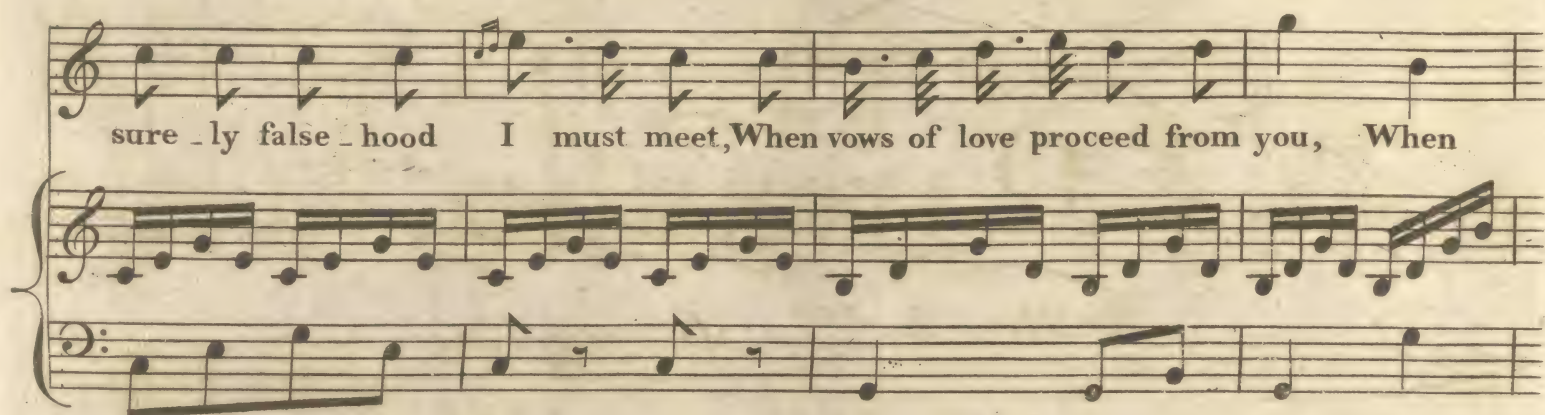
London, Printed & Sold by Preston, at his Wholesale Warehouses, 97, Strand.

Allegretto

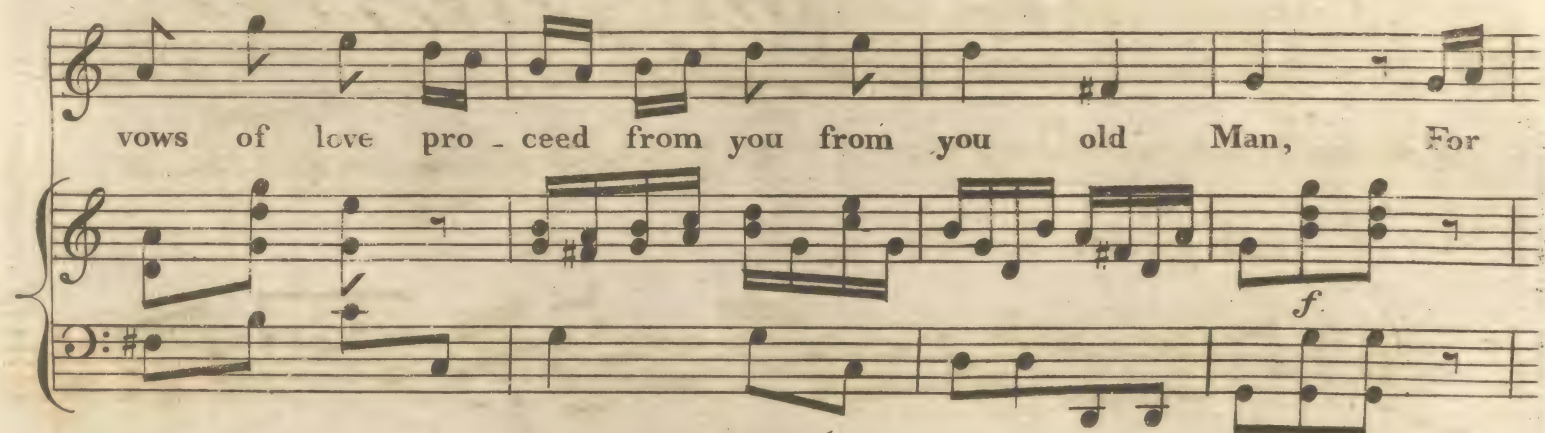




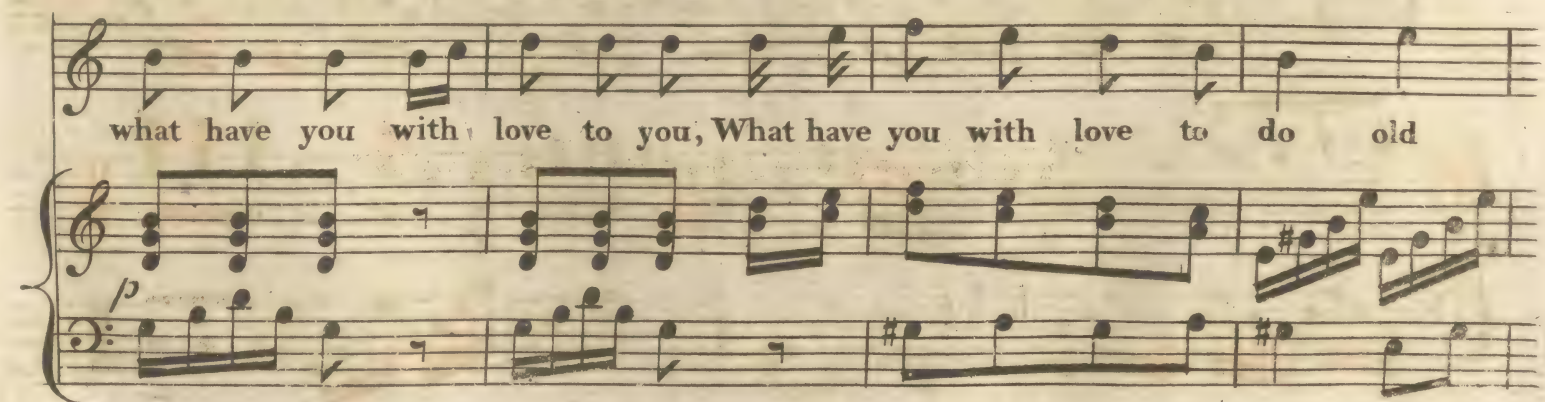
Young Lovers sighing at my feet, I half per-suade my-self speak true, But



sure-ly false-hood I must meet, When vows of love proceed from you, When



vows of love pro-ceed from you from you old Man, For



what have you with love to you, What have you with love to do old

Man When vows of love proceed from you old Man What have
you with love to do old Man, What have you with love to
do old Man.

2nd Verse

Go court some an - ti - qua - ted Maid, Who Man's in - con - stant pas - sion fears, Of
you she need not be a - fraid, You'll ne - ver cause the fair ones tears, You'll
ne - ver cause the fair ones tears, not you old Man, A
rov - ing heart ill suits your years, You'll ne - ver cause the fair ones tears, old
Man When vows of love pro - ceed from you old Man &c.

with no Nathan but Comp.

4

THE POPULAR
OPERATIC FARCE
OF THE
ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,

AS PERFORMED AT

THE THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE,

WRITTEN BY

JAMES KENNEY, ESQ.

COMPOSED AND ARRANGED

BY

1827

I. NATHAN.

Ent^d. at St. Hall.

Price 16s.

LONDON:

PUBLISHED FOR THE PROPRIETOR, BY J. FENTUM, 78, STRAND.

I. Nathan

rama 15417
D 140114

1.

OVERTURE
To the
ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,

Performed at the
Theatre Royal, Drury Lane.

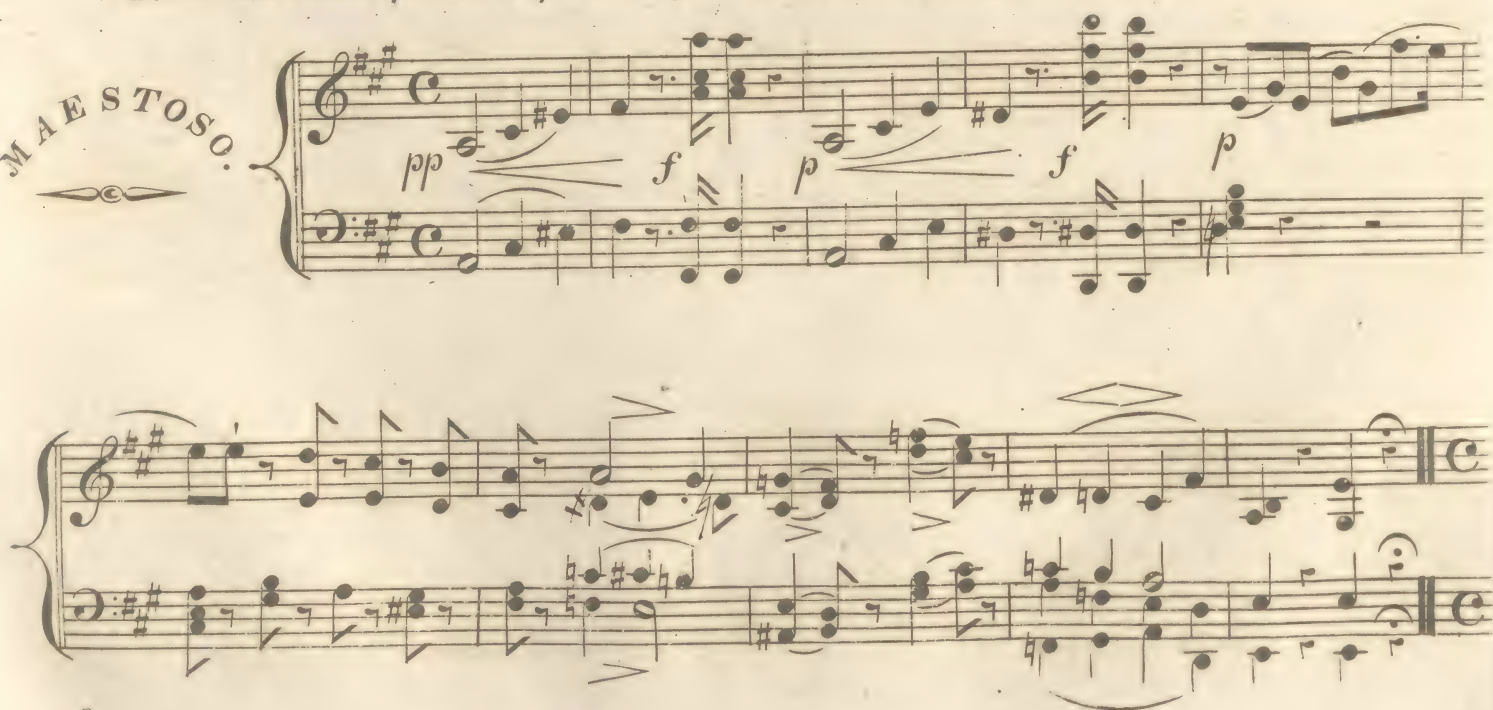
Composed & Arranged
for the
PIANO-FORTE.
BY
H. NATHAN.

Price 2/

Ent. Sta. Hall

London, Printed for the Proprietor, by J. FENTUM, Music Seller, N^o 78, Strand.

MAESTOSO.



MODERATO E MARCATO.

Bassoon.

Clar:

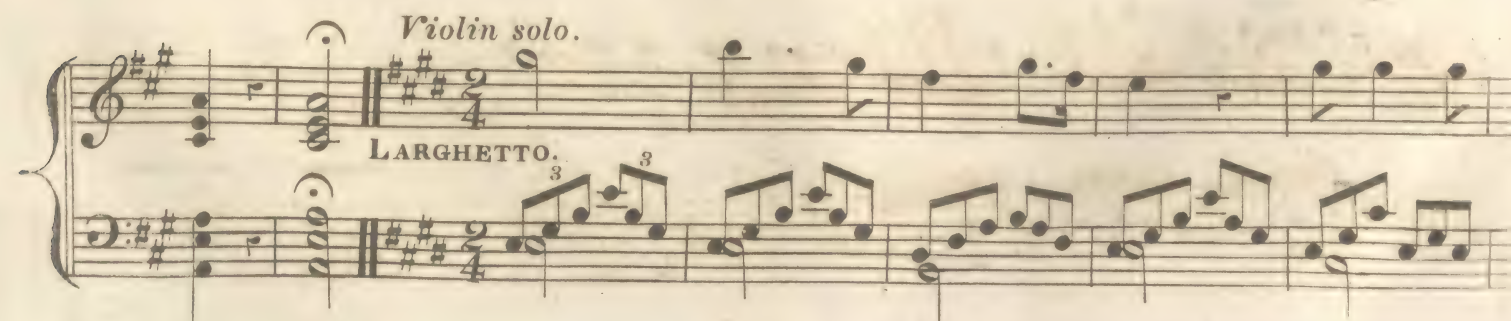
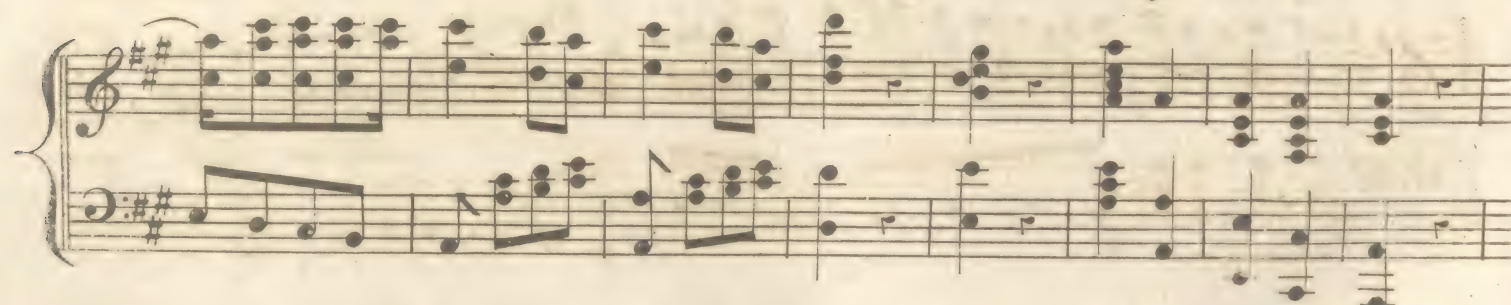
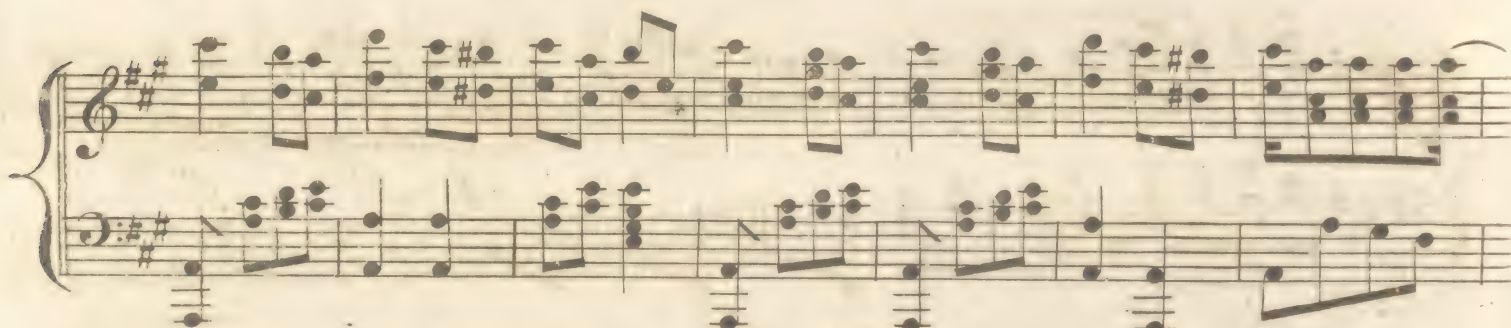
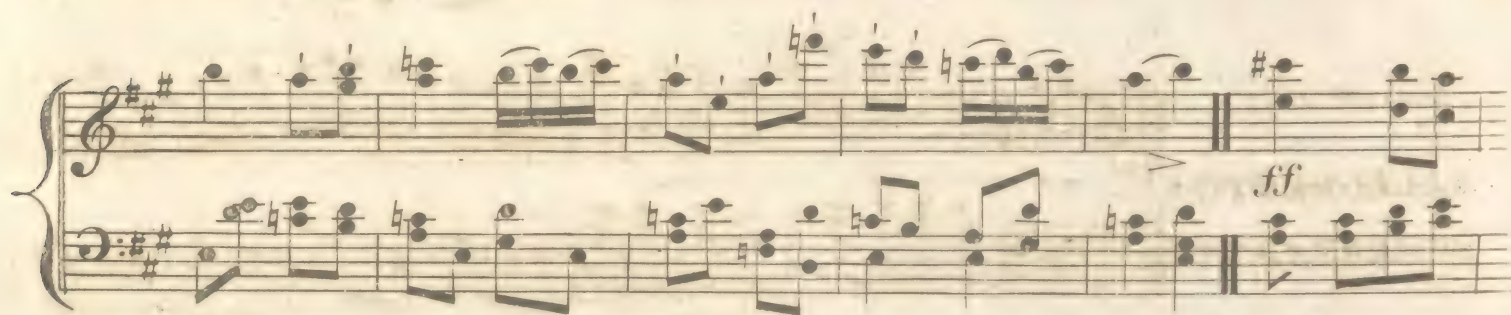
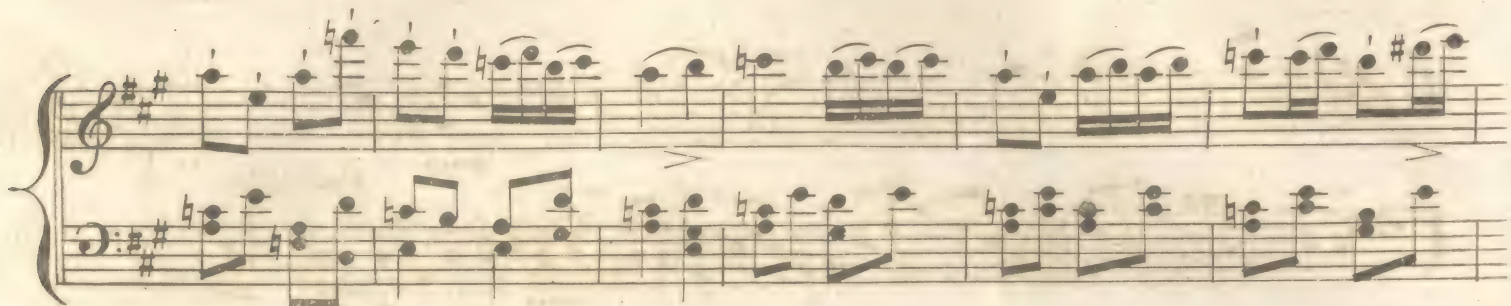
Dol: epress:

The musical score is written for three parts: Bassoon, Clarinet, and Piano. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo and mood are indicated as 'MODERATO E MARCATO'. The Bassoon part begins with a melodic line, marked with 'lr' (lento) and 'tr' (trillo). The Clarinet part enters later, also marked with 'lr' and 'tr', and includes a section marked 'Dol: epress:' (Dolce: espressivo). The Piano part provides a harmonic and rhythmic foundation, featuring dense chordal textures and arpeggiated figures. The score is divided into five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings.

3

MARCH,
ANDANTINO
ALLEGRETTO.

4



The first system of musical notation consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody in the treble clef begins with a quarter note F#4, followed by a quarter rest, then a quarter note G#4, and continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass clef accompaniment starts with a half note F#3, followed by a half note G#3, and then a continuous eighth-note pattern.

The second system continues the musical piece. It features a *tr* (trill) marking over a note in the treble staff. The bass staff includes a section labeled *Cadenza.* with *R* (right hand) and *L* (left hand) markings indicating a solo passage for the piano.

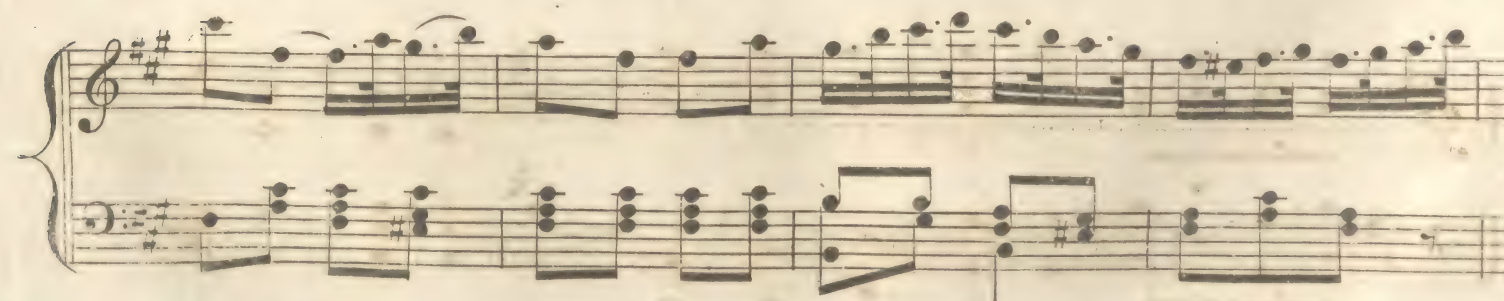
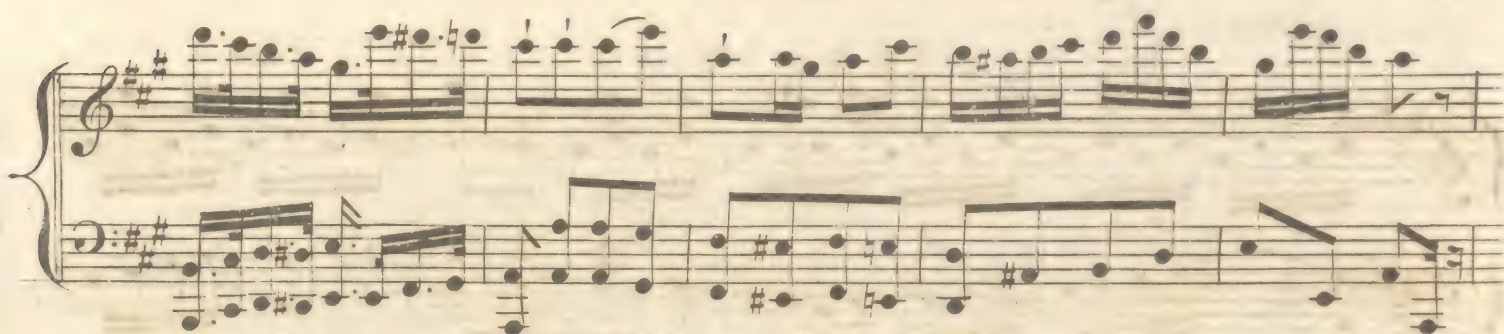
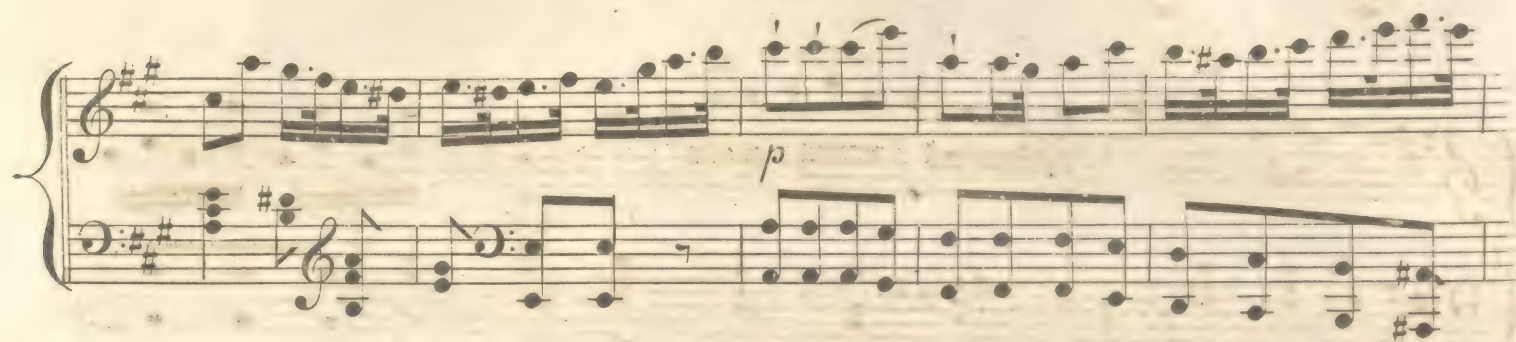
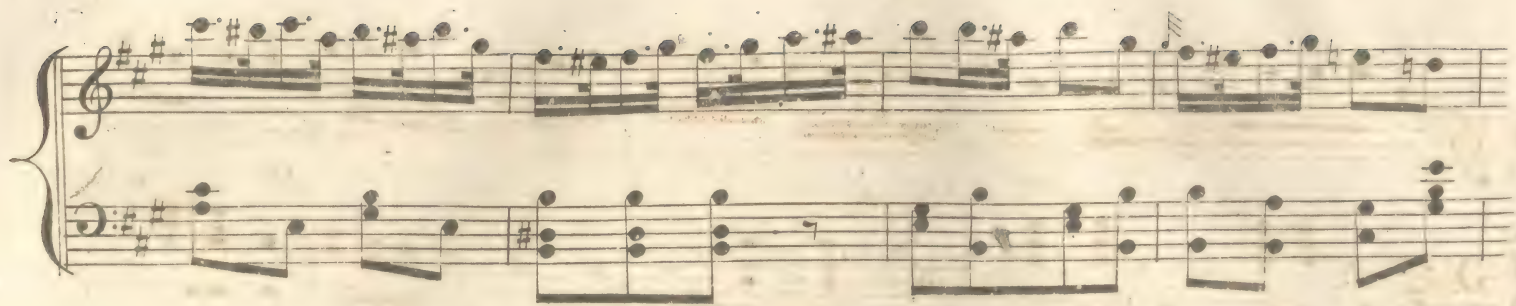
RONDO.
ALLEGRETTO
SCHERZANDO.

The third system marks the beginning of the *RONDO* section, with tempo markings *ALLEGRETTO* and *SCHERZANDO*. The time signature changes to 2/4. The treble staff features a melody with many beamed sixteenth notes, while the bass staff provides a rhythmic accompaniment with chords and eighth notes.

The fourth system continues the *Rondo* section. It includes a *tutti.* marking, indicating the entry of the full ensemble. The dynamics are marked *ff* (fortissimo) in both staves, with the bass staff showing a more active, chordal accompaniment.

The fifth system continues the musical piece with similar rhythmic patterns in both staves, maintaining the 2/4 time signature and key signature.

The sixth system is the final system on the page, concluding the musical piece with a final cadence in both staves.



ff

rf rf

bis

NO, MR GIMBO,

THE CELEBRATED DUET,

Sung by MISS LOVE & MR HARLEY at the

THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE,

in the Highly Popular Farce of

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,

written by J. KENNEY Esq.

The MUSIC by

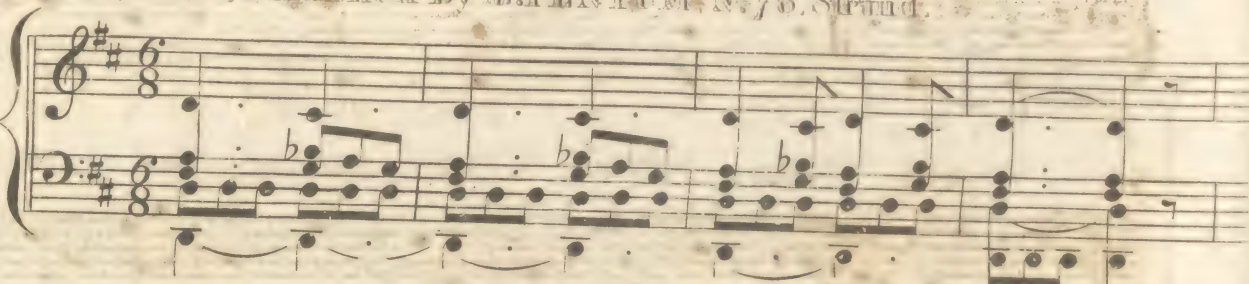
I. NATHAN.

Ant. Sta. Hall.

Price 2/6.

London, Published by J. FENTON, No 78, Strand.

ALLEGRETTO



FATIMA.

No, no Mis-ter Gimbo no, Never will I be wed-ded so,

Let your spi-rit when I die, Quick with mine to hea-ven fly,

No Mr. Gimbo,

(63)

Nathan.

And our clay to gether go.... To its kindred earth below.

GIMBO.
No, no Mistress Fatima no, never will I be buried so,

On the wi...ser English plan, Let us both live while we can, Let us both live

while we can,... let us both live while we can.

FATIMA. GIMBO.

Fie, fie Mister Gimbo fie, Why, why Mistress

FATIMA.

Fa-ti-ma why, Be your for-tune smooth or rough, One good wife is

GIMBO.

quite e-nough, When one wife is good and true, I can see no harm in

two, I can see no harm in two... I can see no harm in two.

FATIMA. Fie, fie Mister Gimbo fie, Fie, fie Mr.

GIMBO. Why, why Mistress Fatima why, Why, why Mrs.

PIANO
FORTE.

Gimbo Gimbo fie fie Mis-ter Gimbo fie, When one wife is

Fatima Fatima why why Mistress Fatima why, When one wife is

good and true, Oh how horrible is two, I can see great

good and true, I can see no harm in two, I can see no

harm in two I can see great harm in two.

harm in two I can see no harm in two.

ff

A... dieu A... dieu A...

A... dieu A...

...dieu Then we must part, we must part, we must part,

...dieu Then we must part, we must part, we must part,

ad lib:

we must part. On our Eastern plan,
we must part. Yet I'd wed with all my heart no, no,
Yet I'd wed with all my heart no, no, On your English
On our English plan, On your Eastern
plan no no, On your English plan no no, ne-ver will I be wedded so,
plan no no, On your Eastern plan no no, ne-ver will I be buried so,

ne-ver will I be wedded so, No never, never, never, never, no, no, no, I'll
ne-ver will I be buried so, No never, never, never, never, no, no, no, I'll

not be wedded so, I'll not be wedded so.
not be buried so, I'll not be buried so.

DICKY DOLUS.

(Sung by)

Mr. Harley.

in the highly popular Operatic Farce of

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER.

Performed at the

Theatre Royal, Drury Lane,

written by J. KENNEDY ESQ.

The Music by

I. NATHAN.

Ent. Soc. Hall.

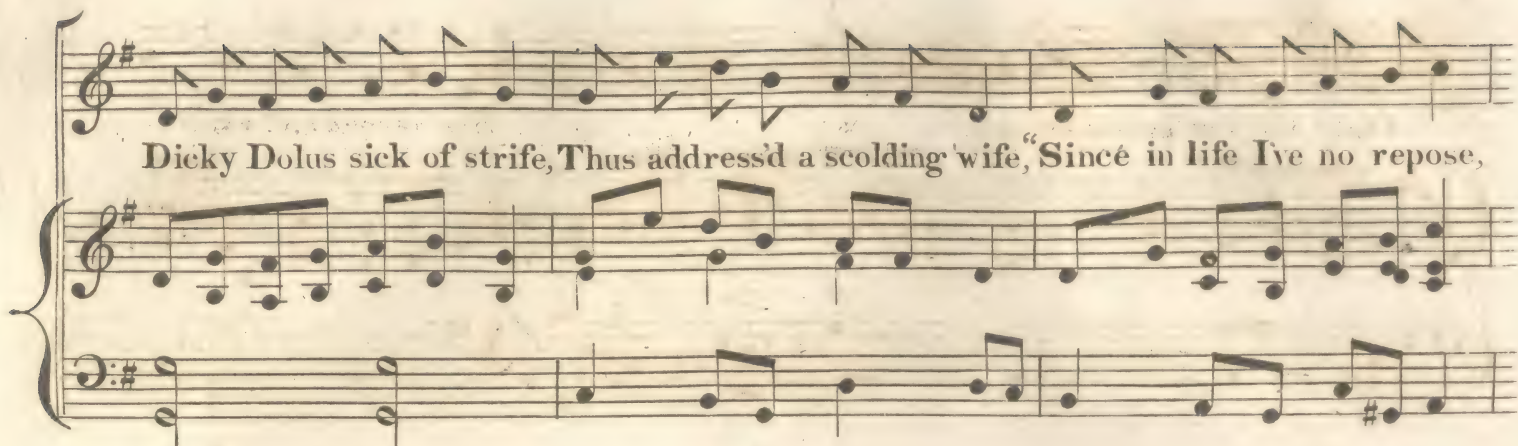
Pr. 1/6.

London, Published by J. FENTON, N^o 78, Strand.

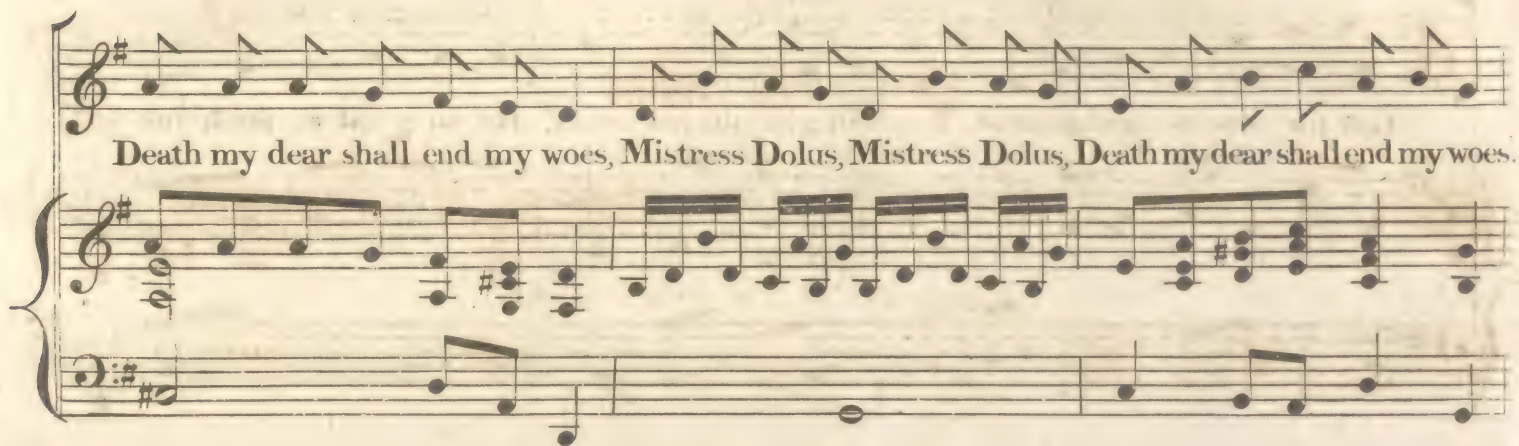
MODERATO.

f Marcato.

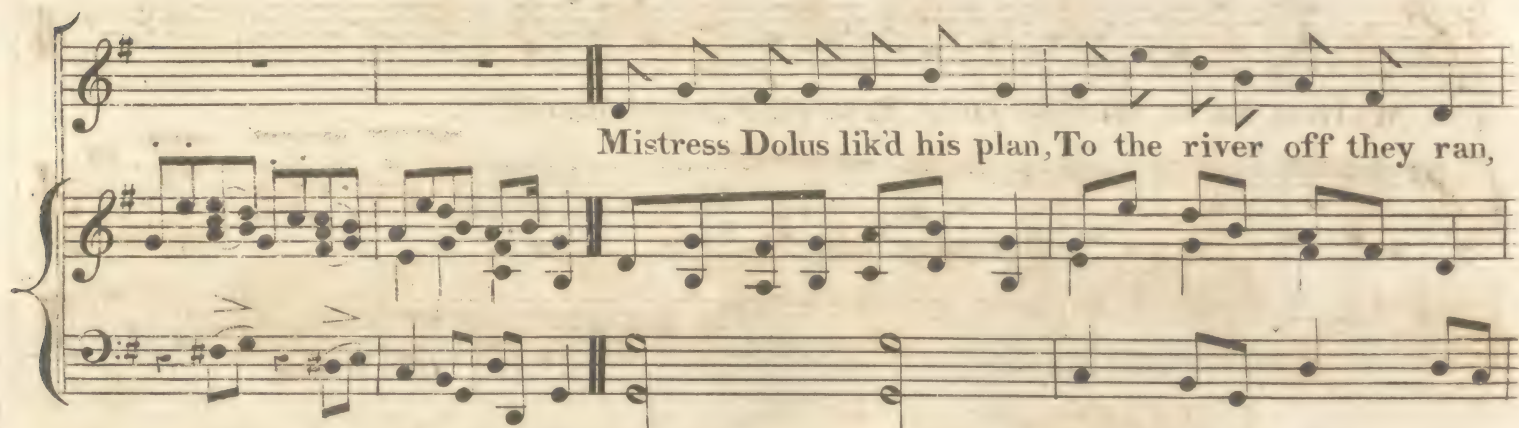
p *f* *ff* *ff* *ff*



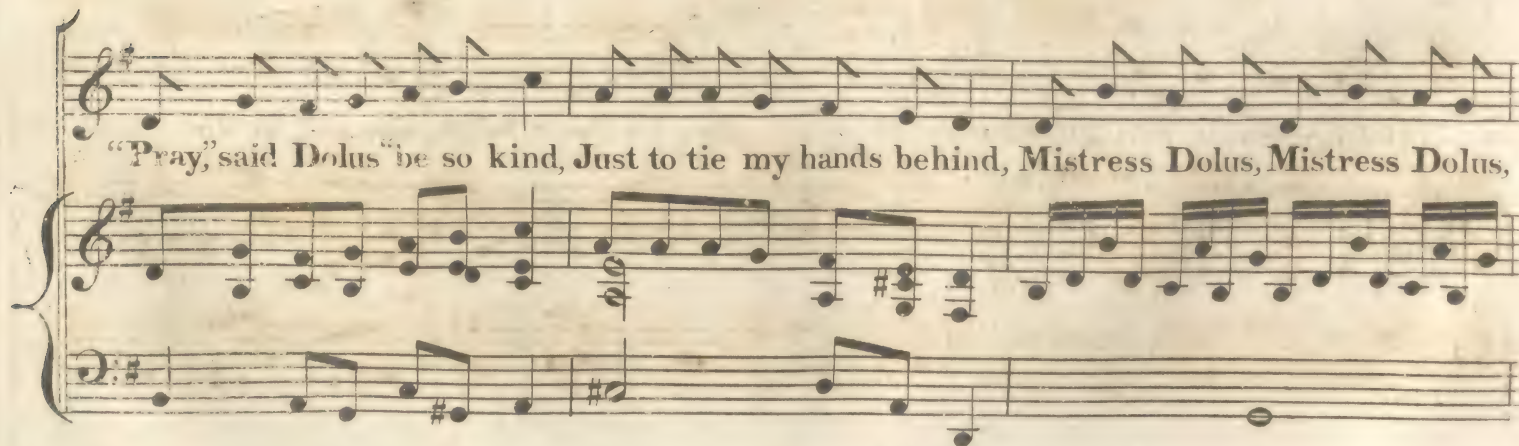
Dicky Dolus sick of strife, Thus address'd a scolding wife, "Since in life I've no repose,



Death my dear shall end my woes, Mistress Dolus, Mistress Dolus, Death my dear shall end my woes.



Mistress Dolus lik'd his plan, To the river off they ran,



"Pray," said Dolus "be so kind, Just to tie my hands behind, Mistress Dolus, Mistress Dolus,

Only tie my hands behind.' She obey'd, and when complete,

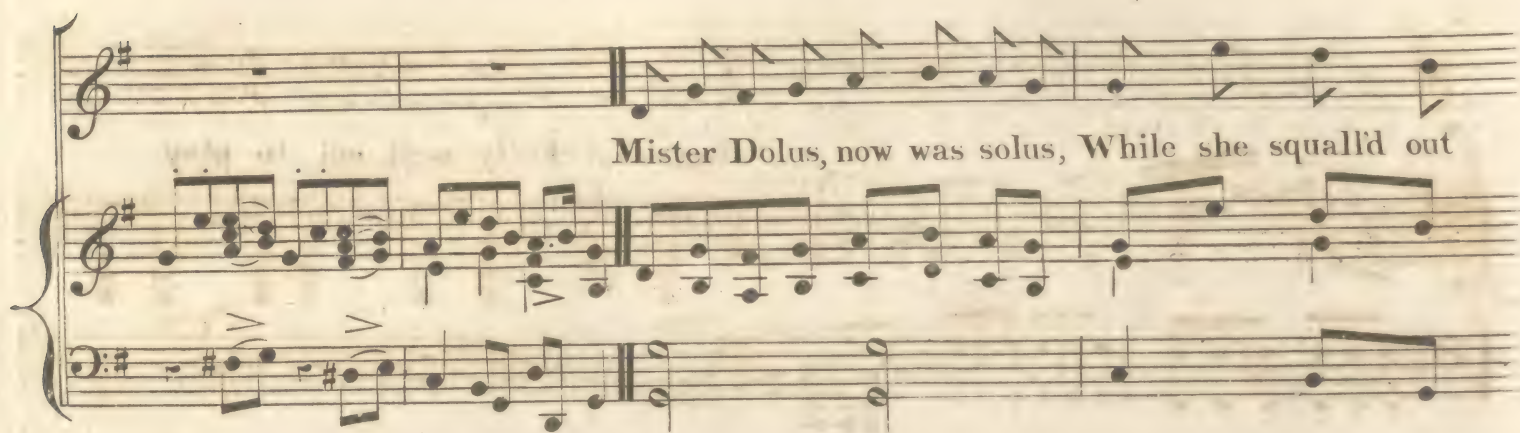
"Let me now," he said, "intreat, You will also, do not scoff, Be so good as push me off.

Mistress Dolus, Mistress Dolus, Be so good as push me off."

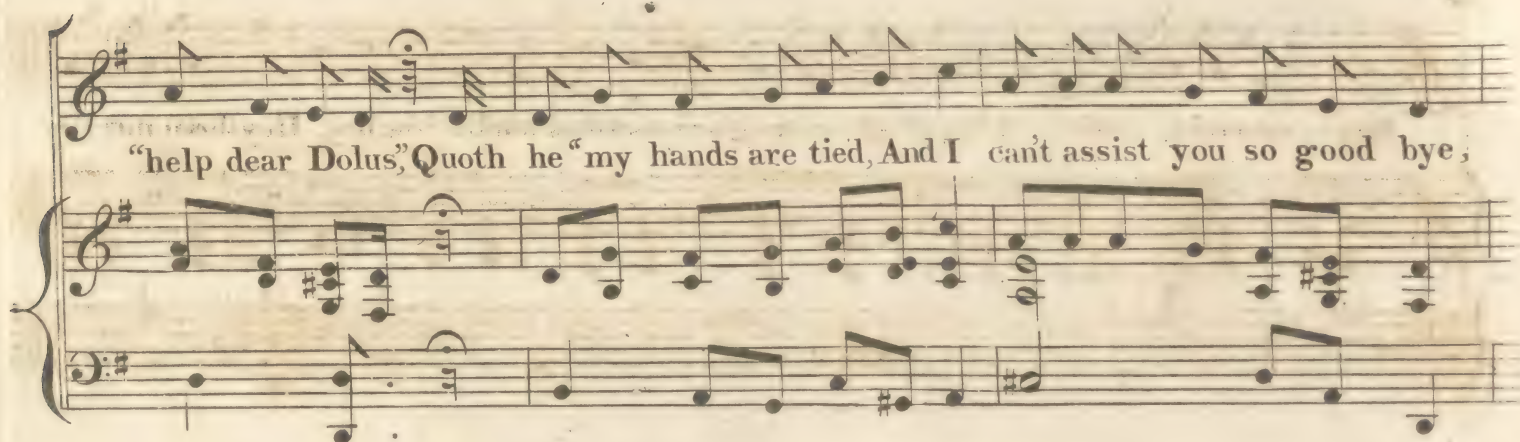
Dolus, when she prov'd her love, With a run, and with a shove, Slipt aside, and in his stead,



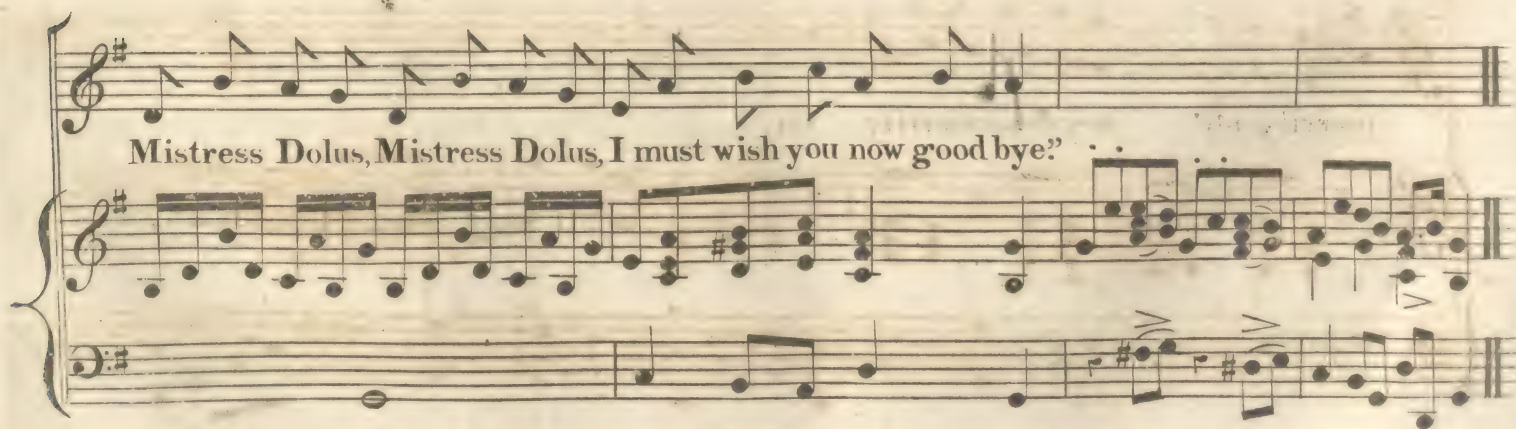
Mistress D. sould over head, Mistress Dolus, Mistress Dolus, Sould poor woman over head



Mister Dolus, now was solus, While she squall'd out



"help dear Dolus," Quoth he "my hands are tied, And I can't assist you so good bye,



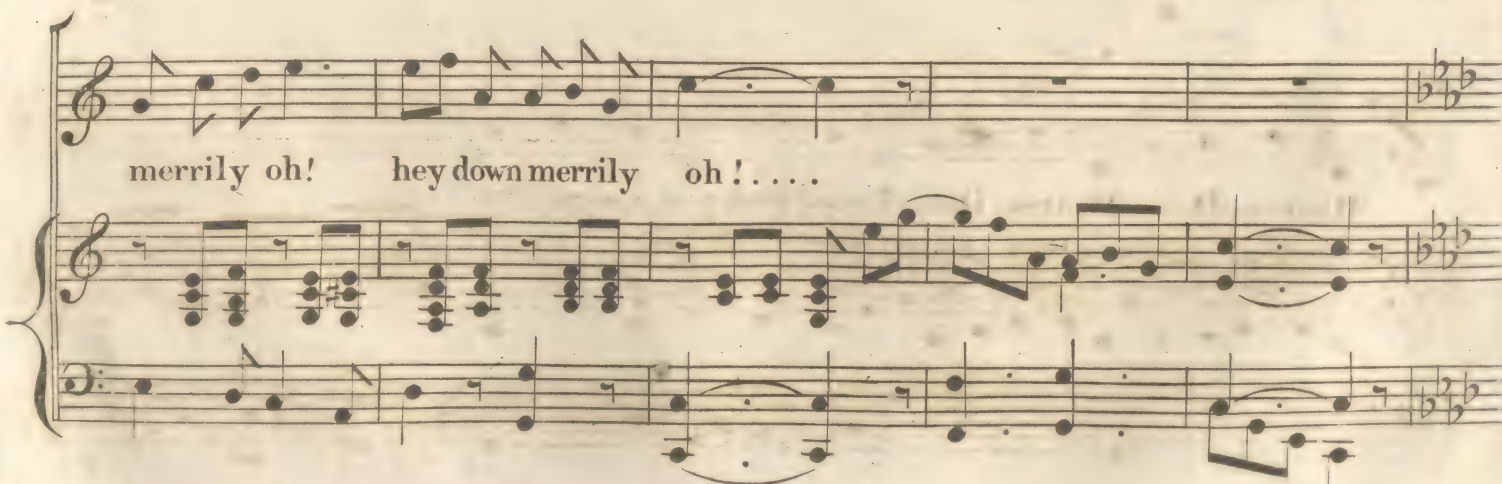
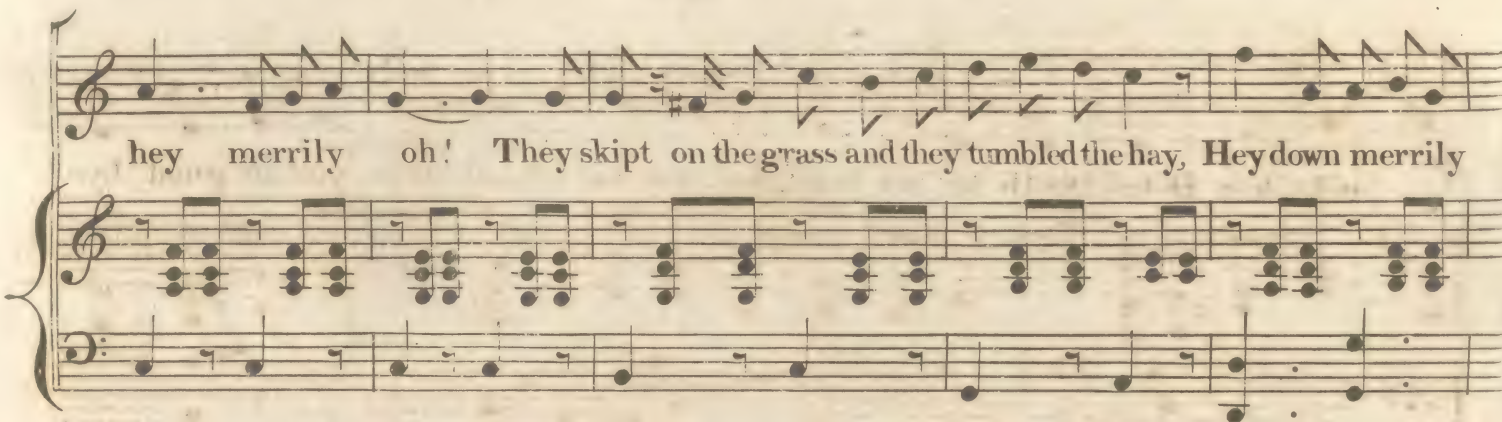
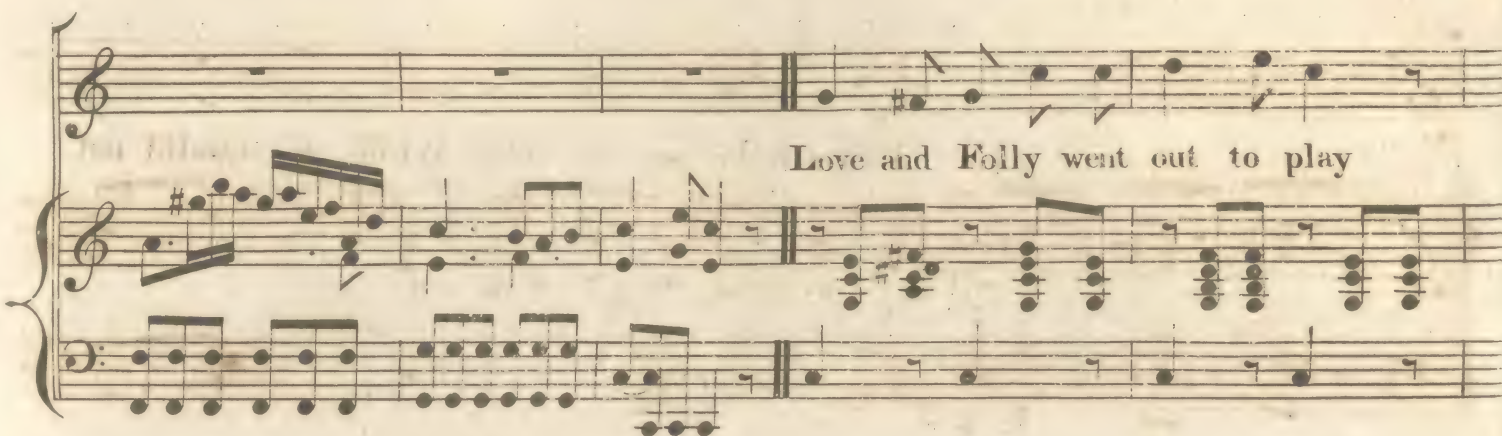
Mistress Dolus, Mistress Dolus, I must wish you now good bye?"

Love and Folly.

Written by James Kennedy Esq.

Composed by R. Nathan.

VIVACE
ma non troppo
PRESTO.



Love grew peevish of Follies surprize, And quarrelling gave him a blow. ...

She return'd it and closed up his eyes, 'till they both were as black as a sloe; 'till they

both were as black as a sloe, 'till they both were as black as a sloe;

Hey down, hey down oh! Hey down, hey down oh!

hey down oh!... Hey down merrily oh!... Hey down merrily

f *pp*

oh!... merrily oh, merrily oh, hey down oh!.....

Folly got whipt and Cupid got blind,

Hey merrily oh!... He stamp'd and he swore and ran out of his mind,

Hey down, hey down mer-ri-ly oh! Hey down, hey down oh!

The first system of music features a vocal melody in the upper staff and a piano accompaniment in the lower staff. The vocal line begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are "Hey down, hey down mer-ri-ly oh! Hey down, hey down oh!". The piano accompaniment consists of chords in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand.

Hey down, hey down oh! . . . hey down oh! . . . Hey down merrily oh!

The second system continues the melody. The vocal line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are "Hey down, hey down oh! . . . hey down oh! . . . Hey down merrily oh!". The piano accompaniment includes a forte (f) dynamic marking in the right hand.

Hey down merrily oh! merrily oh, merrily oh, hey down oh!

The third system continues the melody. The vocal line has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are "Hey down merrily oh! merrily oh, merrily oh, hey down oh!". The piano accompaniment includes a piano (pp) dynamic marking in the right hand.

The fourth system of music features a vocal melody in the upper staff and a piano accompaniment in the lower staff. The vocal line begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The piano accompaniment consists of chords in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand.

This Union the Gods have ordained,

C H O R U S

and the Admired Solo,

Ah! let thy sacred shade,

Sung by M^{rs} GRESIN, in the

Popular Operatic Farce of

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,

at the

Theatre Royal, Drury Lane.

Written by J. Kenney Esq^r

The Music by

I . N A T H A N .

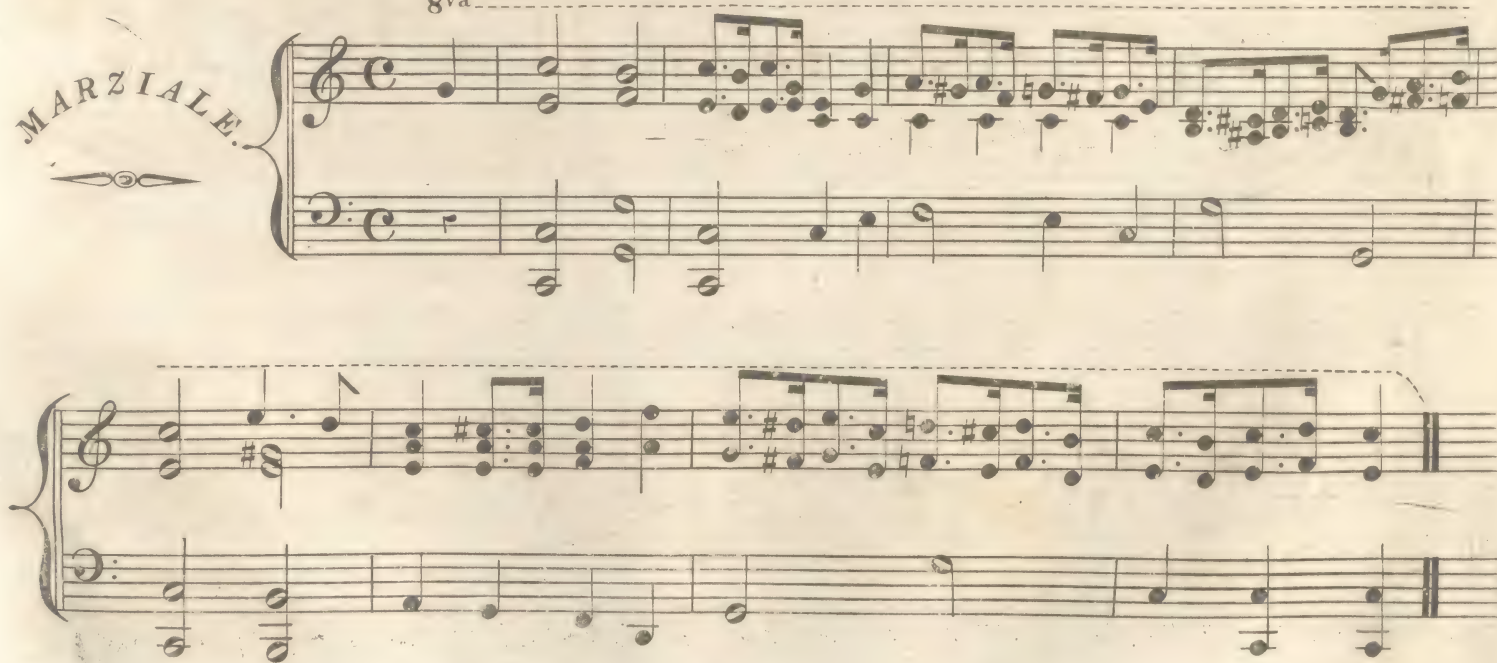
Ent. Sta. Hall

Price 2s/

London, Published for the Proprietor by J. Fentum, Music Seller, 78, Strand

8va

MARZIALE.



2

1st & 2nd
SOPRANOS.1st & 2nd
TENORS.

BASSO.

PIANO
FORTE.

This union the Gods have ordain'd, O_bey their will di_vine, The

This union the Gods have ordain'd, O_bey their will di_vine, The

This union the Godshave ordain'd, O_bey their will di_vine, The

mys_tic O_ra_cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine. *Fine.*

mys_tic O_ra_cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine.

mys_tic O_ra_cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine. *Fine.*

Haste to the Nuptial shrine, The mys_tic O_ra_cles ex_plain'd; The

The O_ra_cles ex_plain'd; The

mys_tic O_racles ex_plain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine. This

mys_tic O_racles ex_plain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine. This

mys_tic O_racles ex_plain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine. This

D.C. S.

PRIEST. IRZA.

At the will of the Gods, Why impious fear display. By force alone, Their

dictates I obey Ah! let thy sacred shade, Azan, my

grief behold, The vows that I have made, Till

death I *tr* lem hold.

1st & 2nd
SOPRANOS.1st & 2nd
TENORS.

BASSO.

PIANO
FORTE.

This u...nion the Gods have ordain'd, O...bey their will di...vine, The

This u...nion the Gods have ordain'd, O...bey their will di...vine, The

This u...nion the Gods have ordain'd, O...bey their will di...vine, The

mys...tic O...ra.cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine.

mys...tic O...ra.cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine.

mys...tic O...ra.cles explain'd, Haste, haste to the Nuptial shrine.

[illegible]

Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine...

Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine...

Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine, to the Nup_tial shrine...

... to the Nup_tial shrine.

... to the Nup_tial shrine.

... to the Nup_tial shrine.

to the Nup_tial shrine.

OH! I WEEP FOR THE HOUR,

Sung by

MR. LISTON.

In the highly popular Operatic Farce

OF

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER.

Performed at the

Theatre Royal, Drury Lane,

written by J. Kenney Esq^r.

The Music by

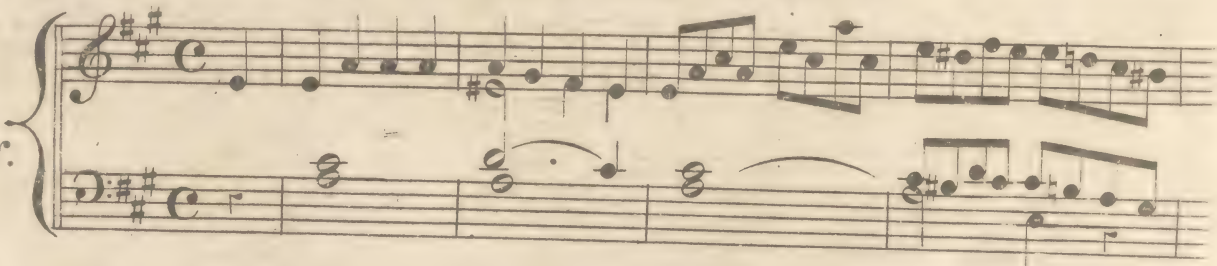
I. NATHAN.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Pr. 1/6.

London, Published by J. FENTUM, N^o 78, STRAND.

With
EXPRESSION.



Oh! I weep for the hour.

(63)

Nathan.

Oh! I weep for the hour, When I started from the tower And

all my friends a grieving for my folly oh! And left my bread and

butter, Snug in father's cranky cutter, For to sail with Captain

Swipes abroad the Pol...ly oh!

How the stor...my winds did blow, Things a rol...ling to and

fro... No mor...tal man did e...ver such a

clatter see. oh! Once more in Cripple...gate, If a...

gain I na-vi...gate, It shall be upon the quiet sea of Batter...sea oh!

Oh! I weep for the hour.

(63)

Nathan.

Then you who wish to

Piano.

roam, Take advice and stay at home, Or you'll get into a hobble most con-

foun-ded oh! Not a dry stitch on my back, All my car-gos gone to

rack, And my little Pigs and Poultry are all drown-ded oh!

Oh! I weep for the hour.

(63)

Nathan.

FROM THE WILD RAGE OF OCEAN,
 The Grand Finale & Procession
 THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,
 as Performed at the
Theatre Royal, Drury Lane,

written by J. KENNEY ESQ.^R

THE Music BY
 I. NATHAN.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 2/6.

London, Published for the Proprietor, by J. FENTUM, Music Seller, N^o 78, STRAND.

MAESTOSO

The musical score is written for a full orchestra and vocal soloists. It begins with a piano introduction marked 'MAESTOSO' and 'ff' (fortissimo). The introduction features a complex rhythmic pattern in the right hand and a more melodic line in the left hand. Following the introduction, the vocal soloists enter with the lyrics 'From the wild rage of ocean, From tempest and danger'. The score is arranged for Soprano, Tenor, and Bass, with a Piano and Forte section. The vocal parts are written in treble clef, and the piano parts are in bass clef. The tempo is marked 'MAESTOSO' and the dynamics range from 'ff' to 'f'.

1st & 2nd SOPRANO.
 1st & 2nd TENOR.
 BASS.
 PIANO
 FORTE.

From the wild rage of ocean, From tempest and danger,
 From the wild rage of ocean, From tempest and danger,
 From the wild rage of ocean, From tempest and danger,

Wel... come, thrice welcome, il... lus... trious stranger. From the wild rage of o... cean, from

Wel... come, thrice welcome, il... lus... trious stranger. From the wild rage of o... cean, from

Wel... come, thrice welcome, il... lus... trious stranger. From the wild rage of o... cean, from

tem... pest and dan... ger, Welcome, thrice wel... come, il... lus... trious stranger.

tem... pest and dan... ger, Welcome, thrice wel... come, il... lus... trious stranger.

tem... pest and dan... ger, Welcome, thrice wel... come, il... lus... trious stranger.

Welcome, welcome Il... lus... trious stran... ger, Welcome, welcome il...

Welcome, welcome Il... lus... trious stran... ger, Welcome, welcome il...

Welcome, welcome Il... lus... trious stran... ger, Welcome, welcome il...

lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome, il lustrious stranger,

lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome, il lustrious stranger,

lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome, il lustrious stranger,

il lustrious stran-ger, il lustrious stran-ger.

il lustrious stran-ger, il lustrious stran-ger. BOWBELL.

il lustrious stran-ger, il lustrious stran-ger. How vast-ly polite you o-ver

GIMBO.

What a glo-rious sight! Fate has ven-ted its spite,

pow'r me quite. How

What a glo...rious sight! What a
What a glo...rious sight! What a
vast...ly polite You over pow'r me quite! You o-ver pow'r me,
glo...rious sight!
glo...rious sight! And now all your days will be
You o-ver pow'r me,
And now all your days will be fill'd with delight.
fill'd with de light, And now all your days will be fill'd with delight.
And now all my days will be fill'd with delight.

Here is your Palanquin will

Here is your Pa-lanquin will you please to step in.

Here is my Palanquin will

you please to step in.

His Ma-jesty or-ders our march to be gin, His Majes-ty

I please to step in.

or-ders our march to be gin. You'll follow the King while his ministers sing

From the wild rage, &c.

CORO.

From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice welcome, il...

From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice welcome, il...

From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice welcome, il...

...lustrious stranger. From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice

...lustrious stranger. From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice

...lustrious stranger. From the wild rage of ocean, from tempest and danger, Welcome thrice

welcome, il...lus...trious stranger, Welcome, welcome Il...lustrious stranger.

welcome, il...lus...trious stranger, Welcome, welcome Il...lustrious stranger.

welcome, il...lus...trious stranger, Welcome, welcome Il...lustrious stranger.

Welcome, welcome il...lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome il...
 Welcome, welcome il...lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome il...
 Welcome, welcome il...lustrious stranger. Welcome, welcome, welcome, welcome il...

lus...trious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger.
 lus...trious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger.
 lus...trious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger, il...lustrious stran...ger.

From the wild rage, &c. (63) Nathan.

When she said farewell.

Written by James Kenney, Esq.

Composed by L. Nathan.

VOICE.

ANDANTINO AFFETTUOSO.

PIANO

FORTE.

The first system of the musical score. It consists of a single staff for the voice and a grand staff for the piano. The piano part is marked 'PIANO' and 'FORTE'. The tempo and mood are indicated as 'ANDANTINO AFFETTUOSO'.

The second system of the musical score. It continues the voice and piano parts from the first system. The piano part features a trill (tr) and a sixteenth note (6) in the right hand.

The third system of the musical score. It continues the voice and piano parts. The lyrics are written below the voice staff.

When she said fare...well for e...ver, Her sad words pro...phe...tic prov'd,

When she said &c,

(63)

Nathan.

Shall we meet a_____gain? oh, never! Have we not too fond_ly lov'd?

When she said fare_well for e____ver, Her sad words pro____phe_tic provid,

Shall we meet a_____gain? oh, ne____ver! Have we not too fond_ly lov'd?

Have we not too fond_ly lov'd? too fond_ly lov'd, too fond____ly lov'd.

The first system of music consists of a vocal line on a single staff and a piano accompaniment on two staves. The key signature has two flats (B-flat major). The vocal line begins with a whole rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note bass line and a more complex treble line with chords and moving lines.

Then since now de...nied to che_rish, Love thou ne_ver more canst share,

The second system continues the musical piece. The vocal line has a melodic line with some grace notes. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines in both staves.

Like my hopes let memory perish, And ob_li_vion sooth des_pair.

The third system shows the vocal line with a melodic line and the piano accompaniment continuing with chords and moving lines.

Like my hopes let me-mo-ry pe_rish, And ob_li_vion sooth des_pair.

The fourth system concludes the musical piece on this page. The vocal line ends with a trill (tr) and a half note. The piano accompaniment ends with a final chord.

Shall we meet a...gain? oh, ne...ver! Have we not too
fond...ly lov'd? Have we not too fond...ly lov'd? too
fond...ly lov'd, too fond...ly lov'd.
When she said &c.

TO CATCH MY SUKEY'S SIGHS,

(Sung by)

MR L I S T O N,

In the highly popular Operatic Piece of

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,

Performed at the

Theatre Royal, Drury Lane,

written by J. KENNEDY ESQ.

The Music by

I. N A T H A N.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 1/6.

London Published by J. FENTON, N^o 78, Strand.

ANDANTINO

8va

Wind Instruments.

loco

ff

To catch my Sukeys sighs, I lis_tend at her door.

Where oh! to my sur-prize, I heard my Su-key snore;

ff

I heard my Su-key snore; It

Dolce.

ff

was not like the breeze, Which the rust-ling grove blows o'er; And

murmurs thro' the trees, No no 'twas a down-right roar: I

Flute.

ff

To catch my Sukeys' sighs.

(63)

Nathan.

heard my Su-key snore, I heard my Su-key snore, It was a downright

roar. No lon-ger could I stay, But

fled in grie-vous plight.... For the maid who talks all day, Ought

not to snore all night; Ought not to snore all night:

To catch my Sukeys sighs.

(63)

Nathar.

Dolce.

But now my fears are flown, A

Prin-cess I a-dore. And ne-ver yet was known, A

Flute. *ff*

Royal nose to snore, No Royal nose can snore, No Roy-al nose can

snore, A Roy-al nose cant snore.

In the vigils of Night.

Written by James Kenney Esq.

Composed by L. Nathan

VOICE.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

PIANO

FORTE.

In the vigils of night when anxiety hearkens To time stealing

slowly to banish our woe. To

p
time stealing slowly to banish our woe, To banish, to banish, to

banish our woe; Ah!

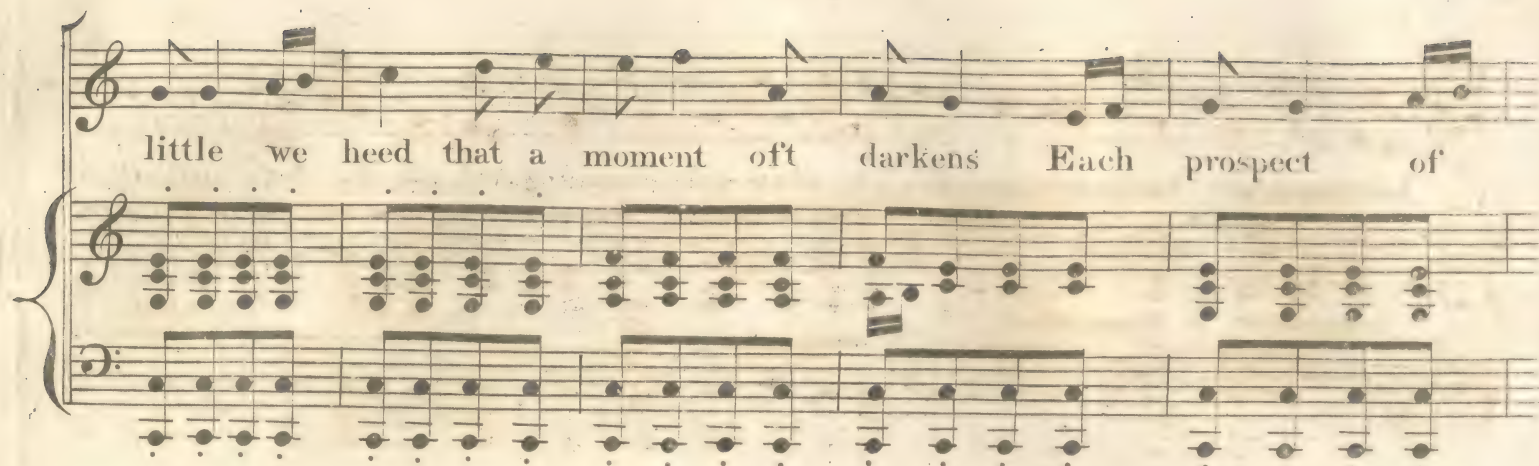
little we heed that a moment oft darkens Each prospect of pleasure that

ad lib.
hope can bestow, that hope can bestow, that hope can bestow. Ah!

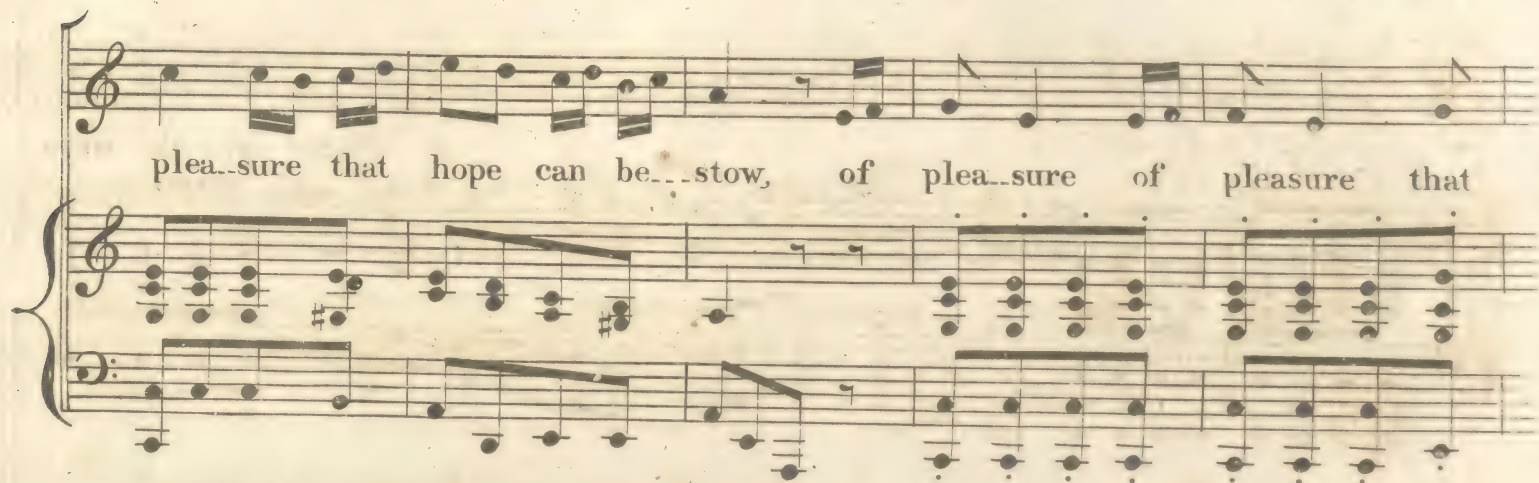
In the vigils of night.

(63)

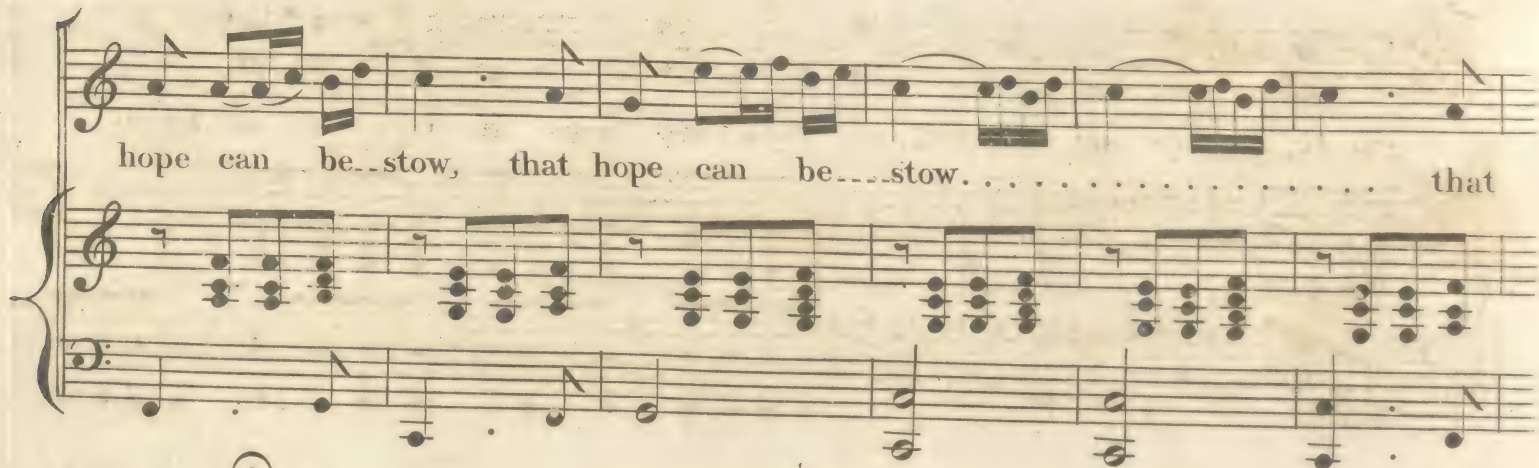
Nathan.



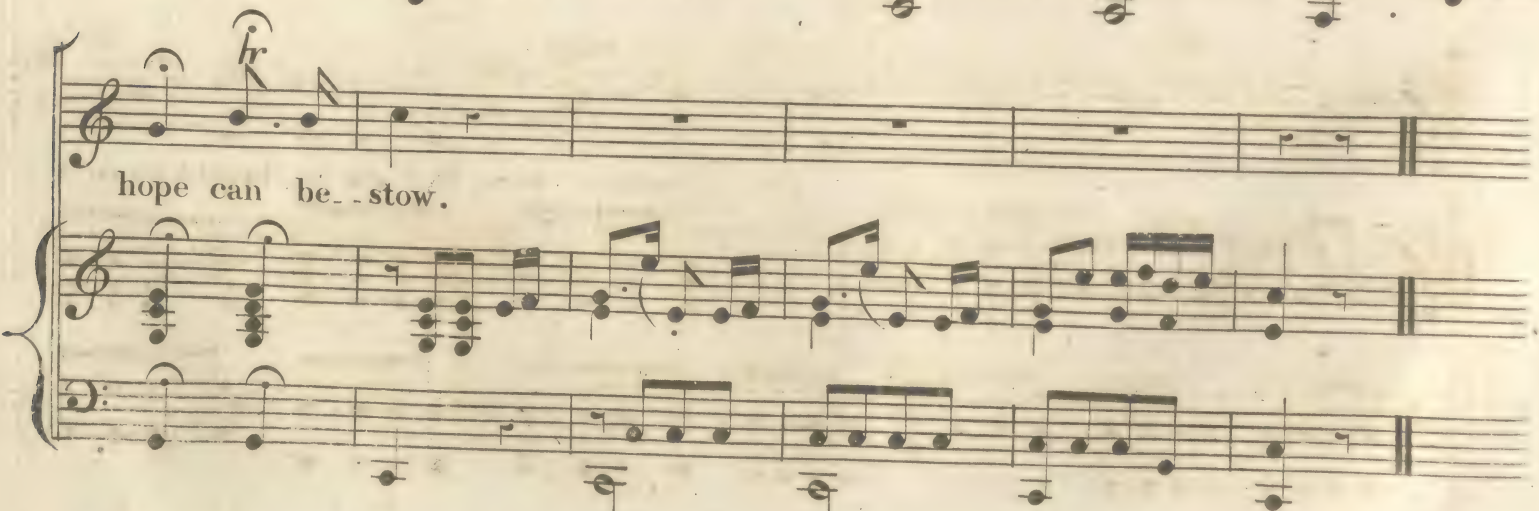
little we heed that a moment oft darkens Each prospect of



plea-sure that hope can be-stow, of plea-sure of pleasure that



hope can be-stow, that hope can be-stow. that

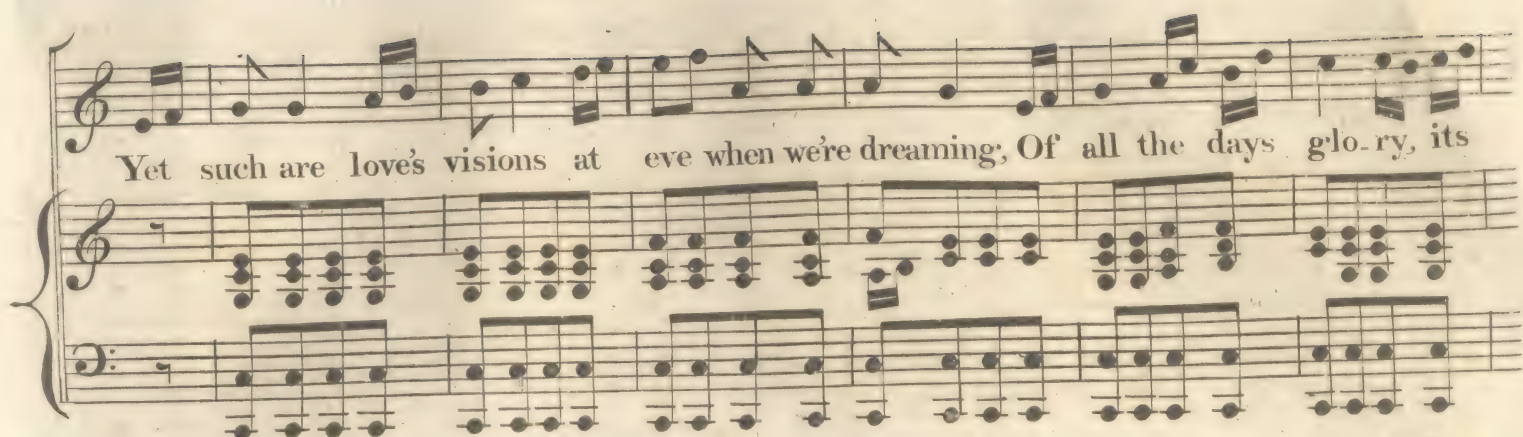


hope can be-stow.

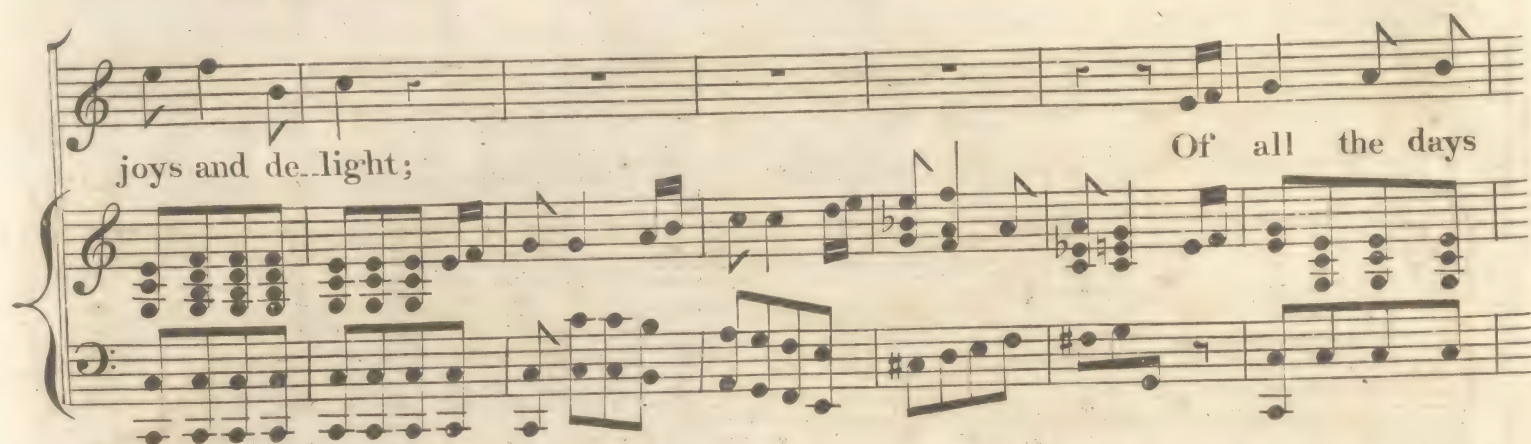
In the vigils of night.

(63)

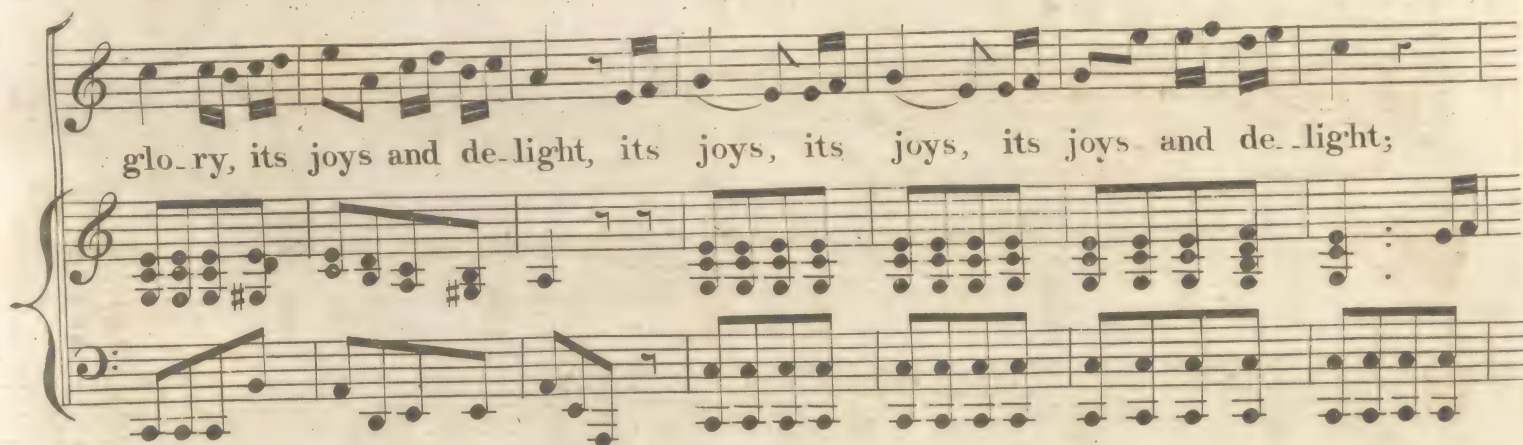
Nathan.



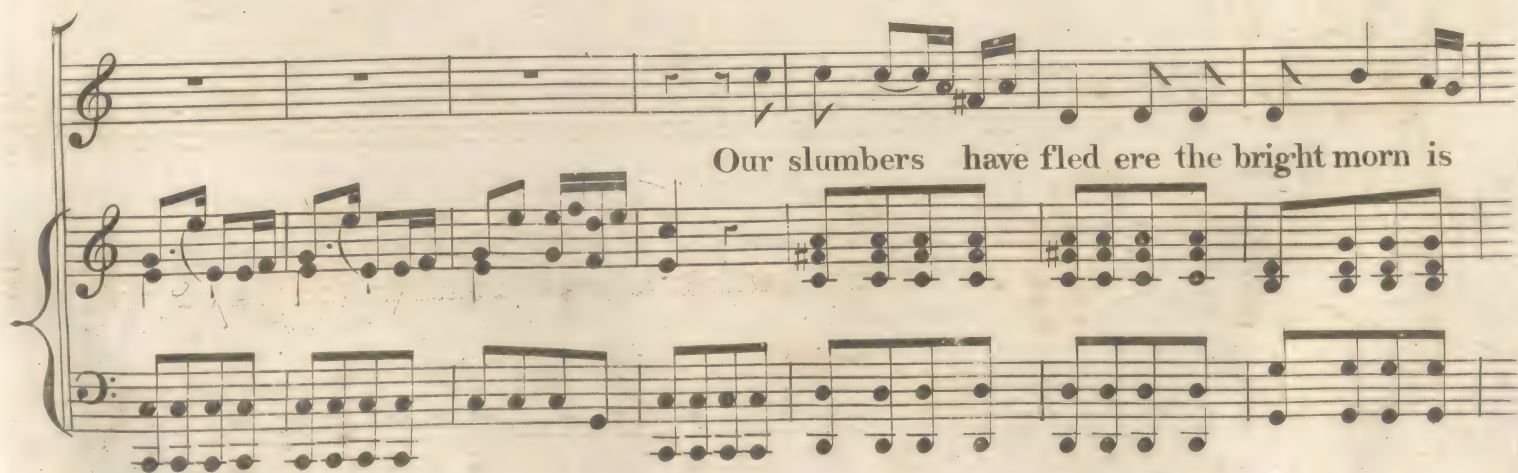
Yet such are love's visions at eve when we're dreaming, Of all the days glo-ry, its



joys and de-light; Of all the days



glo-ry, its joys and de-light, its joys, its joys, its joys and de-light;



Our slumbers have fled ere the bright morn is

beaming, And tears trickle o'er the fond smiles of the night, the fond smiles of the

night, the fond smiles of the night. Ah! little we heed that a moment oft

darkens Each prospect of pleasure that hope can be-stow, of pleasure of

pleasure that hope can be-stow, that hope can be-stow.....

.... that hope can be-stow.

In the vigils of night.

THE PALLID CHEEK.

Sung with distinguished marks of approbation

BY

MR BLAND,

in the highly popular Operatic Farce of

THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER.

at the

THEATRE ROYAL, DRURY LANE.

written by J. Kenney Esq^r.

THE MUSIC BY

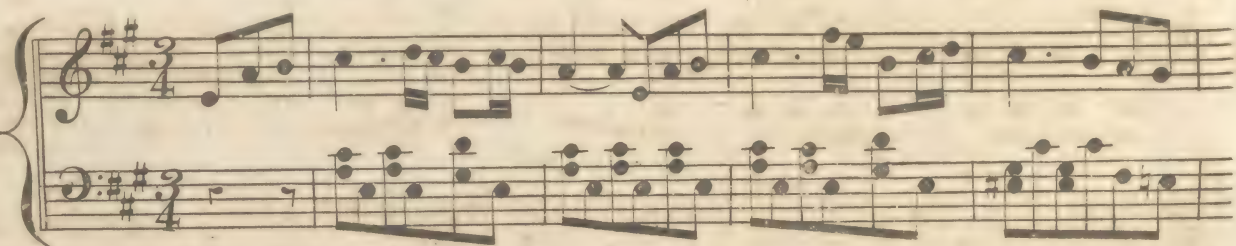
I . NATHAN .

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Pr. 2^d

London, Published by J. FENTUM, N^o 78, Strand.

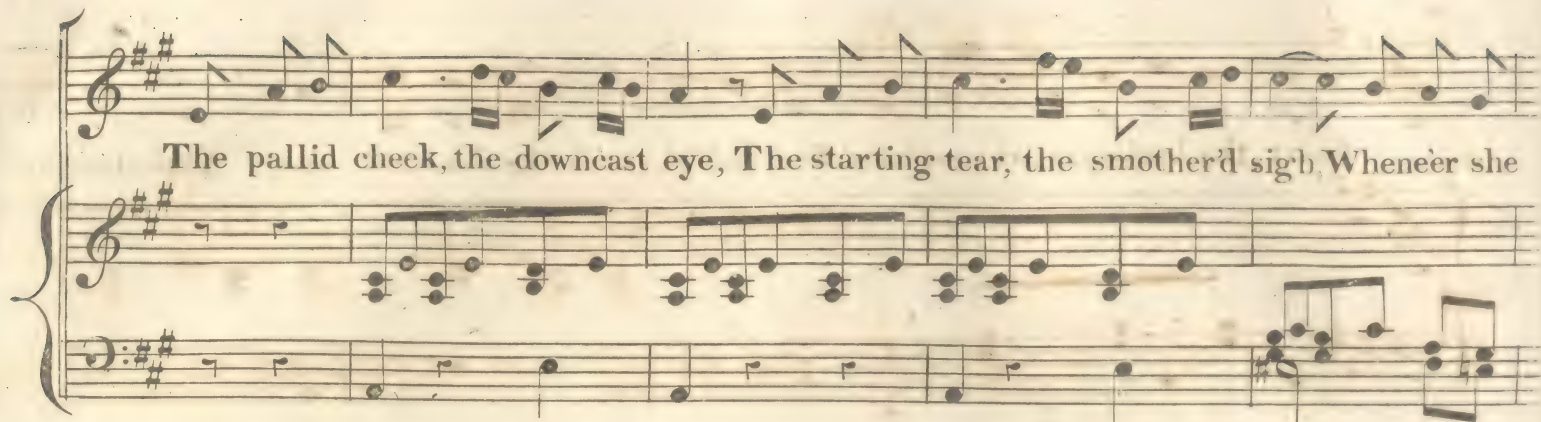
ANIMATO
ma non troppo
PRESTO.



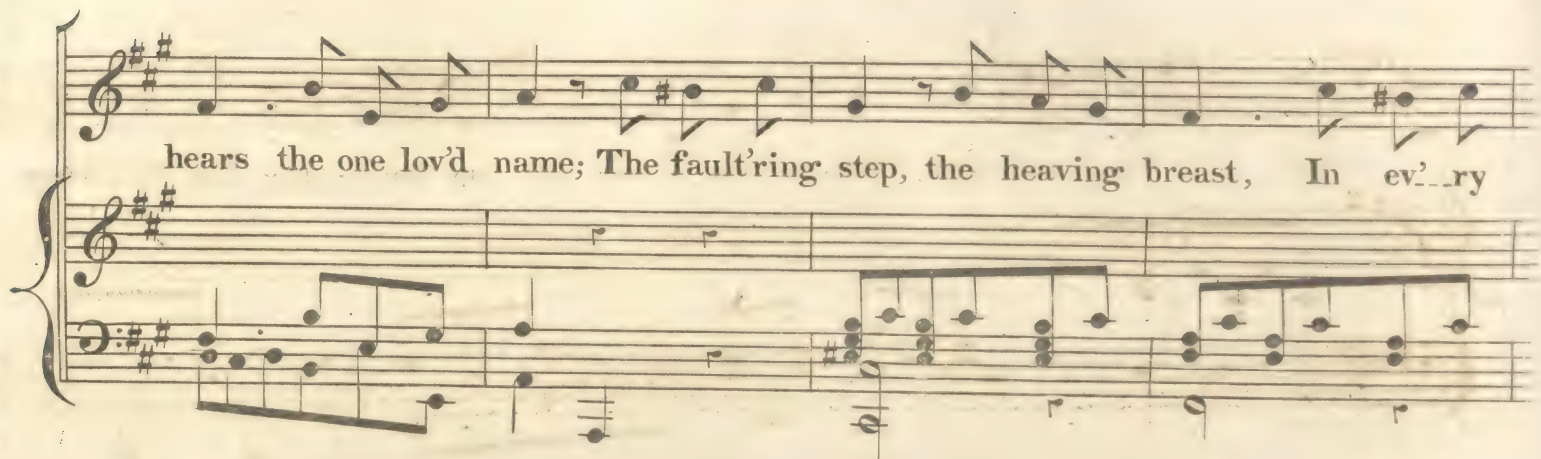
The pallid cheek.

(63)

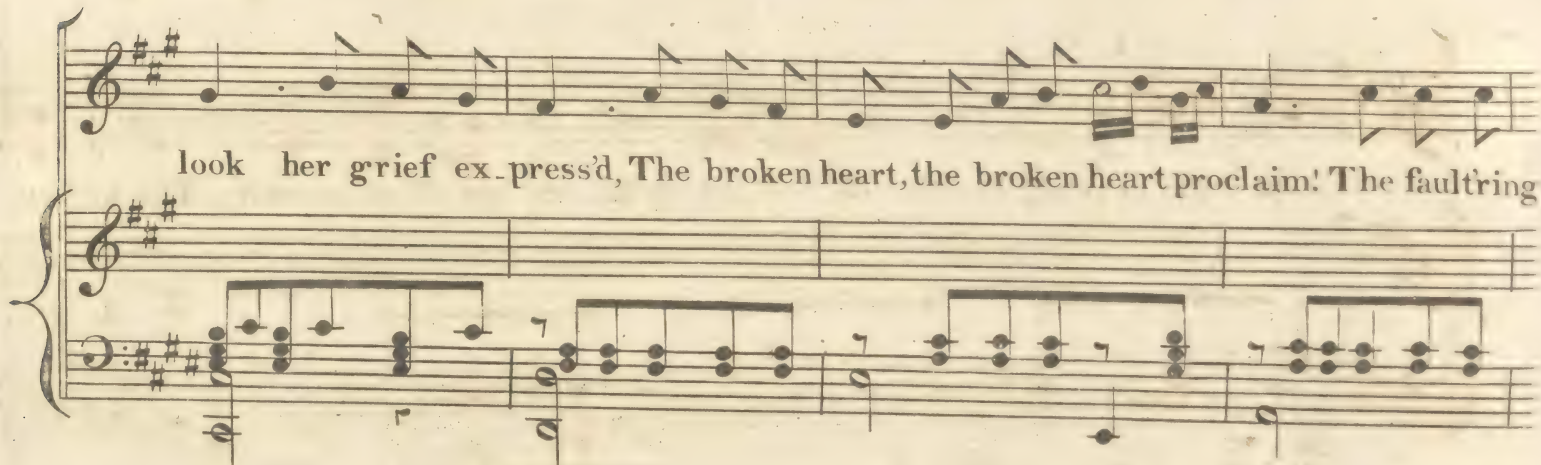
Nathan.



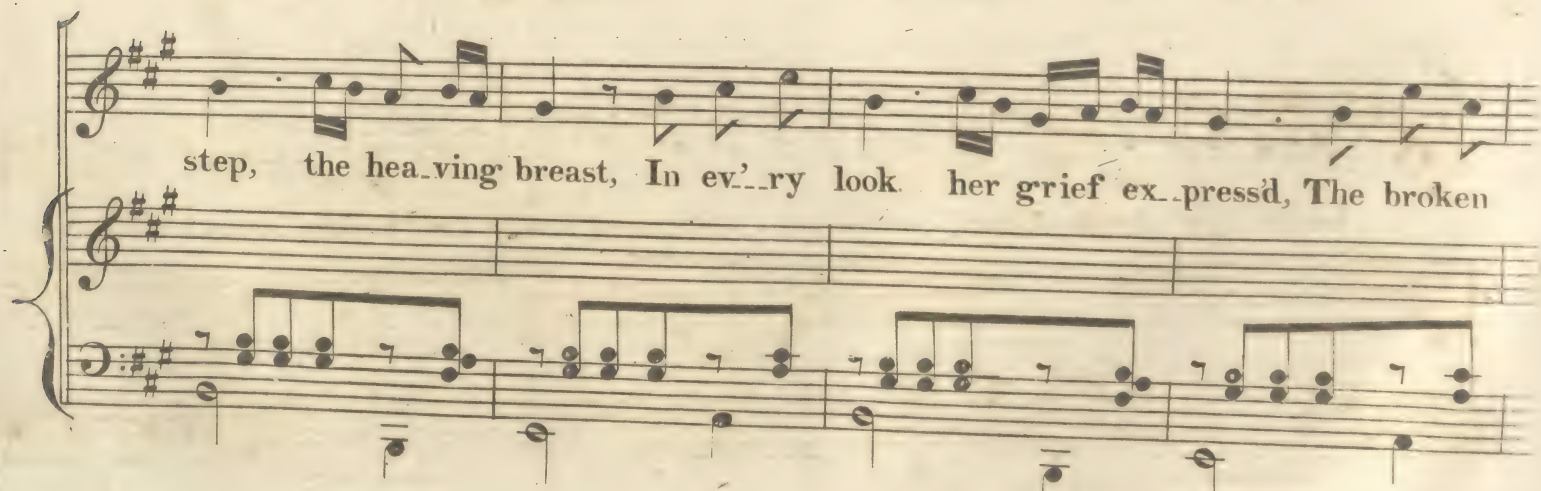
The pallid cheek, the downcast eye, The starting tear, the smother'd sigh, When'er she



hears the one lov'd name; The fault'ring step, the heaving breast, In ev'ry



look her grief ex-press'd, The broken heart, the broken heart proclaim! The fault'ring



step, the heaving breast, In ev'ry look her grief ex-press'd, The broken

heart, the broken heart proclaim! The pallid cheek, the downcast eye, The starting

tear, the smother'd sigh, Whene'er she hears the one lov'd name; The fault'ring

step, the heaving breast, In ev'ry look her grief express'd; The broken

heart, the broken heart proclaim, the broken heart, the broken heart, the broken

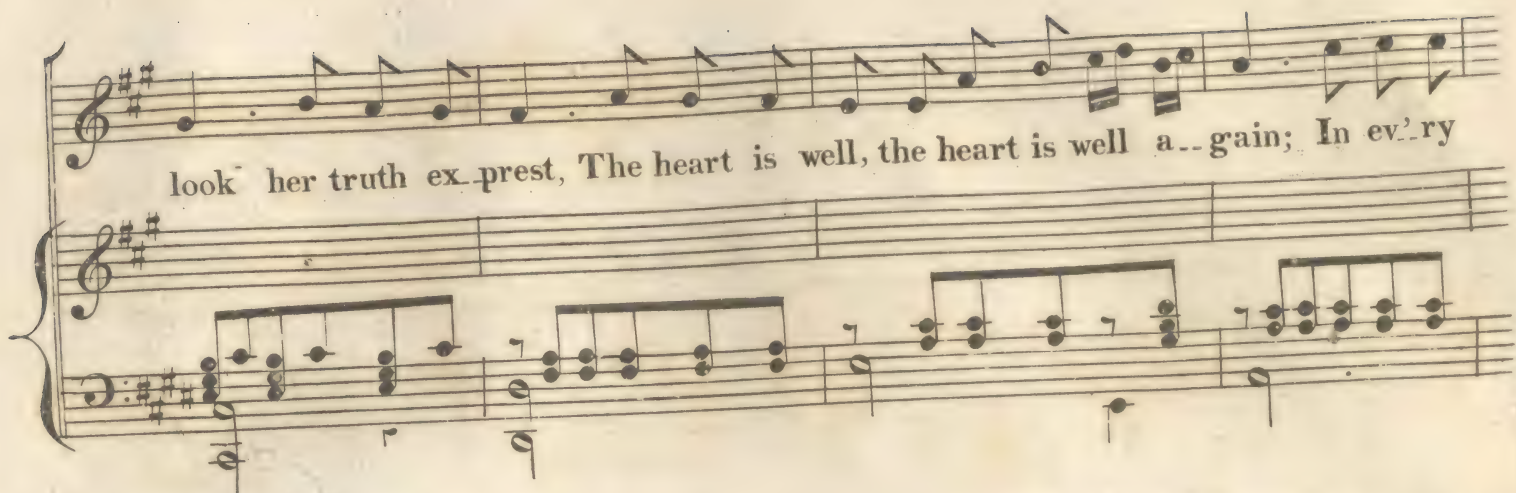
heart pro...claim!

A cheerful

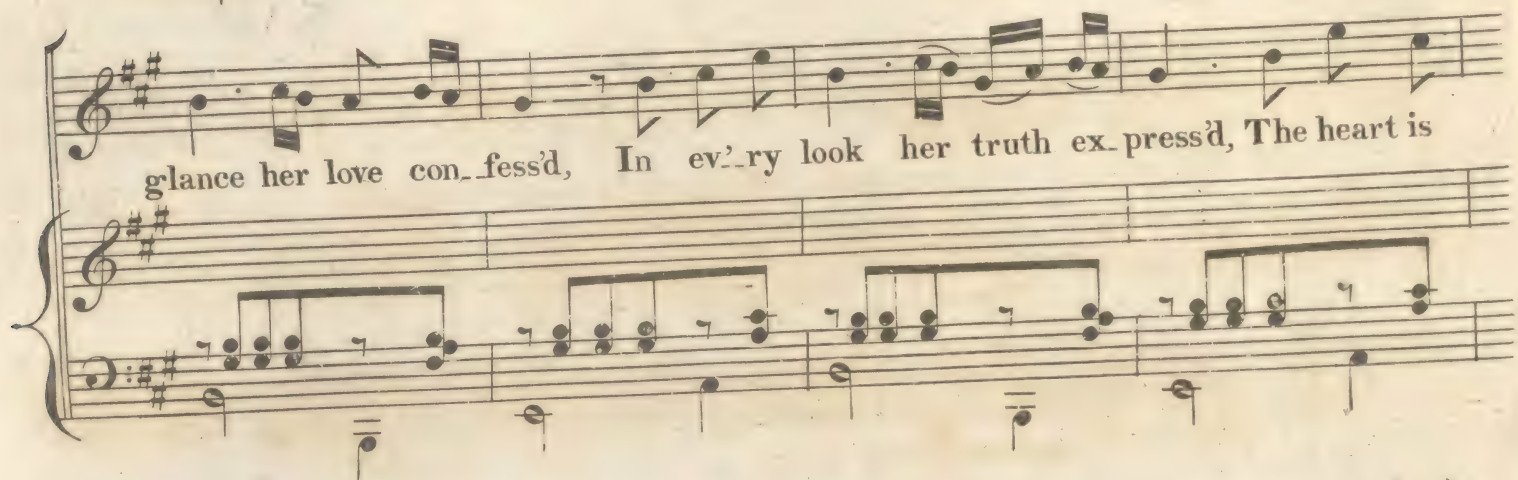
smile, a vi-vid eye, The co-ral lip, the soothing sigh, To welcome

him who shares her pain, In ev'ry glance her love con-fest, In ev'ry

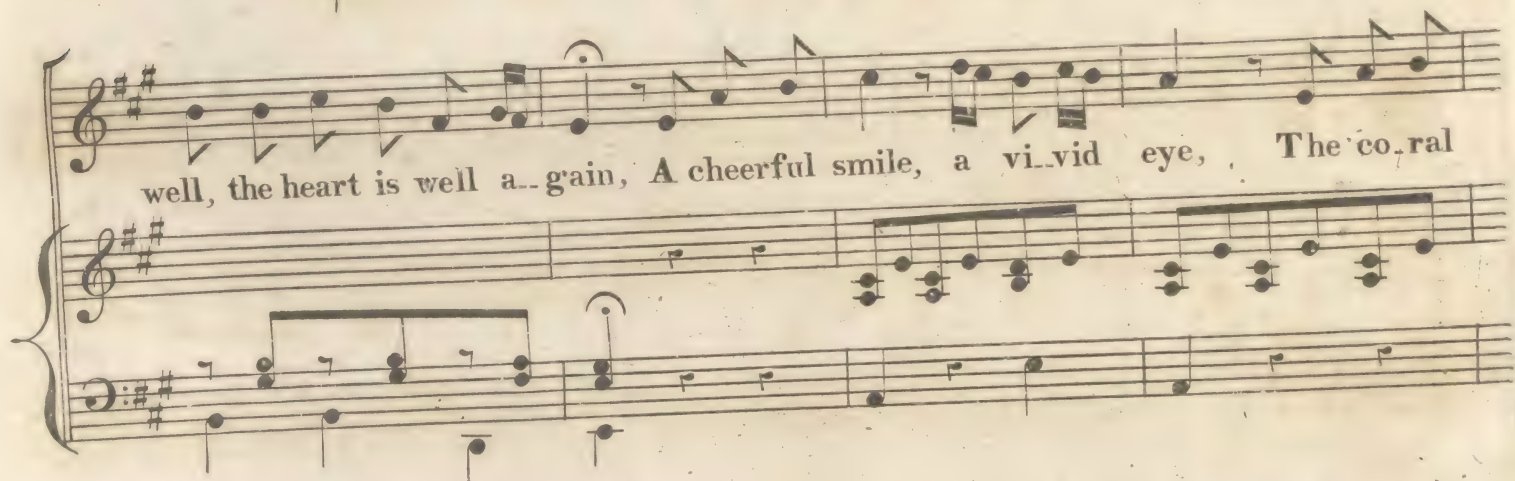
The pallid cheek.



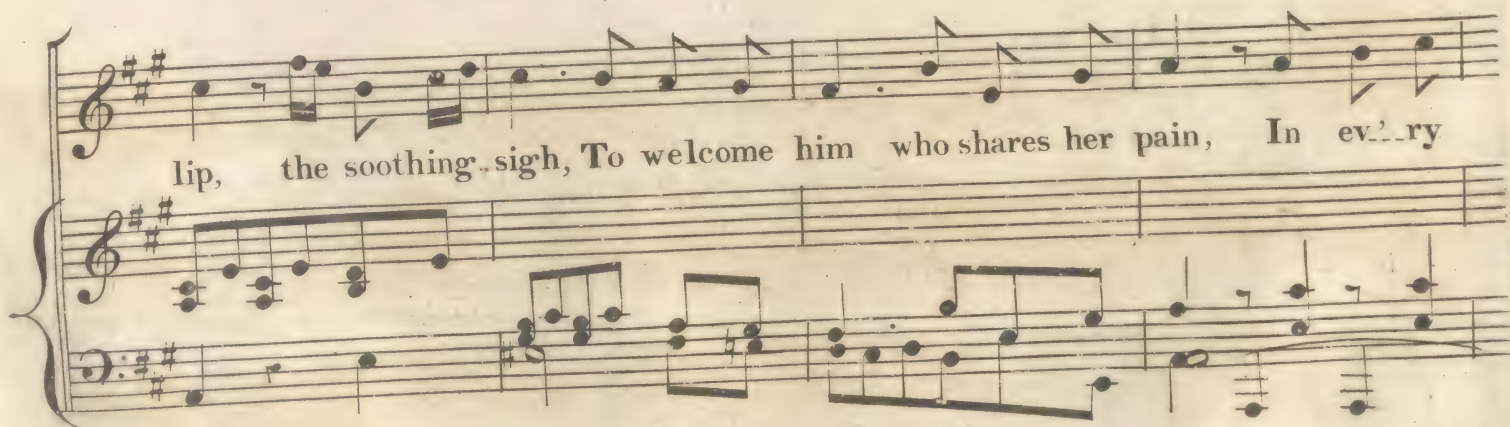
look her truth ex-press'd, The heart is well, the heart is well a-gain; In ev'ry



glance her love con-fess'd, In ev'ry look her truth ex-press'd, The heart is



well, the heart is well a-gain, A cheerful smile, a vi-vid eye, The co-ral



lip, the soothing sigh, To welcome him who shares her pain, In ev'ry

glance her love con-fess'd, In ev'ry look her truth ex-press'd, The heart is

well, the heart is well a-gain, The heart is well, the heart is well, the heart is

well a-gain.

The pallid cheek.

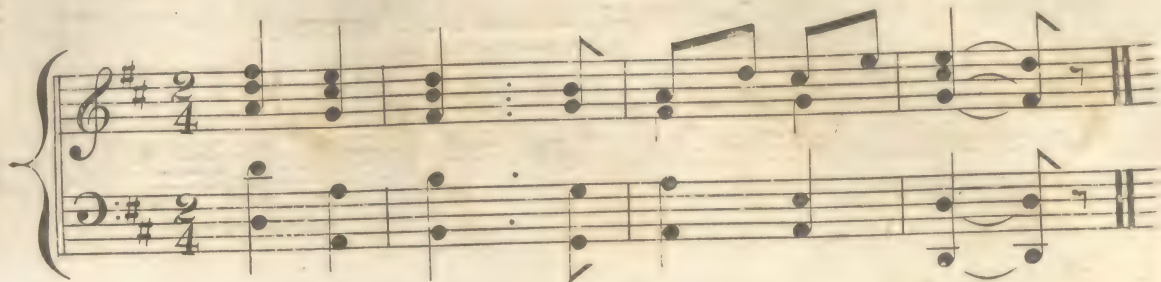
The musical score consists of four systems. Each system has a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature is D major (two sharps). The time signature is not explicitly shown but appears to be common time. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The piano accompaniment features various musical notations including eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and chords. The score ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Hope once more.

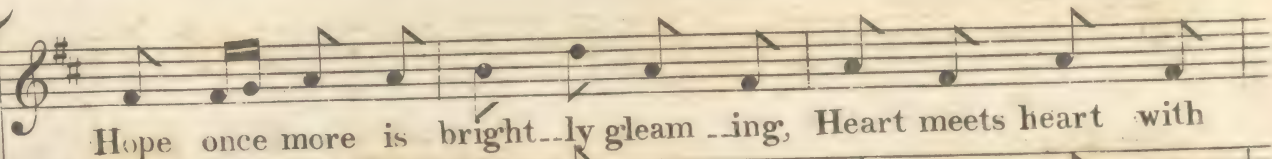
Written by J. Kenney Esq.^r

Composed by I. Nathan.

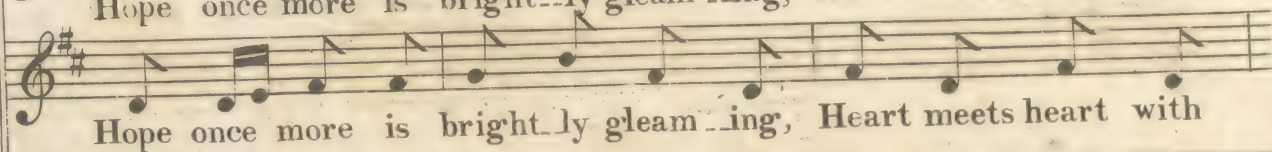
Light & Playful.



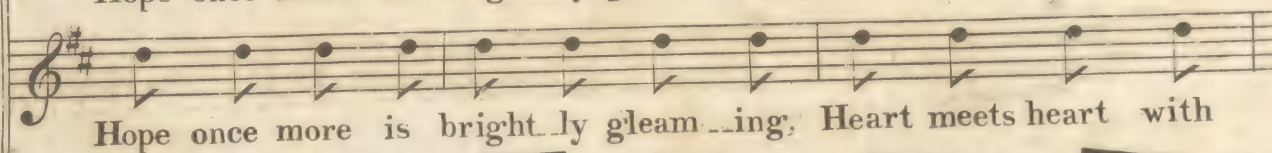
IRZA.



FATIMA.

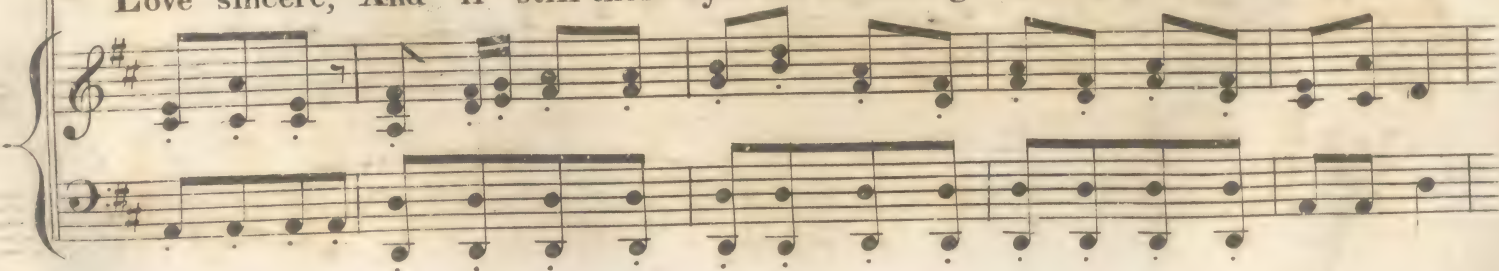
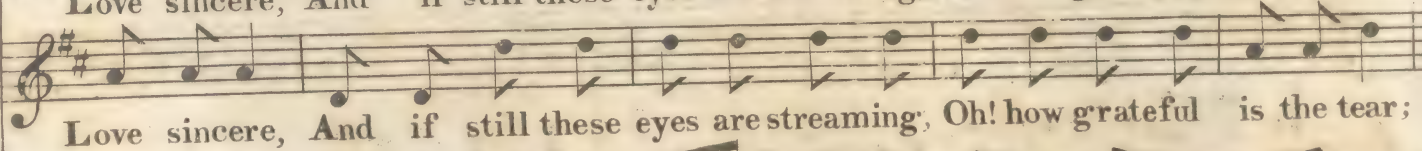
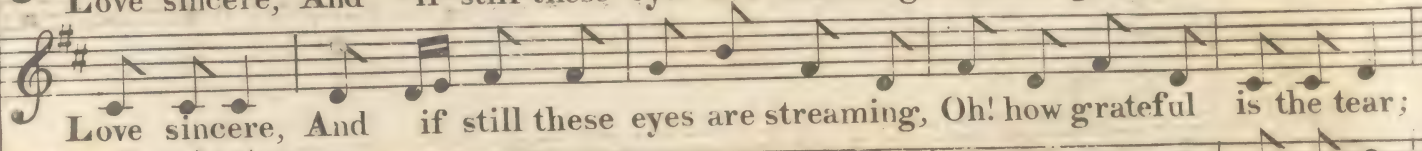
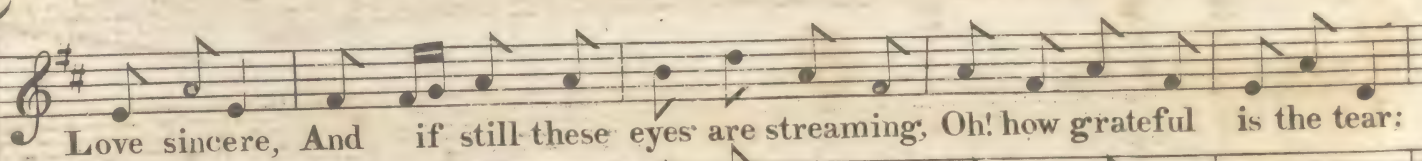
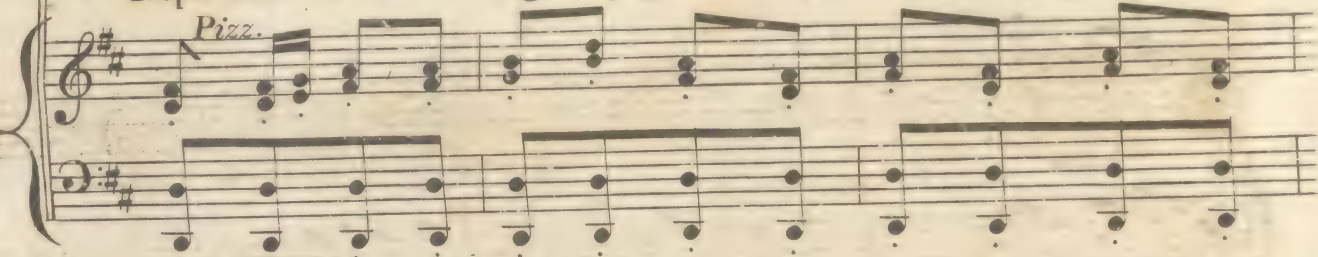


AZAN.



PIANO

FORTE.



Hope once more, &c.

Long in ur'd to hope less pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Long in ur'd to hope less pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Long in ur'd to hope less pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;

Long in ur'd to hope less pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Long in ur'd to hope less pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Long in ur'd to hopeless pain, Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;

Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain; Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain; Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;
Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain; Seem'd I ne'er should weep a gain;

Oh! how grateful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear,
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear,
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful,
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful
Oh! how grateful is the tear, Oh! how grateful is the tear,
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear,
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear.
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear.
Oh! how grate-ful is the tear.

Oh! how grateful is the tear, how grateful is the tear. Hope once more is

Oh! how grateful is the tear, how grateful is the tear. Hope once more is

Oh! how grateful is the tear, how grateful is the tear. Hope once more is

The first system of the musical score features three vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, and Tenor) and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The lyrics are repeated for each voice part.

brightly gleaming, Heart meets heart with Love sincere, And if still these

brightly gleaming, Heart meets heart with Love sincere, And if still these

brightly gleaming, Heart meets heart with Love sincere, And if still these

The second system continues the musical score with the same three vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are repeated for each voice part.

eyes are stream-ing, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear.

eyes are stream-ing, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear. Oh! how grate-ful

eyes are stream-ing, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear. Oh! how grate-ful

The third system concludes the musical score on this page. It features the same three vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are repeated for each voice part.

Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, How grate-ful is the
is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, How grate-ful is the
is the tear, Oh! how grate-ful is the tear, How grateful is the

tear, How grate-ful is the tear, How grateful is... the tear.
tear, How grate-ful is the tear, How grateful is... the tear.
tear, How grate-ful is the tear, How grateful is the tear.

Hope once more, &c.

GRAVE.

Solo Flute e Fagotti. Violin. Flute e Fagotti.

Vll?

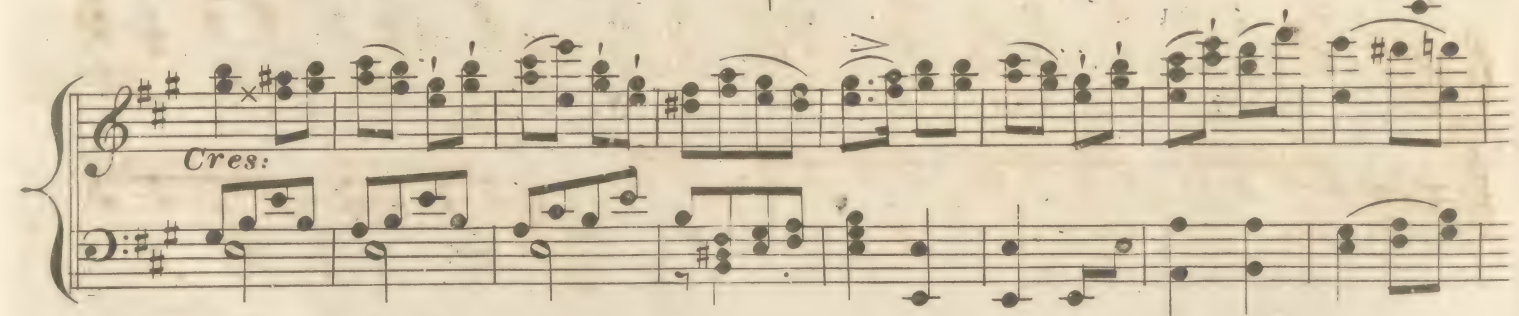
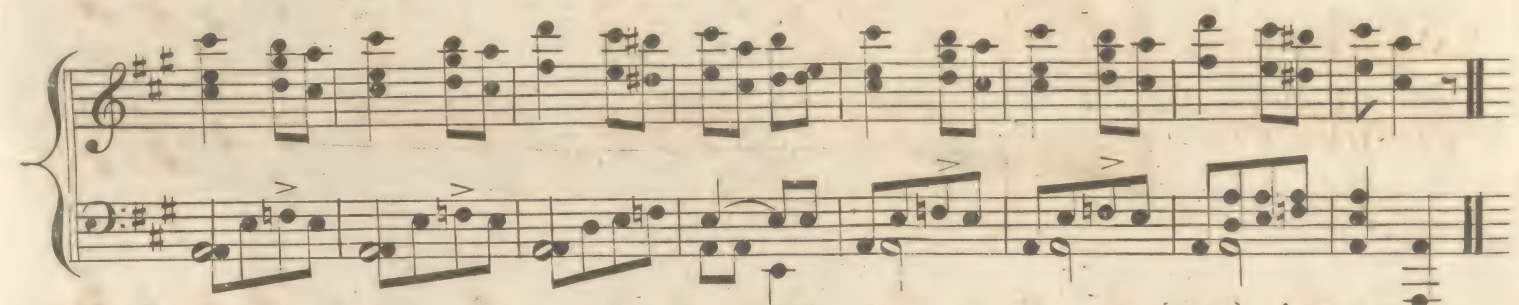
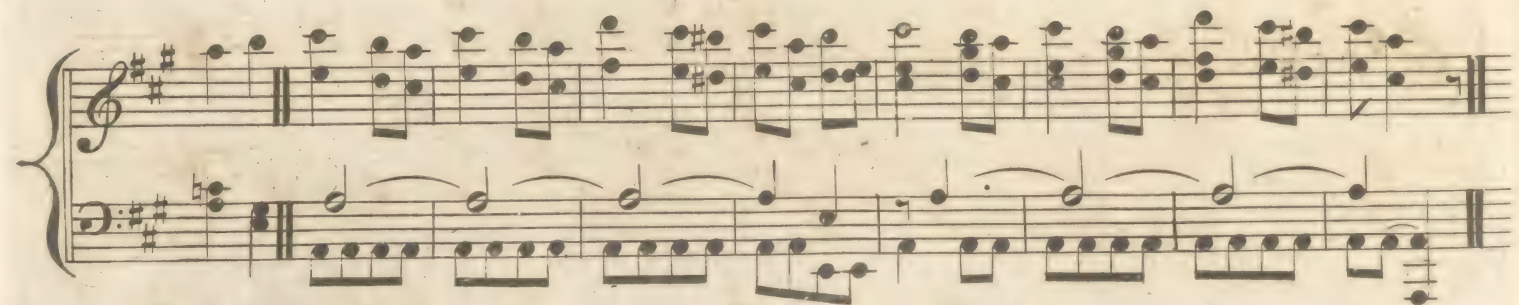
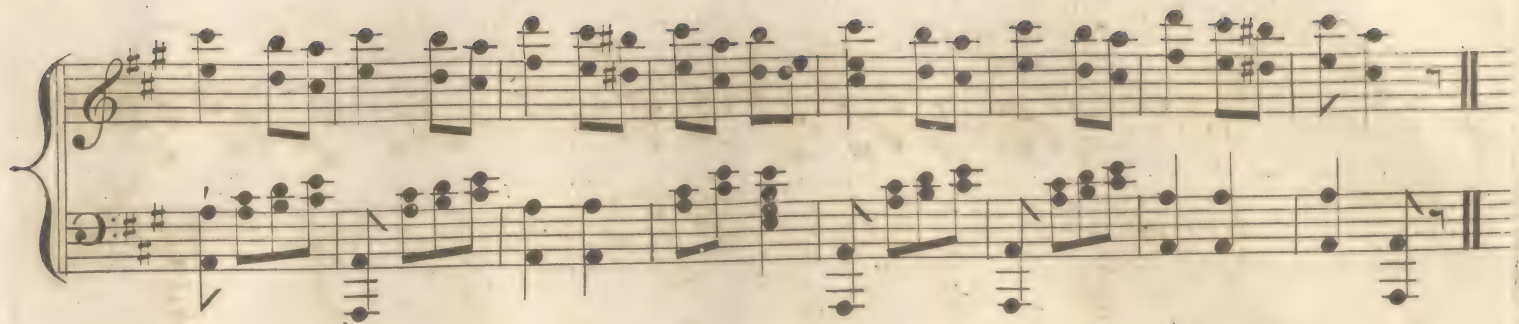
Clar. Flute e Fagotti. 1st time.

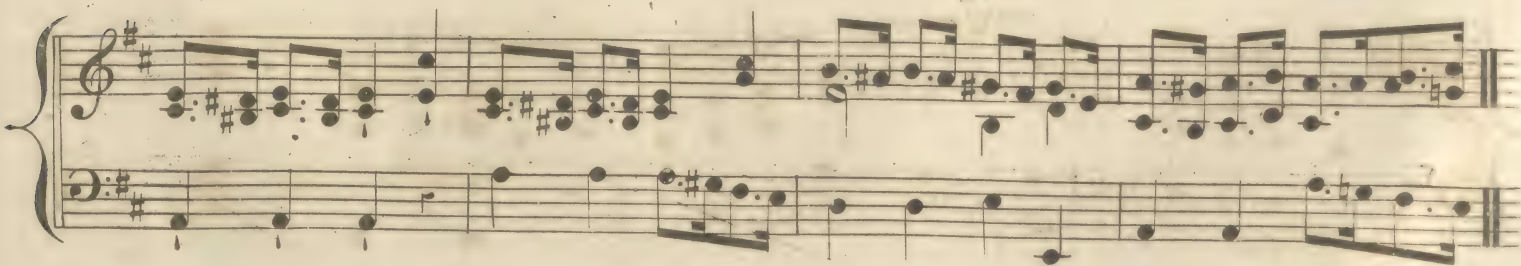
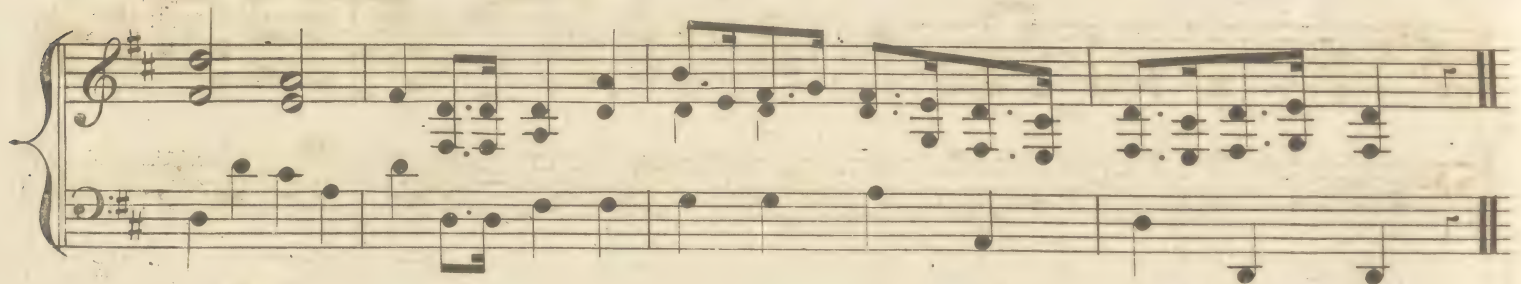
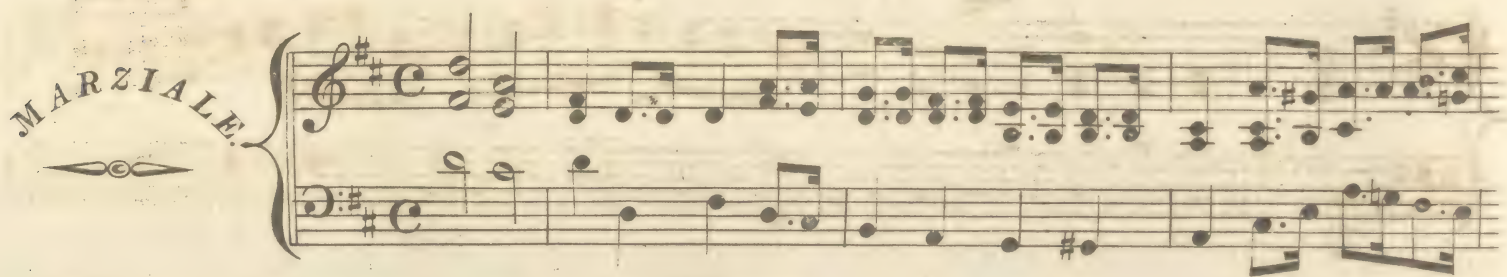
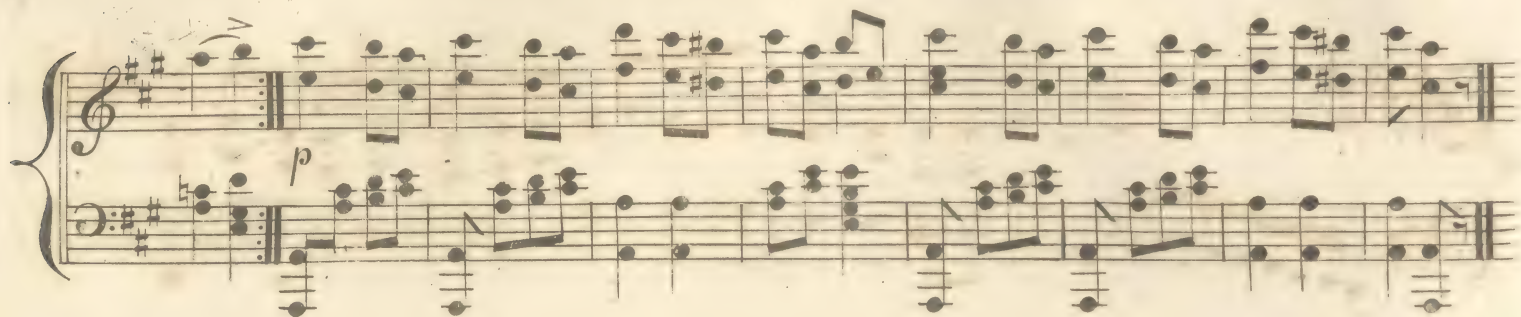
2d time.

ANDANTINO

ALLEGRETTO.

Cres:





The musical score is written for a piano or organ, consisting of six systems of grand staves. Each system has a treble staff and a bass staff. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 2/4. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots at the end of the sixth system.

Songs, Duets, Glees, &c.
 IN THE OPERATIC FARCE OF
THE ILLUSTRIOUS STRANGER,
 AS PERFORMED AT THE
THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE.

OVERTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	0
Song,—In the Vigils of Night	-	-	-	-	sung by MRS. GEESIN	-	2	0
Love and Folly	-	-	-	-	MISS LOVE	-	2	0
The Palid Cheek	-	-	-	-	MR. BLAND	-	2	0
When she said farewell	-	-	-	-	MR. BLAND	-	2	0
Mr. Dolus	-	-	-	-	MR. HARLEY	-	1	6
To catch my Sukey's sighs	-	-	-	-	MR. LISTON	-	1	6
I weep for the hour	-	-	-	-	MR. LISTON	-	1	6
Duet,—No Mr. Gimbo	-	-	-	-	MISS LOVE & MR. HARLEY	-	2	6
Glee,—Hope once more	-	-	-	-	MRS. GEESIN, MISS LOVE, & MR. BLAND	-	2	0

Choruses, Dirge, Marches, &c. &c.

Just Published.

What a Lover should be	-	-	-	-	sung by MADAME VESTRIS	-	2	0
Ah! well I know	-	-	-	-	MADAME VESTRIS	-	2	0
Come away little Fly	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0
The celebrated Ballad "Why are you wandering here I pray," with Variations for the Piano-Forte	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	0

Also lately Published,

AN ENTIRE NEW EDITION OF

THE HEBREW MELODIES,

*Newly arranged, corrected, and revised, with additional Airs, harmonized and interspersed with
 Conversations and Original Anecdotes of Lord Byron.—Numbers 1 and 2,—15s. each.*

MR. NATHAN has left a copy of his Orchestra arrangements of the Music in his Operas of
 "The Illustrious Stranger," "The Alcaid," and "Sweethearts and Wives;" for the accom-
 modation of those who may be desirous of possessing any of the parts, with MR. GOODWIN,
 Music Publisher, 12, York Street, Covent Garden,—which may be obtained by merely
 defraying the expences of copying; where may also be had, the whole of Mr. Nathan's
 Compositions.

Nathan



